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Portent

By George O'Neil

SO still the hour was and the sky so gray,
It almost seemed that there could never be
Again a green and blue and golden day
When wind would curl the silver from the sea.

The birds went out in silent wheeling flocks . . . We watched the wonder on the water wrought By curtain mist; and by the far blurred rocks We saw a gray ship that the calm had caught.

Only a high great crow flapping its wings Startled the stillness of the sultry air And vanished . . . and we spoke of trifling things To break a silence that we could not bear.

My fingers moved, scarcely touching your hand; And yet we did not stir to end the spell, For something that we could not understand Tolled in a dolorous and distant bell. . . .



Cheng Hi and the Window Framer

By Lord Dunsany

NE evening not far on in the Season of Fading of Willows, Hsu He and Peng Yuen went together to the garden of Cheng Hi and found him in contemplation of the beauty of the moon. And, having made little reverence, they asked of him each a question. And Hsu He asked him why he did not earn money, many silver pieces cut quite square, with a little hole in a corner that they might be worn on a string.

And Cheng Hi bowed upon receipt of the question, and wrinkled his fore-

head and gave thought to it.

Peng Yuen said:

"O Cheng Hi, without doubt thy garden is suitable, and honourable is thy contemplation of the beauty of the moon, but more suitable the ways of those that speak with the elders discussing the sugar crop and the way of the ships from Ching."

And Cheng Hi bowed and gave thought with greater vehemence to the question of Peng Yuen than even he had to the question asked by Hsu He.

And when no answer came for the space of an hour, both Hsu He and Peng Yuen bowed only once and withdrew. Then Cheng Hi rose and accompanied them.

And as all three made mutual protestation each of his own unworthiness to be in the company of the others, a custom that has been meet for three thou-

sand years: Time has passed over it and found no flaw in the custom; even as each in his turn and without interruption of others made his own unworthiness the theme of his eloquence, they came to the house of the builders, and beheld the window-framers at work on a window.

And when Cheng Hi perceived that this man would make a window he stopped and addressed him thus (Hsu

He and Peng Yuen listened):

"O worker in the evening, not thus does a man make broomsticks. But to make a broomstick a man having gone to the valley, and cut a willow in the season of willows, and seeing its shape is fair and having lopped its length to the length that a broomstick should be, which is exactly the height of a woman stooping, he rounds it and smooths it with a knife whose handle is ivory, and this he continues to do till the stick is round and seemly, smooth and white and pleasant, in itself an edification; lo then a broomstick."

And the man worked on at the window and made no answer, for he said

in his heart:

"This man is evidently a sage and therefore undoubtedly mad."

But Hsu He and Peng Yuen murmured one to another:

"One work for one man, for another man other work. This is the parable of Cheng Hi."



Love, the Murderer

(A Complete Novelette)

By G. Vere Tyler

CHAPTER I

R. MARVIN BRODERICK had the sort of personality that is distinctly felt, almost as a physical emanation. There was something remote, superior, even majestic about him. Down to the age of thirty-two he was never known to have exhibited the slightest sign of vulgar emotion. If he rejoiced at all, during those gay years, he rejoiced pianissimo and without outward symbol. If he hated, feared, hoped, repined, despaired, exulted or envied, it was done down in its deepest recesses and beneath the curtain of a mask-like and impenetrable manner. Well-to-do, charming, ruddily British, and anything but disagreeable in aspect, he had even managed to avoid falling in love.

In the presence of this Mr. Marvin Broderick, say, at his place near London, one felt, somehow, that a mind enormously well-oiled and wary, a brain incessantly alert and competent, had a firm grip upon the last, least tremor, vibration or weakness of his somewhat massive and assertively healthy body. His one desire in life, it was obvious, was to let nothing run away from him—to keep the reins firmly in his hands, whatever the assault of the seductions that surround so singularly ingratiating a young man.

To this end, because he delighted in the play of ideas and was apt to read intemperately, he laid out hours for that indulgence. Knowing that he was very fond of roast beef, he allowed it to be served to him but twice a week. Conscious—it having been rather conclusively revealed to him in his dealings with dogs, horses and servants—of a stealthily choleric temper, he kept watch over it with all the grim assiduity of a sentinel on duty. He seemed irrevocably bent, in fact, upon accomplishing the pleasing feat of being under all circumstances a man of complete self-control, of being without stint a mildly mannered man.

This kind of gentle life, of well-tempered reasoning, was placidly flattering to the amour propré of Mr. Broderick, but the real fact was that since his august arrival at the age of discretion there had been very little to ruffle him, or to make him other than the soberly contemplative, mildly mannered man he had elected to become.

Complete success at self-control. coupled with almost complete indifference to one's neighbor, is apt, of course, to make a man appear more than soberly contemplative and mildly mannered; in fact, it may not be going too far to say that it sometimes makes him seem downright dull. Dull, if that word be used in the sense of unresponsive, insensible to outside influences, inactive, stolid, is, in all probability, the term that the casual observer, more especially should the casual observer be an American, would have applied to Mr. Broderick. As a matter of fact, however, he was not dull, but deep, deep as a well. He was so busy thinking and keeping himself well in hand for his own delectation that—granting they be accepted as the gauge of a man's brilliance—he had no time for words.

He cared so little, in truth, about his neighbor, and so much about himself, that it irritated him to be called upon to make conversation, as to expend that kind of sympathy so strongly decried by his quiet friend, Friedrich Nietzsche, with whom he spent many hours. He preferred to be stupid concerning what surrounded him, what pertained to others, and peculiarly alert to what pertained to himself. What did pertain to himself was sufficient for him.

Two thoughts occupied him chiefly: how not to be taken advantage of, and how, if need be, to take advantage. He had long since decided that man was a thinking animal and that a thinking animal must accept anything, swallow any medicine, if by so doing an advantage may accrue to the thinking animal. He was a product, no doubt, of hundreds of years of that kind of thinking on the part of his ancestors. It was so natural that he was scarcely conscious of it. The "hot-headed" American he regarded as a prattling child, but he kept in mind the Biblical warning that out of the mouths of babes come words of wisdom.

He had an undefined way of making one uncomfortable, but this was not intentional. He cared nothing about one's comfort. He was not unkindly disposed, but indifferent. One might have ideals, dreams, purposes. What he asked was simply not to be bothered with that sort of thing. All that he demanded was that one refrain from flaunting one's self in his presence, or trying to push him to the wall. Should a chance acquaintance persist, dare to persist in this, and should he be so unfortunate as to prove able to carry his aim, Mr. Broderick had stored away kitchen utensils that he was not ashamed to throw.

So consoling was all that he found latent, or expressed, in his own personality, that he respected a stranger in proportion to that stranger's ability to control himself as he did, and to protect himself as he did from the onslaughts and attacks of a troublesome

and designing world. But he never feared anyone. In his mind one might be, and that quite calmly, ignored; on the other hand, it lay within the possibilities that one might be used.

CHAPTER II

Having reviewed, and let it be hoped not too relentlessly, Mr. Broderick mentally, let us review his physical mode of existence for almost any eve-

ning of almost any year.

At eight-thirty—had we not better say nearer on to nine?—he had just dined. The table, however, had not yet been entirely cleared away. Some silver and glass remained on it; the wine decanters, solid old remnants of outlived generations, had their accustomed place. Mr. Broderick scarcely touched wine, but the butler would as soon have laid the table without the cloth as without the wine glasses and the old bottles.

It was a part of Mr. Broderick's life to see those wine bottles and the gold and crimson liquids they contained. They were in keeping with the purple silk hangings over the windows, and the faded tapestries; they were a part of the high-backed hand-carved chairs and the massive table with lions' paws well planted on the carpet; they were a part of the cut glass and silver flower-holder, that was three feet high and that was always, winter and summer, filled with flowers that grew in the garden or conservatory and never anywhere else.

The room was as large and as deep as a good-sized hall. It had been magnificent, and many gay scenes had been enacted within its walls. But the gay people were long since dead—and tapestries and silks and rugs fade with the centuries. And so, where once all was magnificence and splendor, now it was time-mellowed and dimmed. The atmosphere, however, suited Mr. Broderick. There was pathos in both—the young old man, and the old, old place patiently housing youth.

Mr. Broderick, being so sufficient

unto himself, had very few acquaintances, and only one who could lay claim
to being called his friend. Nothing
could possibly mark a sharper contrast
than these two. As Mr. Broderick was
grave, serious, inclined to moroseness
even, his friend, Hal Everett by name,
was joyous, buoyant, full of rampant
hope and good spirits. Deep down in
his heart, way back in his head, Mr.
Broderick loved his friend Hal Everett. Hal Everett, in the front as well
as the back of his head, loved Mr.
Broderick.

To prove in what high esteem Mr. Broderick held his friend they sometimes had arguments. By far the most fiery one they ever had preceded what Mr. Broderick considered Everett's erratic and disgraceful departure for America some six years before. While on his subsequent visits to England, their friendship continued, or at least appeared to continue on the same lines, Mr. Broderick did not feel quite the same. He was, in fact, more true to

the past than to the present.

Just now Mr. Everett was on his yearly visit home, and in its way their intimacy was, in its way, resumed. They rode horseback, played golf and tennis and went shooting, and occasionally attended the theater. Also when Mr. Broderick had occasion to go to town, he sometimes visited Mr. Everett at his home, which concession, however, he made under protest. One of the reasons for this protest was that Hal's father, a delightful, slightly dyspeptic, highly immoral young old gentleman, had during a visit to his son, in America, brought back with him a rich, but, in the eyes of Mr. Broderick, wholly impossible American wife. This lady, as witnessed by Mr. Broderick's own eyes, not only openly flaunted an ardent admirer, but flirted with every male who came her way, including her sonin-law. She even found it possible to make eyes at the butler taking her plate, and to be coy with the footman opening the door.

Such a person, in spite of Hal's reiteration that it was all innocent, and due entirely to a kind heart—that she was only trying to please and make every-body feel happy—was so wholly displeasing to Mr. Broderick that he preferred his friend, meaning Hal, to dust his hands of his own, to his thinking, pernicious home, and come to his. And as a rule this was what Everett did.

On a certain afternoon the two were having their tea, or rather had done so, in the garden, a beautiful spot that, as the sun descended, began to grow solemn. The flowers and things about them seemed napping, almost falling asleep. A moist, quiet night was on its way, a night with no promise of stars.

Finally Mr. Everett remarked: "I have come out with a confession,

Marvy."

"Confessions are for sinners, Hal."
A restrained but indulgent smile crossed Mr. Broderick's grave features—his wonderful smile, in fact, that briefly illumined his face and instantly disappeared.

"Oh! I'm a sinner," pursued Mr. Everett. "I've long since gloried in that, but the confession is that the sin-

ner is at last caught."

"Caught?"

Mr. Broderick raised his heavy eyebrows.

"Irrevocably."

"At what?"

"Nothing." Mr. Everett laughed "I'm in love."

"Oh!"

"You don't believe me?"

"Lbelieve you."

"This one is different."

"They all are."

"But this one," Mr. Everett laughed again—nervously now, "is differently different. Do you believe it?"

"No, of course not."

"You remember, though, what I always told you I would do when I fell in love, really in love, don't you?"

"You have confided to me a good

many plans, Hal."

"I told you when I really fell in love I would marry and settle down for good and all in England." "I believe you did."

"My next trip to America will be to settle up there and put the resolve into action."

Mr. Broderick was silent.

"She's an American girl," announced Mr. Everett defiantly.

"Then you are caught, old chap,

hopelessly."

"I want you to meet her!" burst forth

Mr. Everett.

"I suppose I shall have to." Then, after a pause: "You don't want me to travel three thousand miles to meet the lady of your choice, do you?"

"It wouldn't be too far!"

"A wealthy widow, the kind your fa-

ther imported?"

"No. She is a penniless girl, or, rather, I might say, a penniless angel!"
"Born in America?"

"Born in America?"
"Born in America!"
"How very interesting."

"You will admit that she is!"

"I shall be pleased for your sake, if possible, to do so."

"I want you to meet her tomorrow

evening at dinner."

"You haven't gone crazy, Hal, have

"No. She is in London. She is vis-

iting my father's wife!"

"That kind?"

"No, not that kind, although in spite of some surface affronts, the mater is not a bad sort. She happens to be a distant relative of the girl I'm engaged to. They are all doing things over there, the girls, you know, and this one, my own especial one, is an interior decorator. She delights in making ugly things, by simply changing them around, beautiful."

Mr. Broderick, not being sufficiently impressed by this to reply, his friend

went on somewhat eagerly:

"And there is where the mater comes in so gloriously. She paid all her expenses over to give her the chance of studying our homes!"

"Excellent!"

"And she is studying! Her enthusiasm is wonderful."

"I don't doubt it! But I say, dear

old soul, you aren't really bent upon inflicting that enthusiasm on me, are you?"

"She will win you over, take you off

your feet!"

"But I don't want to be taken off my feet! Standing on them has become a

very satisfying habit."

Mr. Everett got up. He had come in on horseback and was attractive to look at in his riding clothes, with a cropper in his hand—one of those slender, fair-haired, blue-eyed men that make such charming pictures for forest or ballroom. An extremely pleasing-looking, remarkably handsome fellow was Mr. Hal Everett.

"You'll come to dinner tomorrow

evening, won't you?" he asked.

"Why, of course, Hal. I've always performed that little sacrifice for you. Only I warn you if your mater begins to make eyes at me, or attempts to lead me away to the conservatory, I shall without hesitation make my escape."

'I'll have my stepmother's eyes properly bandaged and the conserva-

tory locked!"

As Mr. Everett walked off to mount his horse Mr. Broderick fell to rather serious thinking of his friend. In making the statement that he had no faith in his stability he had not gone beyond the fact. His friend's temperamental machinery, those light-hearted, flighty inclinations, especially those that included affairs with women, he had no respect for, and this lack of respect had caused him to become a cynical observer of certain indulged enthusiams that in his mind could only be considered vulgar. Not only did Hal, and that unblushingly, disport himself in what Mr. Broderick deemed a disgraceful manner with the ladies, high and low, but since his sojourn in America, when the impulse seized him, he got gloriously drunk, and not only got drunk but remained so. It was quite in keeping with Mr. Broderick, in spite of his affection, not to be in sympathy with these things, things so far apart from him; and as the shadows deepened about his old place he entered the house, a bit disgusted, a bit wearied of his friend, and certainly not in the least keen to meet the Everett fiancée—the penniless American angel.

CHAPTER III

NEVERTHELESS at eight-thirty the following evening, according to his promise, he was taking his seat at the Everett dinner table.

As usual there was a number of people assembled—a motley lot, mostly American—that Mr. Broderick did not see fit to meddle with beyond partaking

of the same dishes.

He had heard Mrs. Everett, Sr., called fashionable, and that, he supposed, whatever its value, she certainly was. A blonde in her early thirties, quite pretty in her way, she at moments looked sickly, weak and wearied, while at others she appeared alert, vivacious, like a precocious child intent on centering attention on its nonsense. If Mr. Broderick, as he frankly could not, did not admire Mrs. Everett, it was equally impossible not to observe her.

As usual, he bestowed upon her certain glances, that she forced, as a matter of politeness. Then while the soup plates were being removed by two orderly footmen, he turned his attention upon his fellow diners. Beside her husband, himself and Hal, and two long-faced, sallow English girls, sisters, for some reason invariably present, there was on hand the usual variegated American coterie, the most conspicuous, the most unblushingly advanced by her, as the most important, being Dr. Ralph Herbert of New York, and now, since the marriage of Hal's father, living in London. He practiced, or was supposed to practice, his profession, chiefly upon the elder Mr. Everett, but his real occupation appeared to be to look spic and span, and to pay very marked attentions to his hostess.

Leading off on this particular evening, from Dr. Herbert—the long-faced, sallow girls wedged in somewhere—leading off in the direction of Mr. Broderick, there was a very tall,

pallid man who cut people up at every turn, an Englishman; then came a red-cheeked, golf-playing young woman, also English, who gushed one moment and when she had you became nasty, and opposite Mr. Broderick sat a large, rotund, bald-headed American, with a pretty wife who wore orchids. By her side was Hal's fiancée, the girl he had come to meet.

Usually, people encountered by Mr. Broderick made little more impression upon him, once away from them, than sheep grazing on a hillside after his train had sped by. But these people, so vividly taken in by the young gentleman, were not to be so easily dismissed; they were part of an environment through which his first conscious want was to be registered—they were, in a way, the highly decorated frame in which that first want was set. want, though it was scarcely, of course, so instantly recognized, was, as has no doubt been devised, a great desire to have friendly converse, and at great length, with his friend Hal's penniless American angel.

From the moment Mr. Broderick's eyes fell upon her, he became sharply conscious, and that for the first time, of a need in his life to be supplied, a requirement. Apart from the fact that some of the people about her had legs that were too long, bodies too fat, faces elongated or chubby, she was well set off. There was Hal's father, quite a classic as to appearance, his wife with her sickly beauty, the doctor with luminous eyes, and, always at his best in

evening clothes, Hal.

Mr. Broderick took in all this, all these people making a picture for his mind to revert to, and then passed on quite deliberately, in the full consciousness of registering a situation, to the background, the wall if you will, on which his framed first want hung.

His hostess affected, except on the table where electric lights and candles glowed under pink shades — little fringed things, pretty enough—a lightless dining room. She had even, in accordance with the then prevalent idea,

gone so far as to paper the walls in black, refusing them the relief of pictures, so that one seated at her table might have, with a stretch of fancy, imagined himself dining in mid-air on

a very black night.

This somewhat fantastic manner of dining had on occasion proved irritating to Mr. Broderick, who went so far as to call it grotesquely silly. But tonight it met with his approval. To be seated exactly opposite his first want, his first want so distinctly being the young American of Hal's selection, in just this kind of a black magic atmosphere, was to him-nor could he just say why—highly satisfying. There was something suggestive of disaster in his suddenly awakened interest. And there was no doubt in Mr. Broderick's mind as to this interest, this awakening. consoled him, however, that on certain occasions, though in a greatly lesser degree, he had felt similar interests. Similar awakenings without, of courseand therein lay the calamity—the accompanying suggestion of any idea of want. Such things, such an interest, may have occurred, for instance, at some theatrical performance. had never failed to vanish once he found himself outside the door of the theater. Mr. Broderick, to his surprise, now quite suddenly looked forward, now hoped for just this happening: that when he turned his face homeward all would be as before - that there would me no swift forgetting this time.

The girl was of medium size, unassuming, rather gentle looking than otherwise, with the peculiar brightness, however, of a wild bird that even in a cage suggests song and soaring. hair was the color of strong coffee, her face oval, her skin waxlike and pale. eyes, which one instinctively sought, expressed no color; they simply burned beneath a calm, contemplative brow. Her mouth had something of the firm contour of a boy's with the sweet wilfulness of a child's. But her pale, radiant loveliness—she had all that-was not what held Mr. Broderick; it was not her coloring that first captivated him, nor even her strange hair, her burning eyes, or the wistful lips. What really awakened him, and that so sharply, was the beauty of her hands.

Mr. Broderick was fond of studying hands, finding out their meaning, the purposes of people through them. But, these hands, these new hands on the horizon of his vision, seemed destined, unless when his face was homeward turned he could shut it all out, to erase from his consideration all other hands. He had never, he frankly admitted, seen such hands. They suggested to him an almost spiritual mission. They seemed fraught with a message that, while apparently on his plate, held his eyes. Was it their strength, their gentleness, their beauty, or simply her own original way of using them, that held him? It was a question that he put to himself more than once at that table.

CHAPTER IV

DINNER over, the ladies, as precisely as altar boys, left the dining room, and after a short while Mr. Broderick, with that freedom England grants her guests to do as they please, stepped from one of the French windows out upon the broad, solemn, railingless verandah in the rear of the house.

This verandah overlooked grounds reached by five or more shallow stone steps. To his amazement, while in the act of lighting his pipe, he saw, in a rather crouched-up attitude, the American girl, the penniless angel, in her modest brown dress, that at dinner had given her the look of a saint, seated on the first of the five or more steps.

Mr. Broderick had never seen a lady seated this way before, very much, as a matter of fact, like a gypsy, and for a moment the quick transition from the bizarre, the artificial of his hostess' table, to the quite natural—to which she responded in a way to him not natural—did much to restore him to his usual calm. If not in a taxi, a hansom, or even a tube, those transporting vehicles so conducive to his mental res-

toration, he was figuratively at least, outside the theater doors. Approaching for him, almost impulsively, he inquired if he might not get her a chair.

Her elbows were on her knees, her chin in the palms of her hands, which position she seemed to find too satisfying to change. With an upward glance that reached him at best through the corner of one eye, supported, as it were, on the tips of the lovely fingers, she answered: "No," and added, "We always sit on the steps moonlight nights at home!"

She changed her position now and stretched out her hands, the same hands he had found so mysteriously appealing.

"Isn't it beautiful tonight?" she

asked.

"More so than usual?" inquired Mr.

Broderick.

"Isn't it?" she persisted. "It seems to me more beautiful than any I have ever seen, more beautiful than any night that ever dawned upon the world! But then," she laughed, "I am always thinking that about nights; they are so fascinating!"

"How?"

She laughed again.

"There isn't any way of telling how! It's just that they are, and all different. I have never seen two nights alike. Have you?"

"I had fancied them all more or less

alike."

"In a way, yes, of course, but so are people. If you study them—nights I mean—they are all different, just as people are. Why, I've seen deformed nights! Won't you sit down?"

Mr. Broderick looked at her in a calm surprise. Did she really suppose he would squat down there beside her in the manner of the couples one fought shy of in the parks? He said to her very quietly that he had rather not.

"But why not? We aren't strangers, not even the strangers that you think we are. I know you very well, in-

deed!" "Yes?"

"If you will sit down I'll tell you just how well I do know you! Perhaps

you are surprised to find me out here, but I can't stand that after-dinner hour when all the women sit alone and talk -will you pardon this?-such silly things, and yawn and get so bored. We never do that in America; why do they do it here?"

"It has always been the custom." "Custom," she echoed, "I hate that

word!"

She laughed again, and the tones rang out on the night like a shower of golden bells.

Mr. Broderick thought he had never

heard such a pure, joyous sound.

Silence fell between them and after a while she exclaimed again: "Won't you sit down?"

"I prefer to stand, thank you."

"Englishmen are so funny," teased, looking up at him.

"How?"

"Oh! I can answer that how! Do you know what an American would have done, almost any American, in these circumstances? First, he would have asked if he could sit down beside me, and done so before I could answer; then, he would have talked over all he had been doing all day, asked me a hundred questions about how I liked England, paid me several compliments, and ever so many things that you haven't done. Oh! you do take things seriously!" Her face grew a bit stern. "It seems so strange to me, and sad, too. You see, you have so much and are so grave and serious, while in Virginia—I come from Virginia, you know, —we have so little and are so gay. You know—never mind what people think!—we have not even yet recovered from the Civil War. We have our old homes, but they are in pretty bad plight. You don't know how these grand old places in perfect perservation, beautifully furnished with such splendid comfort and so many well-trained servants, impress an American. the combined money of the millionaires of America couldn't buy the same thing over there—it's impossible!"

"Then you prefer England

America!"

"Oh; no! I didn't say that, but I appreciate it almost to an absurd point, I believe. I am filled with wonder at the magnitude and grandeur. It overpowers me at times. The very soil seems to speak to me, and the trees—oh! England's trees!—and it's so cumbersome in its magnificence, so grandly dull, so sullen, so quiet, so unresponsive, so cruelly still, so beautiful, so overpowering, so unrelenting, so passively insolent, so superiorly stupid, like the great who don't have to talk. It's—oh, it is so magnificent!—but" her voice broke, "America is America!"

A little laugh escaped in a sob.

"For the present though," she went on, "I am under the spell of England. It has hypnotized me, I believe. It responds to something my nature has always craved, but never actually found. It's the composure I find here, possibly, and-what shall I say?-the unexpressed insolence, perhaps. England defies the world in such a masterly fashion, and I like that! And the flowers—oh! I think the angels keep vigil over the flowers in England, else how could they be so beautiful? seems to me we haven't so many flowers at home, and"—she paused reflectively, "I wonder if they are as beautiful! will make another confession to you. I hate the inroad of Americans in England, just as I would hate for an army to make its barracks in Westminster Abbey. Americans seem to me so unsuited to England, so unsuitable. I almost wish we could be debarred. I hate the incongruous! But you must not think I ever could love any place as I do America. I couldn't, and for reasons-well-that I know!"

"What are those reasons?" Mr.

Broderick asked.

"Well, it's because, as they say of the plays, the heart interest. Loving all that is beautiful in England, I believe I would perish if I had to live here and were not looking forward to going home. You see, we feel things over there so, and we don't repress our feelings—we are natural, spontaneous, indifferent to conventionality, but wildly alive to experience; we are taught as little children to love each other, and to talk of that love and value it; families are so devoted. My grandmother used to tell me every night when I went to kiss her good night, 'Love one another.' She used to whisper it in my ear, as though it were our secret. Don't you think it was sweet? It's that kind of thing. We live more intensely, more passionately, and"-a step fell on her ear and she glanced quickly over her shoulder-"it makes it sometimes, you know, all the harder to forgive. We do give so much! Here you seem always holding back what you really ought to give. I wonder," her head was tilted back, her eyes on his face, "if you understand?"

"Partly."

"I reckon you like it being that way."
"Oh, yes, I like England!"

She laughed again.

"Really," she asked, "won't you sit down?"

"No."
"Why?"

"I usually sit in a chair."

"But why not be unusual; there is something in that."

"Is there?"

He was studying her, not forgetting her hands, white as pearl, composed yet restless, moving aimlessly, briskly or languidly with her thoughts, used as one imagines a fairy princess might use a fan.

"When are you going to let me go through your house?" she asked.

"Go through my house?"

"Yes, Hal promised me that way over in America!"

"Hal is a reckless promiser."

"He is rather," she agreed, suddenly thoughtful.

"Why do you say that?"
"Because I know it."

She pondered and then quickly: "You will let me go over your house, won't you?—Hal and I? Do you know—" she paused.

"Yes?"

"It seems perfectly wonderful to me

for you to have that great big place all to yourself!"

"It has never seemed too large for

me."

"Oh! That's because you are used to it! Hal tells me there are rooms and rooms nobody ever enters and that your big drawing-room is opened only once a year!"

"That is true."

"And you don't think it a sin?"

"Sin? A gentleman must have a habitation, I suppose."

"A habitation, yes, but-"

"Yes?"

"It seems to me it is a sin to have so many rooms that you never use. I'm crazy about rooms, you know. They throw me into spasms of delight. I see such possibilities in them."

"Possibilities?"

"I'm an interior decorator, you know."

"Hal told me."

"Did he? Well, my specialty is to take a room just as it is and by rearranging it turn it into something beautiful. I do with rooms, or I try to do, what writers do with thoughts. You know what they do—what Browning did with a thought merely through punctuation! When I am arranging a room I think of Browning, what he did with punctuation. I sometimes say to a chair, 'You are a period,' as to a little footstool, 'You are a comma.' My rugs are dashes, or even question marks!"

"I should think it would be rather

trying and confusing."

"Oh, no; you may be surprised, but it isn't. There are difficulties, of course. Some rooms, the shape in itself, are difficult. That I grant you. There are difficult people, too, angular in shape, unresponsive, but I," she laughed, "generally bring them around."

"Do you?"

"The greatest thing in the world is to bring people and things around!"

She paused to think again, look this time, he thought, anxiously over her shoulder, and as she did so, as he concluded that she was watching and listening for Hal, a full moon escaped

through some ragged clouds and shone

full upon her.

Mr. Broderick was indebted to the moon. He stared down at her with the nearest approach to a feeling of rapture he had ever known. She was in his opinion an uncanny vision of loveliness, uncanny because of her position and the activity of her mind, which seemed to be given over to forming thoughts on all subjects, even the most trivial. It would not have surprised him, in spite of the fact of her extreme femininity, to hear her break into philos-

ophy.

Mr. Broderick had made a discovery. He had run across a woman who looked beautiful and had an almost feverish tendency to use her mind. To be fair to him, he had in his studies of loveand love had been one of his principal studies-conceived of himself as one day falling a victim of the magic power that had in so many strange ways controlled the world. But while thus covceiving of himself as a victim, he had never imagined himself a captive. Love pure and simple he had dreamed of as an indulgence, at best. But that he was to find possible companionship accompanying it, that the woman who appealed to his senses would appeal, also, to his head, had never once, even in his wildest thoughts—and he had had wild thoughts about love-entered his head. He wondered, as she, the surprising object of his consideration, sat demure and sweet, infinitely sweet, bathed in moonlight, what she would say next.

What he felt, and that most distinctly, was that, more especially if he preferred to lead her on, she could be clever, and by being clever he meant she could throw a new light on things, a new light that would make them more

worth while.

He felt, in fact, that here was a being, for some inexplicable reason a luminous being, of whom, given the opportunity, he would never tire. He would never tire, he felt, even though he had to remain standing above her in just this strange way. His mind travelled to his own granite verandah,

a hundred times bigger than this one, leading to grounds ten hundred times bigger, on which she, rather small and crouched up as in the present moment, would become completely lost to him. Following this was the desire, a strange disturbing one, to bend down, take her two hands in his and keep them quiet, keep them quiet by pressing them madly

to his lips.

With this thought Mr. Broderick turned abruptly, so abruptly as almost to appear rude, and entered the house by the window through which he had escaped it. Inside the dining room, now emptied of people and table service, scintillating strangely from sidelights in pretty sprays ejecting from the black walls, Mr. Broderick faced the fact that his first want had him in a sharp grip—faced, indeed, the fact that he was in love, and that the girl he was in love with was engaged to be married to his best friend.

It was not difficult for him, with billiard balls clicking in his ears, and the occasional sound of a feminine voice coming his way, to stand quite fifteen minutes in deep thought, and this he

did.

The vision of Mr. Broderick, himself in black, of course, the central figure of walls shooting forth fantastic flames, was not an idle one merely for the eye. There was much more to engage one —although for the eye, too, he was anything but disappointing, for he carried well his six feet one of massive strength, with a serious face crowned by very beautiful dark hair, handsome enough for any purpose, or any woman. But Mr. Broderick himself came to no conclusion. So failing, he did what would seem most natural; he joined the gentlemen at billiards, as, however, an onlooker only.

Among other things he was an onlooker of the numerous brandies and sodas partaken of within the short space of an hour by his boyishly hand-

some, fair-haired friend, Hal.

The vision of the girl on the verandah seated in the moonlight—as he well knew waiting for Hal, and this very Hal moving about the brilliantly lit-up billiard room knocking balls and drinking brandy—served, while he stood looking on, as food for peculiarly dis-

quieting thought.

Mr. Broderick was surprised, as he kept his place along the wall, his standing place, for he was, it seemed, in no mood for chairs, to find himself so given over to thoughts of others, thoughts that did not, must not, in fact, include him. He saw quite plainly that his thoughts of the evening could not include him, that of necessity he was on the outside, and there must remain.

He found himself desiring to get away, and with that infallible habit of serving his inclinations, he took, finally,

his departure, making no adieu.

CHAPTER V

Mr. Broderick was to discover that even greater changes had taken place within him than he had imagined. He was actually—the absurdity of it was to dawn upon him so gradually as to be only recognized later—seeing through

other eyes than his own.

This he discovered after his jolt home in a hansom, when he found himself on the front stoop of his home. It was here that he discovered how lasting were his impressions of the evening, here that the tremor of familiar moonlight on a growth of ivy covering an old elm tree became new moonlight, here that he discovered the immense value of moonlight as a thing of beauty, and to the creation of scenes that had much to do with, as he had been informed, making all nights different. Recalling far-away impressions, he could understand how it was possible for a night, provided one part were so shaded, to appear deformed. That remark, among others equally unimportant, if not silly, clung in Mr. Broderick's mind like insects caught in a spider's web. There was no escaping them, as there was no way of freeing them.

He turned suddenly indoors and mounted the broad mahogany staircase,

where the armour of knights of old stood on the landings and swords of long-perished warriors hung on the walls.

He entered his bedroom, solemn in the reflection of a solitary light shining through a dull red globe upon which dragons of gold did combat, and here attacked by new thoughts, he stood in a kind of trance.

Below the house was being darkened and shut up for the night. The tread of the servants was silent, but he heard the grating of the old lock and the rattle of a chain as the front door was barred. In the moment Mr. Broderick himself resembled a warrior in the solitude of a lonely old prison. He walked over and extinguished the solitary, solemn light. And then he took his stand before a window and looked out on a scene fully flooded in moonlight.

Could a night as sweet as this one be anywhere else in all the world? Or was it that he had been informed that such a night had never been? Was he thinking or recalling? Was he actually seeing, or was a vision being presented to him? Whichever it was, never before had a night out of its pure beauty

so attacked his nerve centers.

With lowered chin and lids wide apart, he continued to peer out upon a scene which was growing, or so it seemed to him, every moment stronger in splendor. The very heavens hung, in his mind, caressingly low; the moon bathed the tops of the trees or dripped through and between the leaves to the ground, there to lie like a shining li-Statuary gleamed white and deathlike among the trees; the dry, sunken fountain seemed to drink anew of invisible waters; a lake lay quivering and palpitating in the distance; and further away on the side of a hill the innocent sheep were sleeping.

Suddenly the warrior in Mr. Broderick awoke. As he had felt called upon to stand guard over his first want, he felt called upon to stand guard over England, stand guard to maintain this calm, passionate, passionless splendor, this restful serenity, this inactivity that

allowed things to come into existence, live and die in tranquillity, like the old elm tree in the yard. In the moment it might be said that Mr. Broderick was England with his breast bared, his arms open to America, America being the girl crouched on the top step of the five leading to the ground, the girl with the heart bursting with love, her brain full of active dreams.

The foliage stirred, a bird awoke, chirped, and was still again. How reverently, tenderly sweet he again thought it all was! Suddenly he knew, with a certain sense of gratitude, that he had never before-for so does love transform one—seen things, as he now saw them, or thought such thoughts as now filled him. The place and all it contained he had always regarded in the light of a valued possession, a jewel, that one is more satisfied to possess than to wear. And, as though he himself had framed the thought, his mind once more turned upon his friend Hal, who might become the possessor of a jewel that he would perhaps, in time of course, neglect, even ignore. As he had no faith in his friend's stability, he believed that he had trifled too long inlove to find it valuable, as anything more than a pleasing pastime. It did not seem to Mr. Broderick that this was the kind of love to satisfy a girl, at any rate this girl, who, it seemed, had been reared to place much greater store upon that commodity, if so love could be called.

There awoke within him a tremendous dissatisfaction with his friend, such a dissatisfaction that, as his eyes fell once more upon the scene outside, the scene of such exaggerated loveliness, he thought of him as a deserter. This hunting up of an offense was rather painful to Mr. Broderick, for he had loved and did still love Mr. Everett. As though this were a part of the duty of his life, this love for his friend, he was overcome with a sense of sorrowful yearning.

Perhaps Mr. Broderick felt, or meant, that while he could and already had forgiven Mr. Everett whatever of wrong Mr. Everett had done himself, or him, through his departure from the golden, beaten track of duty, he never could forgive him any departure, anything that he had done, or might do, to the girl. A very exquisite feeling accompanied this reasoning. He must, he being so big, so self-contained and strong, look out, even though she was Hal's, for the girl. Just how, or in what way, certainly never in the moment occurred to him.

Like the warrior wearied as well as driven, he turned slowly, reluctantly, from the window overlooking so much and went to bed, where the habit of a healthy young animal being pleasurably

fixed, he was soon asleep.

In falling asleep there was a certain feeling of intoxication, the intoxication of stirred senses with no fear of disturbing dreams. His life had been free of stains; he had borne existence without complaint, and with patience he had borne the heavy burden of dignity that his birth had placed upon his shoulders—borne day in and day out the loneliness and monotony of a dreary life, borne it with such reverential patience as to be half conscious of it.

It requires tremendous strength to be inactive, and up to the present moment Mr. Broderick felt himself called upon to have that strength. The girl must be protected—but how?

CHAPTER VI

THERE is nothing like the dawning of a fresh, clear, healthy morning for putting one, especially if one be a fresh, clear, healthy young man, into a normal frame of mind.

Refreshed from his tub, in a rather elaborate bathrobe of blue and orange—and with his early tea in hand, Mr. Broderick, with one move of his other hand, his left, politely—he felt the duty of politeness—waved away the evening before.

When he was dressed and outside for the brisk walk he usually indulged in before breakfast, he felt almost amused at himself for what he called a rather

silly dinner away from home, and for his later romantic ramblings. strength of the young day often does for people just what this morning did for Mr. Broderick. But the morning's strength may not be relied upon as enduring. No sooner was Mr. Broderick seated before his breakfast of Yarmouth bloater, eggs, bacon, toast and tea, than in a flash the whole evening before was on him again as though it had never been interrupted by the dominating and wholly callous strength of the early day. It was no longer morning at all, but evening, the evening before, and when Mr. Broderick attempted to eat his breakfast he almost felt that he was-so insistent were his memories—partaking of his dinner. It was confusing; nor was the confusion pleasant. It was a confusion that before the meal was over had left him, for the first time, wondering what he was to do.

He was pleased upon taking up his paper to have his memory refreshed to the fact that this bright, clear day, the day upon which he was to be lonely, was the one set apart for certain Olympic games to be followed by a race, an American horse coming in for prominent notice. Mr. Broderick decided to attend the games, and see the race.

At noon he was one of a long line purchasing tickets and a little later he was in his seat. The games had already begun and he gave himself up-Mr. Broderick was fond of games-to watching two evenly matched wrestlers, followed by other contestants equally deserving of interest. He saw slender youths, fleet of foot and lithe of body, dash across the shining turf, fly, as it were, to the top of a pole, and spring safely over the beam to the ground be-He saw divers mount carefully the spiral staircase to the platform elevated to a great height, take position, stand poised, and drop headlong into the water below. He saw them come up, shake their matted locks and swim safely to the shore. He saw them turn somersaults-one, two, forwards and backwards-and make no mistakes and

experience no accidents. He felt proud of them. They were Englishmen, practised in their art and fearless. He watched them saunter up and down in their bathrobes, undisturbed while awaiting their turns. They were, these strong fellows, heroes in his eyes. He was quite absorbed.

But the great event of the day was yet to come. For, turning his eyes from the grounds to cast a glance about him, who should Mr. Broderick discover seated beside him, on his left, but the young girl, the young American girl of the evening before, and, to his amazement, alone.

"Why," she exclaimed brightly, although his sharp glance noted that she turned pale, "what are you doing here?"

Said Mr. Broderick, who had flushed rather than paled: "I might put the question to you."

"Oh! mine is a very simple reason. I've been thinking of it for days!"

"Are you here alone?"

"Yes, I stole away, I didn't want anyone to come with me! You see—"

She looked at him.

"Yes?"

"There is an American horse to run!"

"I saw a notice of that."

"I know"—he thought how bright she was, like a diamond reflecting rays—"that horse! He and I are old friends. He was born in my neighborhood. I knew him when he was a little colt. Isn't it wonderful for us both to be over here? I'm just crazy to see him and I didn't want anyone with me because I know I'm going to be awfully excited and—well, everybody doesn't understand!"

"Do you object to me?"

"No, now that you are here! It's delightful, I'm glad, only-"

"Yes?"

"When my horse comes out," she laughed, "if I jump over the railing you mustn't be surprised!"

"I am sure you would not do that!" Mr. Broderick wished that his heart would not beat so, and, strange to say, his companion, who had had her

thoughts and emotions, was indulging the same wish.

"Oh," she exclaimed, "when Potomac Boy appears I might do anything! Just think, I've given him many an apple; he has rubbed his nose in my hand; and now he is here to run a big race in England, and I am here to," she flashed a glance at him, "see him win!"

"I wouldn't be so sure of that."

"Oh! I am sure, quite. But," and she turned completely to offer him a faraway look from her eyes, "isn't life strange?"

"I have never thought so."

"No? Why, strange things happen every day!"

"Do they? Not to me."

"To you, only you don't observe them. You take everything for granted. Everything that happens is strange to me. For instance, just think of your being here today, and that we should, neither knowing a thing about it, get seats side by side! Isn't that strange?"

"Very. Where is Hal?"

She laughed. "He may be here for all I know! I told you that I stole away. He is betting on Elsie! May I tell you something?"

"Certainly!"

"I just know Potomac Boy is going to win, I feel it! And I am actually afraid, not really, you know, to be with Hal when he has a disappointment, because he can't stand anything not going his way—it puts him in a temper."

"I know that."

"But perhaps what you don't know is that on those," she was deadly pale now, "occasions, he drinks. Did you know that?"

He didn't answer.

"Did you?"

A bugle sounded at this moment, and as though they had sprung up out of the earth the horses appeared on the track. The girl was no longer awaiting an answer to her question. Her own life and all it might have in store for her was swallowed up in the present moment, the moment that was to afford a thrill, the *home* thrill, when Potomac Boy appeared in sight.

At last he did appear, and even at her great distance she knew him, if only by Uncle Sam's colors worn by the jockey. She was not the only American present, not by any means. There was quite a party of them, easily distinguished, not far off, and as the horse passed the stand, indifferently, to be viewed, the American cheering began, the girl joining in, laughing that laugh of hers that Mr. Broderick was beginning to wait for. Somehow to him it was like a light. So unaffected, natural, joyous was the sound that he felt he could see as well as hear it. shouting, yelling, screaming, pounding and jumping up and down of her people was barbarous; it revolted him. She was different. She might do anything. There was a grace about her, gentle yet positive, that gave her license. made whatever she did plausible.

They were The horses were in line. off. For the first time in his life Mr. Broderick's eyes were not on the horses; they were on her. She was as white as a snow image in bleak moonlight, and her eyes, like flaming torches, travelled with every step taken by Potomac Boy. She saw but one horse and as, with an easy spurt, he was ahead, her breath came quicker and finally big, unheeded tears rolled down her cheeks. Mr. Broderick's eyes fell first upon those tears and then upon her hands, those strangely virile, passionate hands, stripped by her of their gloves, on the appearance of "her" horse to be free to wave, to clap, or to do whatever impulse would suggest to

A burst of cheering told him that things were happening and he fixed his attention on the horses. Plain as day the race belonged to Potomac Boy; there was no question as to that until—the last second, when by the tip of a nose Elsie came in ahead.

them.

"How is it?" she asked, turning, breathless. "Did he lose?"

"The English horse won," said Mr. Broderick calmly.

"But that's impossible!" she gasped. "He was ahead all the way."

"Anything is possible on a race track."

Mr. Broderick, not quite known to him, was reaching high tide at this moment, reaching a moment when first experiences were coming fast. He was not thinking of himself, his own pride, but of the feelings of another. horse, "her" horse, in the last minute was jockeyed out of the climax, the finish. Potomac Bov's own rider had performed that rather wonderful trick. She did not know this, could not, and so she could only experience the sense of defeat. It didn't seem fair. At any rate, Mr. Broderick was not quite equal to her disappointment. Coupled with her ashen face with its lost, hurt look, it gripped too hard at his heart. With a complete and conscious surrender to his weakness, weakness that included his pride, he bent over her.

"Your horse did win," he said. "The jockey, at the last moment, twisted the curb and lost a second through the

shock to the horse." "Ah!" she gasped.

And all her revolt against treachery, any treachery, was written in her face.

Then the tears again, tears that were not crying, tears unaccompanied by a sound, just big hot tears that gushed to her eyes, drowned them and then rolled down her cheeks. He stood looking at her, fascinated by her dismay, as everything about her fascinated him. What he told her was the truth, it was no surmise, no suspicion. He knew it. But it was not in keeping with the part Mr. Broderick, to whom advantage taken and held was the first law of nature, to admit it. It was a burst of generosity for her sake, the sake of another's feelings, another's comfort, and never before had Mr. Broderick experienced just such an enjoyable emotion.

As he gazed upon her countenance, a bit distorted by her emotions, he felt grateful to her; through her a wonderful feeling had been accorded him. It was as though a half-withered, gnarled old rosebush had suddenly burst into bloom. He felt like that and was surprised. Mr. Broderick did not know

before that in doing something for another a man could thus burst into bloom. It rather turned his head. He saw a new meaning to life through it, and wished he could repeat the experience, wished his life could be made up of small sacrifices, daily, hourly, for her sake, and that in some remarkable way all these sacrifices would become rolled into one, that he might on some grand occasion sacrifice his life for her.

Mr. Broderick was indeed, by now,

very much in love.

Bending to her he said: "The excitement has tried you. Will you go somewhere with me for tea?"

CHAPTER VII

It should not be for a moment assumed that in extending the invitation Mr. Broderick was either bent upon currying favor or in any way disentangling the interest of the girl by his side from his friend, to whom—and this he was not able one instant to forget—she was engaged to be married. Mr. Broderick would have as soon thought of appearing at dinner in a cutaway coat as to curry favor, and up to the present moment it had not occurred to him that he might become justified in so disentangling the girl.

They were leaving—it was quite evident to him that for her the day was over—tea hour was approaching, and so what more natural, polite even, than the invitation, provided that no feeling whatever beyond what was natural and polite had been awakened in the mind

and heart of Mr. Broderick?

With that quick transition from one emotion to another, that he could only liken to lightning in the sky, she accepted brightly—from his English

standpoint—eagerly.

Thus it was that the fiancée and friend of Mr. Hal Everett, who at the present moment, having gotten news over the ticker, was celebrating the victory of his chosen horse, were travelling swiftly along in a taxi to some remote, remote in the sense of exclusive, place for tea.

Apart from the invitation, in itself an invitation, of courtesy, Mr. Broderick was not averse to a discussion of his friend that would of necessity include herself. Whatever pertained to her, even though it might prove painful, could not fail to, in his present frame of mind, interest him, and that to a point out of proportion to their relative positions.

The place selected by Mr. Broderick for their tea was hung in brown velvet, carpeted in brown, and the chairs had brown leather seats. It was not large; only a few persons were present, and these few persons, and all the soft, delightfully conceived browns, were lit up from the generous reflections of a large, old-fashioned chandelier made of very fine glass that hung low from the ceiling in the centre. There was nothing modern, no table lights to be, as Mr. Broderick thought, in the way. It was formally polite, almost touchingly serene, or, at any rate, so it seemed to the girl, and she could imagine no more fitting place in which to confide to the best friend of her fiancé certain things that had been recently troubling not only her mind but also her heart.

It was she who, when the order for what seemed to her a good many things for tea had been given, took, quite as though she knew he were waiting for her, the lead.

"I'm going, after what you told me, to forget all about Potomac Boy, only I hope he knows that he won. Do you think he does?"

"Oh! he knows."

"I wish I could have gone to his stable and comforted him, told him I knew, too! Wouldn't he have been glad? Do you think he would have recognized me?"

"I am sure of it." Mr. Broderick

was quite fervent.

She was not half so surprised by his fervency as was Mr. Broderick himself. It almost decided him upon complete silence.

"It's awfully sweet of you to say

that," she said.

Mr. Broderick could not imagine the

words "awfully sweet" as applied to anything he might say, but her manner

of advancing an idea sufficed.

The tea was served; she confessed to hunger and for a few moments they were quite given over to the repast.

"I'm going," she said presently, look-

ing up, "to talk to you about Hal."

"Yes?"

"You know how we met, don't you?"

"No, he never told me."

She paused a moment before taking up: "We have a very beautiful old home, Colonial, you know, in Virginia, but," she paused again, "we—are not very well off."

"And most Americans are?" he inquired, still remote when it came to

conversation.

"Those who come here, for the better part *are*, but oh! no, it isn't so at home." She smiled as she added, "We have our poor!"

"Naturally," agreed Mr. Broderick, making an attempt not to watch her so, not look so hard at the face that held

him.

"We have splendid hunting about our place, and during the season we take paying guests, gentlemen who want to come to the country to hunt—our house is so large, we can accommodate a good many—and really we don't mind, it brightens things up. We have things to talk about for the whole winter!"

He did not reply to this, and it rather embarrassed her, but she went on as it were making her way through a delicate

"On one of these occasions someone brought Hal, and the moment I saw him I fell in love with him."

"Yes?"

"You see, I had never seen anyone like him. In fact, I had never met an Englishman. His manner, his speech, a new kind of speech to me, his voice, and intonation all for some reason charmed me; whenever he spoke it almost took my breath away! And"—she paused a moment—"you know how handsome he is, what a perfectly beautiful presence he has!"

"Yes, I know."

"Whenever he appeared—of course, it was foolish—I could only think of sunlight, and that sunlight after a little while blinded me. I think I very nearly went mad about him, and of course, not so quickly, he about me!"

"Love you!" interjected Mr. Brod-

erick.

"Yes, of course, only-"

"Only?"

Mr. Broderick bent slightly forward. "Only — you must not misunderstand, he is always beautifully tender with me, only," she repeated, "sometimes he seems to forget me."

"Forget you?"

"Well, not exactly that, but he leaves me, goes away for a day, two, three days, a week, and when he comes back I know—"

"Know what?"

"That he has been drinking!"

"Is that all he does?"

Mr. Broderick felt a change in his heart beats. He knew that he had forgotten himself.

"I don't know what he does," she an-

swered simply.

A pause followed during which she picked up her gloves from a corner of the table and stroked them reflectively while he watched her hands, every movement of them as though jewels would drop from them, or flowers.

"May I tell you something strange?"

she asked.

"Please do."

"To me Hal is two men, two distinct men, the one I knew there at home, before I knew, ever thought of his faults, and the one I know now. It is the first Hal, in spite of the fact that I am with the second one, that I think of most. The first Hal was a perfect man! I thought so! It's the most wonderful thing in the world to fall in love as I fell in love with him."

"Is it?"

"Even all the conditions were right! It was such a beautiful autumn. I'll always contend that the trees changed color differently that year. Such a riot!" Her eyes closed only to open.

"Just a world of flaming yellow and red and gold and brown, with for days and days perfectly blue skies with white stationary clouds. And at night, moonlight—pure, unbroken, cold moonlight. That was the world he came to me in with his," her eyes closed again a moment, "wonderful presence, his glad voice, speaking-it seemed to me that way—a new language, and yet one I could understand, a new language that every time he spoke, even when talking over the day's sport with his friends, nearly took my breath away. I would stand on the outside of the door breathless, not to hear what they were talking about, but only for that thrill that went through me when he spoke. Really, you know, that kind of love is wonderful; it's a dream, a madness. Do you know what I have often wished?"

"What have you often wished?"

Mr. Broderick felt that his eyes must be held in check or flames would escape them.

"That I could have died before I knew the other Hal, died on the day he said good-bye to me to take the train for New York. Then I would have died perfectly happy. It was too much happiness! And I am always back to those days, those richly colored days of blue skies, waiting for the sound of his voice, going to the top of the hill for the first sight of him returning with game, standing with him on the porch at night, a little cold—the nights were chilly-folded in his arms, different from anything in the world and sweeter! Oh!" and her eyes so rich in tears clouded over, "wouldn't it have been better to have died?"

"No!"

Mr. Broderick's voice was sharp.

"I often, often, think so! A good deal of me did die, and now," she smiled, "my hope is sick."

"Your hope of what?"

"That he can ever go back to being that first Hal! I know," she laughed now, "he never was that first Hal, that it was only that I saw him so. You must not think I don't love him now, I do, only I'm so afraid of all the suffer-

ing in store for me. It is because I do love him that I just fear it's all going to be a slow death with me."

She put out both hands across the table but withdrew them and held them in her lap.

"I've made up my mind to one thing!" she exclaimed.

"What is that?"

"Hal had arranged for our marriage when I first came over, but I put it off for six months to test him."

"Test him?"

"Yes, test him!" she repeated. "If in the course of the six months he ever abandons me again as he has done several times for days, a week, two, three weeks, without my hearing from him, I shall call it all off."

"Your engagement?"

"Yes."

"In truth?"

"Yes, and for one good reason!"

"What is that?"

"I will," a red veil seemed to cover her face, "have come to the conclusion that, with all that he means to me, coupled with his love, he isn't really worthy of me, isn't worthy of the life I have always been ready to lay down for him."

"Perhaps," said Mr. Broderick quiet-

ly, "no man could be."

"Oh, no, not at all! He could be—I'm not straight-laced—if, well," she laughed, "he only would be! I make all allowances for the fact that on sight of him I just made a man to suit all the requirements of my imagination. I allow for that, really I do, but, well, suppose we were married and he should disappear for days, or weeks, and not even communicate with me, and"—she broke off a moment but took up anxiously—"don't you see how, apart from how my heart would suffer, it would humiliate me beyond words, that my pride would be in the dust?"

Mr. Broderick thought deeply; he seemed to be going over something, a vast field, or the whole of a human life,

before answering.

"He wouldn't have the right to do that; no man has a right to humiliate

another," he said finally. "I," he thought again, "look after the pride of my horses and my dogs."

"Then you must know how I feel about it," she rather burst forth.

"I didn't say that."

"I wish you did, though. I can't tell you, long before we met, you know, how I have longed to have this talk with you. I always felt somehow that when I had laid everything at the feet of your strength an answer would come."

"I may not be as strong as you

think."

"Oh, you are strong, I know that. Hal was always telling me of your character, how you lived, everything about you, and he used to end up with 'the dear old rock.' That's," her hands went out again, "how you seem to me, a rock way out in the ocean, that, no matter how many storms dash over it, will just be there. I might," again her pretty laugh, "swim out to you some day! Do you know that, even with Potomac Boy being unfairly dealt by, and worrying a tiny bit about Hal, I've been very happy this day, more especially," she waved her beautiful hands, "since we came here! I'll never forget it!"

He did not reply, but the silence was very beautiful, so beautiful that she felt dreamy and gave herself up to looking about, looking about the place in which she had found happiness. To her surprise they were alone. The room seemed larger, much, and everything

grown more pompous.

"It's so beautiful in here," she said, finding his eyes. "I love brown."

Mr. Broderick almost wondered if there were anything she did not love. She seemed to be *all* love. He thought of himself as the rock in mid-ocean, and had—a very ridiculous thing it seemed to him—a vision of Hal entering a bar.

"What I meant to say about Hal was," she took up presently as she smiled dryly, "is that he must prove to me that he won't abandon me at intervals. I wouldn't like to begin to tell you what my sufferings have been al-

ready. And always he has been able to end those sufferings without even an explanation, only by returning. Just the first sight of him has been enough. And then, when his arms were about me—you don't know how I have loved—and his lips were on mine, I've forgotten everything, except that I was in his arms, that I had him back, and that's weakness. Years of that and I wouldn't have any character at all. One should hold on to character, at any cost, I mean, even if love must go. Don't you think so?"

"I never thought of it."

"I have! And that's the awful thought, that Hal could rob me of my character, my self-respect! I'm trying to fight that!"

He didn't answer that and she burst forth, "I've told Hal that if during the test, during the six months, he ever goes away that way it will all be over

between us. I mean that!"

Her eyes filled with tears and the beautiful hands flew up and covered

them.

Mr. Broderick sat watching her a moment very intently. As the room had seemed to her to grow larger, she seemed to him to grow smaller, diminish, become quite a little thing. He noticed the simplicity of her, how inexpensive were the garments she wore, a being that not only needed all the fair treatment—Mr. Broderick did not go so far as tenderness-a man was capable of, but, also, worldly endowments, necessities, comforts, nay more, and, going very fast indeed, his mind travelled to his mother's jewel casket, well stocked with the belongings of mothers of several generations. And just as Mr. Broderick had, and in such an unwarranted way, had a vision of his friend Hal entering a barroom, he now had a vision of this girl in bridal array flashing in the jewels of that old box. All this unusual kind of thinking, Mr. Broderick felt, would not do, so he motioned to the waiter for his check with the hope of, as it were, restoring order.

To his surprise, as the waiter moved off she looked up and flashed him a

smile. Mr. Broderick thought again of lightning playing in the sky, but he thought it with a returning smile, the smile that all of Mr. Broderick's world waited for—and upon. This smile of Mr. Broderick's that seemed to have in it a gentle compassion for an ill-fated world, opened up a new one for the girl, a new life. It raised a beacon light upon the rock she had talked of swimming out to.

Once outside, he put her in a taxi quite formally, and without a shadow of the smile gave her number, raised his

hat and walked away.

CHAPTER VIII

"STRANGE," mused Mr. Broderick as he walked off, "that we should both have seen him as sunlight," and, he continued thinking slowly, "that is just, perhaps, what he is. Certainly he is brilliant as sunlight is, equally uncertain, and unstable, and certainly he is

given to disappearing."

This last, the fact that his friend was given to disappearing, seemed to be the objective from which all things concerning him radiated. This habit of disappearing, unique in its way, was by no means a new one; it was as old almost as Mr. Everett himself, and so, in no way to be laid to the girl. Nevertheless, it concerned the girl, concerned her vitally, to the point, in fact, of her life hanging upon these very disappearances. She had come, it would seem, to the point of not indulging, not standing for them, and that, the very fact that she might not, as she had said, would not stand for them, shot a hope in Mr. Broderick's heart quite staggering in its effect.

Until that hope, as it were, shivered his being, Mr. Broderick had no idea of having gone so far as to have ever dreamed of entertaining, as far as the girl was concerned, any hope at all. She had, and this had been recognized, passed out of his, for that matter any, hands, except, of course, Hal's, before he met her. The hope, however, the hope that had ventured and then stag-

gered him, seemed to speak differently. Mr. Broderick, continuing his musings, believed finally that he knew, possibly, just how that hope had come to be born. A certain look of his had penetrated the girl, and not only penetrated but startled her. She was startled by the magnetic force of it. Not expecting any such thing, she had been powerless against it.

There was a world of meaning in this for the thoughtful Mr. Broderick. It told him—he had never doubted this in his thoughts—that when it came to him finally to deal with a woman—he had always known that he would some day deal with a woman and had saved him-

self for both an intense and a square deal—he could deal with her as he willed. He had that confidence in him-

self.

Mr. Broderick almost marveled at how pleasant he felt, his pleasantness, as he knew, being the outcome of self-satisfaction. In other words, he felt equal to any test in the game of life, provided he cared to enter the arena and play the game. He had never exactly, while there had been flashes, felt quite this way because he had never felt aroused to visit the arena. It lay in the distance, a thing to be dreamed of, almost scorned—he saw such brutalities and failures there—approached only if he himself, quite apart from invitation, felt inspired.

That he did feel inspired Mr. Broderick, with that habitual caution that had become a part of his life, did not even yet admit. What he did admit was that he had, as it were, become an onlooker of a game that interested him, that he was rather sickened by the tactics, unfair in the extreme-Mr. Broderick believed in fair play—of one, and sympathetic to the other so bent upon being strong against a dazzling and overwhelming opponent. The question that arose in his mind was whether or not he should warn the dazzling, overwhelming opponent, or simply look on and await developments. Waiting was not at all trying to Mr. Broderick. He had been waiting all his life, preparing

for a given hour. While no man had loved less, few men of his age had given more thought and study to love. Love in Mr. Broderick's mind was so all-important, such a powerful factor in the making of the world and in the life of an individual, that it behooved a man to live in the thought of it, to study it as a science, a profession, before going

into the practice of it.

There was little that either poet or sage had had to say on the subject that Mr. Broderick had not familiarized himself with. In fact, one whole side of his library from floor to ceiling contained not a single book from ancient to modern that did not expound this matter. He knew women in theory as the astronomer his stars. What Mr. Broderick ended up with—for his ramblings brought him to a conclusion was that love, the great dream of his life, had come to him strangely, and not only strangely but to find him handicapped. To put it plainly, he had fallen in love with a woman wholly out of his reach, since she was the love, also, of his friend.

In coming to this conclusion Mr. Broderick, on his entrance at nightfall to his own grounds, asked himself quite frankly, so frankly as to be himself surprised, whether he, or his friend, had the superior right. And it must be said that this thought did not diminish the vain-gloriousness of the big, oldish young man; he felt rather puffed up by it, his friend becoming in his sight somewhat trifling. If Mr. Everett was, as they had both admitted, sunlight, Mr. Broderick felt that he himself might, and that in an instant, become a storm that, if we may be so permitted to express it, would put the sunlight out of business.

An hour or so later, correct for it, as though entertaining chosen guests, Mr. Broderick was pleased to find that he had, in spite of what had seemed a lavish tea to the young lady, a good appetite for his dinner. There was nothing in this dinner so gently served to him—since it was all so familiar—to distract his thoughts, and if there was

one thing on this particular evening our young friend was bent upon it was upon not having his thoughts disturbed. He was bent upon this because he felt that an interruption might bring him face to face with himself, and he was quite sure he was not ready, certainly

not quite ready, for that.

Face to face with himself, action would be demanded, and he was not ready for action. Before he began, if he ever did begin, action, there were several questions to be decided. First of all, of course, whether he had the right to act, the right to, as it were, meddle, take a hand in the game of which without intention on his part he had become such a close observer. Was it, after all-he had only met the girl the evening before—any of his affair? And yet, had she herself not made it his affair, first by discussing it, a longdeferred intention bursting forth, with him, and then likening him to the rock of safety she must swim to in case of trouble? That there was a possibility that if he simply remained the rock she would swim to him he hardly doubted, but was it fair that he should wait until the waters dashed over her before he showed a shining surface, in other words, before he put out a hand, if only a hand, between her and the waters making ready, through the vagaries of the sun, the sun being Hal, to dash over

Considering all these things, what really was his position, his position including the fact that he had fallen in love with the girl, and also that he was a fitting mate for her? Except possibly the sunlight, he had everything to offer her that Hal had, and, in addition, chastity—she would be his first venture in real love. He thought he might safely add his constancy also—at any rate for a long time, until she herself might weary of him.

Mr. Broderick was too well versed in the theory of love to regard it as a permanent experience, but he did believe that, properly housed and nursed, it might be made to last a long time. He had known of instances, rare 'tis true, of its lasting for a man's lifetime. Mr. Broderick could not see why one love should not suffice a man provided the object proved worthy, and so tenderly sweet, so chaste and pure of purpose did this girl, his love, now seem that he could even understand it growing day by day more beautiful.

Then, after the serving of coffee, there came to Mr. Broderick an idea, almost a plan, that, figurativly at any rate, lifted him to his feet. He saw a way to put the sunlight out of business and let the storm—it surely would be a

storm-rage.

And what was the brilliant plan so suddenly devised by Mr. Broderick? Before divulging that plan it might be well to explain, a very important explanation, that there were two angles from which it might be viewed—a desperately selfish one, or a highly chival-rous one. Let us hope that even in the hour of its conception Mr. Broderick was under the spell of the latter. After all, provided the thought might come to one, it was a simple plan enough. And—here it is, or was:

Hal was in a sense under probation, engaged to the girl under a condition. His failure to comply with that condition would not only free him, but her. If—that is, she had said so—Hal even once more gave himself over to one of his abnormal absences, she, as she had declared, would end it all. Was it, Mr. Broderick put this question to himself, despicable to devise a means to put his friend Hal to the test demanded? Or was he acting honorably in freeing the girl he loved of a man who, and he had little doubt of this, would in the end break her heart?

This was, nor, scarcely, can it be denied, a novel and momentous question, ending up always with the question as to should he butt in at all. Mr. Broderick had not been able during the whole of his soliloquy, to disentangle himself from self-interest. First of all he must, and this unflinchingly, hold before his own eyes, himself in love with the girl. That he had in his secret heart become the rival of his friend he

never for one instant attempted to deny, nor could he, in spite of superior advantages in the manner of light-hearted charm, feel that they were evenly matched. If Mr. Everett, always in his mind and there intimately, were the champion light-weight in love, he was, on the other hand, equally the champion heavy. Once in the ring, he felt that there would be little question as to who would lie prone to the suspensive call of ten seconds.

"Am I," asked Mr. Broderick finally when he had taken an armchair beside the window and substituted his pipe for a cigarette, "acting honorably by the girl I love, or dishonorably, disgracefully, by the friend I also love?"

Mr. Broderick finally came to a decision in favor of the girl, or, if one might choose to be uncharitable, himself.

CHAPTER IX

THE following morning that dawned pale and uncertain—in fact, scarcely dawned at all, as we understand dawning—found Mr. Broderick in a sensuous mood, sensuous in the sense of being sympathetic to all things beautiful. Even the dismal scene, viewed from the gigantic window of his bedroom, of his grounds, the issuing stream and his tall trees half lost in vapor appeared beautiful to him.

Through this poetic mist he visualized the earth in spring, the skies in summer, the forests in autumn, and lastly a troubled ocean encircling a bare rock, and a woman, whose naked arms flashed, swimming desperately but steadily towards the rock. With this thought came a new self-revealing. He rejoiced in his strength, even that he was rather supremely, in his grim way, good looking, rejoiced in his hitherto clean life, in his repression, that he was a student, a kindly disposed cynic; rejoiced, also in his possessions, since they were his-in no other way now could he see them—to lay at her feet. She was his, his to be in this place, to escape him at intervals and be seated

like a gypsy on the first step leading down in the rear to spacious, sumptu-

ous grounds.

All these thoughts and the impression of a fair world mysteriously veiled were what had induced the sensuous mood. He almost recognized this when, upon entering the small breakfast room overlooking the selfsame vapor-draped trees, he experienced a pleasurable shock at the sight of a bowl of scarlet flowers occupying the centre of the table. Mr. Broderick actually thought of flowers in a new way, and when his silver pot of tea was at his right hand, he experienced a sense of reverence for God himself, who it seemed to him, all on a sudden, was a most lavish and artistic provider.

Breakfast over, Mr. Broderick took a horseback ride, with the hope, while riding his favorite nag, of coming to some defined conclusion as just how to put into execution his plan, his adherence to it, considering how wonderfully pleasant the morning had proved, he no

longer doubted.

His friend Hal was to be made to hang himself. No man being especially keen to perform such an act, the incentive leading up to it must be sufficiently strong, to allow of no blundering. His plan must not only work; it must work without a hitch. Also, it must work in such a manner as to cause the girl to dash headlong without question into the troubled sea and make for the rock.

If, while cantering along through beautiful, sweet smelling roads, Mr. Broderick found all this exciting, it is not surprising, nor can he be too harshly dealt with for this excitement, for was he not, our gallant young friend, bent upon that noblest of all missions—saving an innocent woman from distress, from a breaking heart? In one mad moment he even went so far—Mr. Broderick had seen women die from the neglect of attractive husbands of the like of Hal—as to think, predict an early grave.

On his return home, his mode of action having become determined, he

glanced through the amusement columns of his paper.

CHAPTER X

It happened—shall we say fortunately or unfortunately?—that the London theaters at this particular time were palpitating with feminine attractions, and one particular feminine attraction at one of the famous music halls had, to use the old phrase, taken the town

by storm.

Up to the present hour, while in a way something of a theater-goer, and, in his own mind, a critic of the doings therein, he had given no special thought to the declared beautiful creature. She appeared nightly against a curtain of black velvet as Venus. But now he decided to spend the present evening at the very music hall where the muchly-heralded beauty was disporting.

To this end he called a servant to see to it that a box close to the stage be reserved for him, and punctiliously on time, as he ever was for the theater, he found himself a somewhat conspicuous figure, alone in that box. Having, as he felt, come to an honorable conclusion, and still harboring the pleasant feeling of the morning, he gave himself up to an enjoyable mood of patience while awaiting the lady he had come to

At ten o'clock, the hour named for her appearance, a hush fell over the house, soft music sounded, the curtain rolled up, and all eyes—Mr. Broderick's certainly not excepted—became fixed on what appeared to be a fathomless sea of no color, but that was in reality the black velvet curtain against which the fair Austrian was to disclose the form that her critics declared (her critics being her press agents) was an extraordinary piece of human perfection.

In this lavish praise her critics were not wrong, and that, on the instant of her appearance Mr. Broderick, always broad minded, was fair enough to admit. As the posing went on, followed each time by the convulsive clapping of many hands, more especially male hands, he came to the conclusion that she was all that could be desired, that she in fact fitted in to a "T" with his plans. And then and there he decided upon the place for an after performance supper for the following evening, or as soon as it could be arranged, with the lady no doubt full up to her eyes with engagements.

To expedite things Mr. Broderick, who in his wisdom was not, as has been declared, above the old method of stooping to conquer, did not hesitate to fix the lady's attention on the handsome and well-to-do gentleman who was seated conspicuously alone in a box near the stage, namely himself. Several glances, ill concealed at that, exchanged between them told him, so palpably using his charms, that there was little doubt of his inducing her to forego other engagements to surrender

to him the following night.

The whole thing must have been managed adroitly enough, for the next evening, as though he had not left it at all, found Mr. Broderick in his box again, and a little later, marking a sharp contrast, his fair-haired, extraordinarily handsome friend Hal. Broderick's first defined thought, after the feeling of security that his friend was there beside him, was that, skillfully guided, he would have little trouble in switching the lady's admiration of him to Hal, that he would soon be able to transfer her eager anticipatory glances from his dark eyes to his friend's blue ones. That Hal was the most charming fellow in the world, and especially to the ladies, was gratefully acceded by him. That Hal was a man almost any woman would fall to, or for, filled him with more of the pleasurable emotions that he was becoming used to. As he had never been jealous of his friend's attractions he was even less jealous of them in the present moment. In fact, every charm possessed by his friend became an asset of his own in his eyes.

Having absolutely no doubt of his Hal falling into the rôle he was assigning him to play, at rate for the period of three weeks or so, it was up to him to see that the lady herself, the flagrantly announced and declared Venus of her day, played *her* rôle, the rôle of three weeks of capture, equally well.

The feast arranged by Mr. Broderick was to take place in one of the most sumptous of London's restaurants, and at the hour of eleven we see the lady garbed befittingly and resplendently, as one of a party of three therein, the other two being, it goes without saying, Mr. Broderick and his friend Hal. They were seated at a table that was a shade too ornately, even vulgarly perhaps, decorated with flowers. And as there were too many flowers, there was to be too mush wine, and also food. The lady was to be, in fact, dazzled, his way of throwing dust in her eyes-very beautiful eyes at that.

Having indulged in conversation, clever for his purposes, between the acts and on the way to the famous dining place they were now in, Mr. Broderick, after a very proper introduction, was content to look on at his play, quite sure of the last act, the final curtain. While his friend drank, and that plenteously, and fell to becoming, as such people do become, palpably enamored, he, through the fumes of cigarette smoke, gazed upon a troubled, a violently troubled, sea, through which a girl flashing bare arms swam out to a

stèadfast rock.

What Mr. Broderick felt was that when she had safely reached the rock they would both begin to live, and outlining, as he did, a wondrous life for them both, can we possibly condemn him for the means he chose to reach that end—the end being, as can hardly be doubted—that of preventing a man from breaking a girl's heart? If, with his eyes upon one of the handsomest faces he had ever seen, Mr. Broderick had any disquieting thoughts about deliberately sacrificing a friend, may it not be possible that he excused himself by centering upon his thought that this very friend was bent upon sacrificing the woman he loved? It seems only fair to give Mr. Broderick the benefit of the doubt, and to say—more especially since his friend's lips at the moment were pressed to those of a woman altogether a stranger to him an hour before—to say, and quite unreservedly, that he was justified in his deportment. Has it ever been denied that all's fair in love and war?

CHAPTER XI

THE thought flashed upon him one morning, a little later, when he stepped from his bath, that, having disposed of his friend, he should now begin, at last, to dispose of himself.

It must not, however, be for one instant supposed that Mr. Broderick disposed of his friend as easily as it appears. We have seen his act, the carrying out of a questionably conceived plan, but we have not become acquainted with all the thoughts and mental reservations that beset him on the way.

When we state he had grown a trifle thinner, certainly whiter, and that there had come to life in him a certain spiritual significance hitherto unnoticed, it may be safe to affirm that while he had rejoiced, as has been confided, in himself, he had also suffered for his friend. That Mr. Broderick, after the conclusion of two weeks, felt justified in his course there is little doubt. But there is little doubt, too, that while pursuing that course he had known pain.

All these malaises had to be stored away before he would feel equal, before his conscience would permit him, to present himself before the one who had, simply, it seemed, through being lovely, provoked them. But now Mr. Broderick was hungry for a sight of this one, this girl, which hunger might, in the minds of those uncharitably inclined, put to rout all his noble considerations.

It was about a week later that he decided to call on his friend Hal, whom he knew to be not there, knew to be safely out of his way, where, in spite of all, he had put him. He chose for his call that magic hour before dinner

when peoples are throwing off practicalities for the call of feasting and soft lights, that hour, more especially in London, which finds men enhanced by evening clothes, and women in ravishing costumes—costumes baring charms

that the day has concealed.

He found Mrs. Everett, as usual at this hour, in the drawing room, surrounded by the usual number of people for her evening's entertainment. Mr. Everett, Hal's father, had been heard to complain that he had never dined alone with either of his wives and on that ground he could easily excuse himself the many little suppers and lunches that he had with other women not averse to a table for two. That his wives were not, at any rate as far as he was concerned, given to secret consort with him, did not disturb him, as he had long since concluded that the only way for a husband to keep up a shadow of interest in his wife was to see her admired, nor could it be too ardently, by other men. He declared that he found the doctor quite stimulating, and was annoyed when he was not on hand.

The only thing, then—all this being known to Mr. Broderick from his confidential friend Hal-left to bewilder him was the transcendent loveliness of the girl, still, in all eyes but his, Hal's sweetheart. She was in a wholly unexpected costume of pale blue satin, as low cut and sleeveless as the rest-a dress that left her, in fact, quite as bare, as exposed, as the society she had entered demanded. It was a revelation not altogether, if a bit of a shock, unpleasing. Not only was she a strange creature who would steal away to back porches and crouch gypsy like on steps to look at the moon and stars, but she could, he took it all in with a glance, also grace his home. And as she thus shone out he did not give a hang what became of his unworthy friend, Hal.

This reckless moment, a supreme one, unloosened Mr. Broderick's powers. He was in a thrice at his best. It is difficult to make felt what a resplendent, compelling personality he actually was in this hour. Remember-

ing the man who had refused to be seated beside her on the verandah, who had been so coldly reserved on the grand-stand of the racetrack, so selfcontained at the tea shop, and who had parted so icily from her after putting her in a taxicab—to see this man holding the table, all naturally amazed, by flashes of learning and epigrammatic speech quite worthy of Wilde himself, or Shaw, to see his eyes flashing intelligence and passion above the white carnation, to see the carnation at all, was a surprise to the girl that took her off her feet. What she did not know, but was to learn later, was that she was witnessing a storm that had, as it were, suddenly come over the hills and eclipsed every ray of the sunlight of an hour before. Just as surely as there are storms that do that very thing, just so surely was Mr. Broderick eclipsing his friend Hal.

With startled eyes upon him, she grew demure, amazed. She felt instinctively, as any woman does feel these things, that this Mr. Broderick, and all he had become, was for her, and that she was for him. When the storm rages, when the thunders roar and lightning flashes, the sun is always forgotten. She was carried away and even a bit frightened, for the most daring flashes, she could feel, were directed at her.

It was only when dinner was over that she returned to herself, only then that she came back to Hal-his absence with no word of explanation—and herself humiliated and staggered. I say staggered because of her resolution not to continue being humiliated, now taking hourly a stronger hold on her. Suddenly she realized through her emotions that here in her hands was the chance that for days she had yearned for, the chance to talk to him, to Hal's friend, to put it all before him and ask his advice. It was all this that caused her at the first possible moment to steal away to the verandah, to make all as it was before, and wait for him.

But instead of going out to her, Mr.

Broderick bent all his energies to stimulating his hostess—that is, instead of seeking the girl in the spot she deemed advantageous to her interests, her interests being *his* interests, he devoted himself for the first time, greatly to the surprise of the lady, to Mrs. Everett.

A walk, following a feverish attack of impatience, through the grounds, led the already ruffled little American to a view of the conservatory, where, standing easily among the flowers, she saw Mr. Broderick towering over Mrs. Everett, who was putting forth, and easily plain to see, her fading charms to fascinate him.

It was at this moment that the girl, feeling herself abandoned in all directions, burst into tears, and with the abandonment of a true little American, fell to the ground and lay there shaken What this little American by sobs. was now feeling had been felt before by many another little American, to wit, that the ways and tactics of England were too much for her. Her mind flew to her Virginia home and those days, those hours, when Hal had so unreservedly, so beautifully, crowned her his queen. Again she wished she had died on the day he left for New York. But the workings of the human mind are strange, and all this was presently swallowed up in her desire for the, if only for a moment, exclusive presence of Mr. Broderick. What she felt was that if she could stand by his side and lay her hand, be it ever so lightly, on the sleeve that covered his strong arm, all would be well.

Hers was a nature that cannot respond to unworthiness, that is not fired by neglect. She had told the truth, Stab her pride sufficiently, and strength would come. Hal had stabbed her pride once too often; she yearned to be consoled by Mr. Broderick, to—what a wild thought!—not only touch the sleeve of his coat but fling herself in his arms to do her weeping on his broad breast, rather than on the flat ground.

When she entered the house he was gone and all that she received by way of consolation was a reprimand from Mrs. Everett, who told her she was simply making a fool of herself over that good-for-nothing chip of the old block, Hal, and that if she had any sense she would keep her eyes open and look around.

CHAPTER XII

To the majority of people waiting is tedious, but there is one kind of waiting that is not tedious. It is the waiting upon a joy that one feels is sure to come, and that one almost fears to face,

hardly dares have realized.

It was some such waiting that filled the hours of Mr. Broderick. May had drifted leisurely into June—what so beautiful as June in England?—and Mr. Broderick found himself in a world of floral rejoicing. All about him flowers were breaking into bloom, birds chirped and sang, and doors and windows were left open. So filled was he with all this loveliness appearing as it were out of nothing, unaided, in the world, that it actually seemed not only not tedious but most beautiful to wait.

And one late afternoon, while taking his tea alone in the garden, where roses clung to one end of an old granite wall, and where everything beautiful, including an ancient sundial, was offering itself to him with an added intensity, he dared to actually face, with a somewhat gorgeous sunset fading in the west, what it was that he was ac-

tually waiting for.

The answer being a woman, he fell to pondering upon the meaning of all this, the meaning, the many meanings, wrapped up in this patient waiting for a woman. As has been said, Mr. Broderick was, at least theoretically, thoroughly versed in love; he knew more about love, perhaps, than his friend Hal. But he was deficient on the practical side, and now it filled him with joy to feel that he awaited his first experience. He was soon, he felt it would be soon, to press his first kiss upon a woman's lips. Remembering the sweetness of the lips that were to receive his first kiss, that he had not

only seen smiles but sensitive tremors pass over them, he himself smiled and gave himself up to a tremor, too. He closed his eyes. How like the breaking of dawn, ushering in a day of re-

splendence!

So satisfying were the thoughts of Mr. Broderick on this lovely afternoon, as he dreamed his first dream of love, that it is quite safe to affirm that had his friend Hal returned, sprung up to interfere, he would have forsaken his subtle methods for purely obvious ones -that he would have declared himself Hal's rival and fought for the girl they both wanted in open combat. So bent now was Mr. Broderick upon the lady of his choice that had foul means failed to work-provided we consider them foul-he would have won her by fair, his superior strength, his superior advantages. He would have left nothing undone.

And while these very thoughts were upon him in front of him appeared a servant bearing in his hand a card with

her name engraved upon it.

"I have admitted the lady, sir," said

the footman, "to the library."

"I will see her," answered Mr. Broderick, quietly enough, "in the drawing-room. Have it fully lit and show her there."

In giving this order Mr. Broderick was not only bestowing upon the lady the consideration he wished to bestow upon her, but also gaining time for his

own composure.

When the lady herself, who had not only disturbed the composure of Mr. Broderick, but that of his servants as well, found herself in the drawing-room, a place, to use her own thoughts, quite as big as a barrack or public dance hall, she was somewhat over-powered by the magnificence of it. It was as exaggeratedly high as it was exaggeratedly spacious, it boasted innumerable windows and it was decorated in yellow satin. Being, according to Mr. Broderick's orders, fully lit, it was, this gigantic deep room, almost blindingly ablaze.

It cannot be denied, apart from what

had brought her here, that for the first moment after finding herself alone she felt dazed and confused. homes and big rooms were not new to her; but a room like this one, dating far and away beyond Colonial days, was almost appalling. She wore a dark dress, with dark gloves, had on a rather big hat, dark too, black maybe, and her face, greatly changed since Mr. Broderick last saw it, was markedly white and tragic. She did not sit down, but stood merely, with her hands hard clasped, gazing straight ahead of her at the door through which she had entered and through which she supposed Mr. Broderick would also enter to find

She was not to be disappointed. He did enter through that same door. Inside, he paused, glanced about as though to find her, and, having found her, of course, although she looked to him as small as a bird, he came forward to greet her.

It was only when standing directly in front of her that he divined that something most unusual, something far more than to report the continued absence of Hal, report and be advised, had brought her to his home alone, and at the unconventional hour of dusk?

"Have you," she asked in a husky voice as she waved greetings, "heard the news?"

"What news?"

She stared at him. There was nothing to help her then. He—this being all too evident apart from his denial—had not heard. It was incumbent upon her to tell, tell what she had come hoping merely to discuss.

With her eyes, agonized out of much of their beauty, held his steadfastly, as though she dare not shift them, she

began wringing her hands.

"It's all too trashy," she said, "flimsy! I can't talk about it."

"What is?"

"Hal," she got it out, burst it forth, "is dead, you know!"

Her eyes did not shift, nor did his. "Dead?" he echoed.

"Yes."

She wondered if it was she who was speaking. It was not her voice. The light was strong. Her eyes shifted a second and then went back to their place in his. Could she go on?

"Yes," she repeated. "He was shot in Vienna last night. It's all in the papers. An Austrian count shot him about a woman, an actress, or something. Here," she opened her handbag nervously, "is the account of it. There can be no doubt. It was just like Hal. The woman had been acting or something, at the Palace, posing, I believe. She went to Vienna from here. Hal The count—here, read went with her. it-was in love with her. Hal laughed at him and kissed the woman in his presence. The man, this count, shot him and then himself. He fired at the woman, too, but she escaped. Didn't I tell you," she began to laugh, to gurgle a laugh, "it's all too trashy, flimsy, theatric; it makes me ashamed. He was mine you know, mine! We were going to be married, you know it all, if— And he could insult me this way! And I didn't get the chance to resent it! He's gone!"

For just a moment Mr. Broderick's eyes were beyond her. But for a moment only, for another hysterical outburst brought him back to her.

"It's the most horrible thing," he heard her saying, "that ever happened, isn't it?"

"I can't say that."

Mr. Broderick hardly knew what he had answered.

"But it is, though, for me, his family

-even you!"

"Yes," said Mr. Broderick, with his mind on the woman two men had died for, the beautiful woman he had introduced, painted in on the scene, "even me."

His voice was cold, his mannercolder. It affected her, threw her back on herself. She saw where she was. Her eyes strayed a moment and shifted to settle in a stare in his.

"I suppose," she said, "you think I

shouldn't have come here!"

For just a brief moment Mr. Brode-

rick saw the bare rock in mid-ocean and the white flashing arms of a woman swimming desperately towards it.

"I understand your coming," he said

to her, rather gently.

"I had to! I've been nearly crazy there in the house alone!"

"Alone?"

"Yes, and I'm afraid to go back there! They, Mr. and Mrs. Everett, have gone on to Vienna for the body.

Hal's body!"

She paused terror-struck as if the whole significance of things were drowning her. For an instant she disappeared under the turbulent waves.

"I'm afraid I might do something

desperate!"

"You won't do anything desperate."

"I might!"

"You will wait there for me."

"You?"

"Yes, I will follow you immediately."

"Can't you," her hand touched his sleeve, and she was whispering, "go with me?"

Instinctively Mr. Broderick's eyes travelled in the direction of the servants' quarters.

"No," he said. "I will follow you."

He walked over and rang.

When the servant entered he ended the interview by ordering that she be conducted to her car.

CHAPTER XIII

THAT which confronted Mr. Broderick when he found himself alone was not the girl now rapidly speeding from him with his rather emphatic consent, not what his servants might or were thinking, but solely himself. It may be that his too quick acquiescence, without even the offer of a glass of wine to appease her strain, was due to the necessity he felt to face himself and face himself alone.

If we have attempted to deal leniently with Mr. Broderick in the past, how much more are we called upon now, not only to deal but to extend, enlarge upon that leniency! Certain it is that while he did intend premeditatedly to wing his game, and so cause the bird to fall and flutter awhile in the bullrushes of his imagination, he had not expected to kill. What he wanted, all that he wanted, was to get it for the time being out of his way while he brought down fairer game, another bird.

Believing this, one can well imagine the feelings of Mr. Broderick, thus facing himself as a murderer, not only a murderer, but the murderer of his best

friend, his life-long companion!
"Hal," said Mr. Broderick aloud as he groped his way about the big room, "dear old chap!" And those were the only words that, out of an avalanche of muddled_thought, fell from his lips.

There is something majestic about a conquering hero suddenly become a man battling to conquer the turbulent workings, the regrets and reproaches of his own heart. And such surely, at the moment, was Mr. Broderick—a man unquestionably the victor, unquestionably on the verge of all he had striven for, but with a crushed and, as a matter of fact, almost breaking heart. It is all very well for the storm with its own beneficial ends in view to put out the sunlight for a while, but alas, not altogether, with no hope of its ever shining again! That was just what this big and now ungainly fellow, who looked his sorrow, had done.

Perhaps, by way of extending our leniency, we may argue that Mr. Broderick had nothing to do with the whole tragic affair. Perhaps no one has anything to do with what he does. At any rate, that is how Mr. Broderick —after all young and boyish—was trying to see the thing. Let us endeavor

to join him in this effort.

Perhaps to fight his opponent was more than natural, a preordained arrangement, a result of his inheritance. Perhaps he was the descendant of some old Roman who had transmitted not only the inclination to conquer whatever was in his way, but also the method, the strategy. Perhaps all these things that he was doing, felt called upon to do, in a social way, namely to

win, at any cost, the thing he strove for, were but the echoes woven in him of the spirit of some gallant old soldier of war. Certainly, like a soldier, he could rest in his tent; certainly he could survey his field; and certainly he could plan and act. If it happened that in his day and generation his field of action was the social world, his object of attainment a woman's heart, was he not at heart none the less a brave, cool, deliberate—we hate to say unscrupulous, too—warrior?

It has not been claimed for Mr. Broderick that he was a simple man, direct in all he did; on the contrary, he was a very complex man, rather given to being indirect. He was not outspoken and frank. He was both secretive and discreet. Nevertheless it cannot be said that he was not both brave and courageous, a man in full consciousness of his own convictions. If wisdom had taught him caution, taught him to move with deliberation and deadly aim, is there anyone so bold, so daring, as to decry wisdom? his life scorning wants, scarcely recognizing that they, his wants, had been supplied, he now found himself at the end of the road.

Suddenly, though, his tears only partially controlled, Mr. Broderick was again on his feet. If he had, grant all the worst, murdered, been the instrument of that quick murder of his friend, had he not saved her, the woman he loved—and of this he had not a shadow of doubt—from slow murder, a slow death.

Seeing it in this way, feeling this as his excuse, his eyes even yet blinded by the sunlight, the sunlight still being Hal, he was nevertheless now ready, the great storm of love that he was, to go bravely, with head erect, to the woman who had from the first moment of their meeting, made him what he was today.

Mr. Broderick knew why he could thus hold up his head and go forth undaunted to a questionable task. Long ago, long ago as his university days, he had made wisdom his friend, and does not wisdom first, last and always teach that very lesson, that whether the past be good, bad, indifferent, or even pronouncedly evil, one must still stand erect and march forward to one's goal?

CHAPTER XIV

HE found her where he had first actually discovered her, where he had first actually loved her, crouched up, in fact, on the top step of the five leading to the grounds of the home she had become an inmate of.

As she sprang to her feet at the sound of his footstep, and stood staring wild-eyed at him, the black dress blotting out all of her except neck, face and arms, he could have sworn that the darkness parting them was the seething ocean through which she was making her way to him, through which she was swimming out to the rock. And feeling this, Mr. Broderick became that rock, hard as adamant to all that had occurred through him to her and himself, even to Hal.

Standing there, illumined by his indifference to all but the present moment that was hurling her at him, into his arms, he remained tautly rigid awaiting her approach.

And she did approach with a leap! "What's to become of me?" she asked breathlessly.

"You are quite all right", said Mr. Broderick. "You have reached port, that's all.

"Reached port?"

"Yes," he vigorously covered the distance between them, "you have reached me. I am what it all means. You came to England to me. Hal was the envoy of the invisibles to bring you to me, the gilded messenger elected to go for you. His part is over, yours and mine begun. It is quite logical. You are mine. You have always been mine. You must learn to know that, to feel it, that Hal crossed the seas to bring you to me. Can you," he bent to her, "learn to feel that?"

"No," she pushed him from her, "go

away.' I can never learn to feel anything!" She was half whispering.

"You are feeling now," he retorted

sharply.

"Yes," she still whispered, "I am feeling. I am feeling all the horror!" She stepped back facing him, charged

with an added alarm.

"I'm unnerved," she burst forth, "unnerved. I'm all unstrung! It's not so that I am feeling! I didn't tell the truth! I can't feel—I can't think!"

He surprised her by a placid smile. "You can think of me!" he said.

"You!" she covered her eyes with one of the hands that had worked ruin, but immediately freed her gaze.

"No," she said, staring bewildered, as though she had never seen him before, "go away, you frighten me!"

Mr. Broderick even smiled again as

he answered.

"You are quite safe."

He paused then as though to make sure of his way, make sure perhaps of not too quickly going too far. But went on, speaking with deliberation and em-

phasis.

"It is your love for me that is alarming you. You are afraid that in the circumstances it is sacrilege. is not. It is fate. I have told you it was all arranged. You are to blame for nothing, nor," he straightened and his eyes blazed a moment, "am I. It's all fate," he repeated, "meet it, meet it bravely, as-as I shall!"

She again stepped back from him,

her features growing a bit haggard. "Why do you tell me," she flung at him, her voice now ringing, "that I love you? It's wicked for you to say that! The whole thing is wicked, wicked—a hollow mockery!"

"If we make it such," Mr. Broderick

answered, calmly enough.

A strange light seemed then to settle upon his face and he opened his arms

"Never mind it all," he said in a low voice. "Come to me, come into my arms!"

She laughed in his face, nervously, hysterically, and stood staring at him, blinded by the beauty of the light upon his stern, immobile countenance that was so like sun on an old grev rock.

"Come!" he repeated.

"No!"

"Come!" "No!"

He advanced a step to fire his fatal

"I love you!" he thrust at her.

"Stop!" Her eyes flashed and her hands flew up. "Go away!"

"I love you!"

"Go away! I'm afraid of you!"

"I love you!"

She swayed slightly and her left hand with the fingers opened sought her cheek.

"My God!" she said with her eyes fastened on his.

"Come!"

"No!"

The beating of her heart frightened her, but she took a step forward.

Her no failed her, and she remained motionless, trying to shift her gaze, trying not to look at him. She persisted in this, kept it up for several moments, and then, as though the lightning of the storm he had elected to make of himself, the lightning of his eyes had struck her, she gave a low cry, staggered up and threw herself sobbing into his arms.

He held her thus, hard pressed to him, the night alone catching the look, the godlike wicked triumph of his face, until a servant appeared and announced that the Doctor had arrived to see

She broke from him, looking around.

"The Doctor!" she exclaimed.

"I ordered him to come," said Mr. Broderick, "to offer you the attention you need. He will give you something to put you to sleep."
"You did that," she breathed, "you

"You did that," thought of that?"

He dismissed the servant with a mes-

sage and then bent low to her.

"I love you. I shall remember everything," he said, and turned and left her.

CHAPTER XV

A WARM, sweet night in late August, dense with the perfumes of recent harvests. Another rear verandah, deeper, broader, a verandah of old granite, opening out upon a lawn of sumptuous splendor with far reaching scenes beyond, far reaching nature scenes veiled by night. No moon. Dampness. Heat. Two beings on a low swinging porch seat, half lost in the shadows of night, half saturated by the midnight dampness and the heat.

HE: (Bending toward her.) Do you

flove me?

SHE: (Under her breath) Yes! I love you!

HE: Are you sure?

SHE: (Faintly.) Yes, I am sure.

HE: No one else?

SHE: (Dreamily.) No one else.

HE: No thing else? SHE: No thing else.

HE: You have forgotten every one

and all things but me?

SHE: (Looking out on the night.) I have forgotten every one and every thing but you.

HE: (Sharply) All your past?

SHE: Yes. HE: Him?

SHE: (Slowly) Yes.

HE: Virginia?

SHE: (Slowly) Yes. (She turns quickly to him) You will (her voice is eager) take me there some day?

HE: You are not to think of that! Do you love me enough to see only the present, only me?

SHE: (Faintly) Yes.

HE: Can you stand more of my embraces?

SHE: No!

HE: May I kiss you once more?

SHE: No!

HE: (Angrily) Then I will leave you.

SHE: No! No!

(He kisses her long and passionately.)

SHE: (Lying back and closing her eyes) Ah!

S.S.-Nov.-3

(Silence, breathlessness, and more fragrance stealing in out of the meadows.)

SHE: (With her eyes still closed)

Kiss me again.

HE: No!

SHE: (Laughing) Half a kiss.

HE: No!

SHE: My fingers then?

HE: No!

SHE: Let me run them through your hair.

HE: No!

SHE: I love your hair!

HE: (Bending to her) You are a temptress.

SHE: (Opening her eyes) I am what

you have made me.
HE: What is that?

SHE: I don't know. HE: Shall I tell you? SHE: Yes, tell me!

HE: My mistress.

SHE: (Laughing) But we are married.

HE: That is for the world.

SHE: It is for me.

HE: Yes, for you! Everything is for you!

SHE: Whatever I am, it is your fault.

HE: I admit that. Do you mind? SHE: I mind nothing. I love you!

HE: (Jealously) Entirely?

SHE: Yes; entirely. I worship you. If I thought tomorrow night would not be like this one I should die.

HE: (Speaking rapidly) A year from now we shall give a formal dinner. I may then be able to introduce you as my wife. Until then you are nothing but my love!

(She laughs softly. A bird sings and

she springs forward to listen.)

SHE: What is that? HE: A nightingale.

SHE: I have never heard one before. HE: He knows that and is singing to

(The bird ceases and she leans back in her pillows.)

SHE: I am tired.

HE: (Starting to rise) Go to your room; go to rest!

SHE: No, no, I can't! Listen! The bird is singing again! Such a sound! How beautiful!

HE: You are beautiful.

SHE: (Reaching out to listen) Ah! it has stopped! (She leans back again in her pillows.)

(Silence. More fragrance. She

sleeps. He watches. The bird sings at intervals. His thoughts stray. He is thinking of Hal. He thinks he sees Hal coming up the walk, and springs to his feet.)

(It awakens her and she springs up too. He leads her away, rather quickly,

into the house.)



Suspense

By Dennison Varr

L A PALOMA, the queen of the air, started on her precarious trip across the tight rope. Thousands of eyes followed her eagerly as she progressed step by step. Little by little she advanced, nearer and nearer to her goal. Soon only a few steps separated her from the end. Suddenly a groan arose from the multitude below. She had reached the other side in safety.



THE hardest moment in the life of a woman is when she marches up the aisle, observes her victim emerging from the vestry-room with his best man, hears the first raucous measures of the "Lohengrin" march—and has to throttle the impulse to give three cheers.



E XPERIENCE is the product of having sinned and been punished for it. Wisdom is the product of having sinned and got away with it.



A WOMAN'S ideal is the sort of man her husband would have been if he had never married her.



I Want to Know Why?

By Sherwood Anderson

E got up at four in the morning that first day in the East. On the evening before we had climbed off a freight train at the edge of town and with the true instinct of Kentucky boys had found our way across town and to the race track and the stables at once. Then we knew we were all right. Pete Carroll right away found a nigger he knew. It was Bildad Johnson, who in the winter works at Ed Becker's livery barn in our

home town, Beckersville.

Bildad is a good cook, as almost all our niggers are, and of course he, like everyone in our part of Kentucky who is anyone at all, likes the horses. In the spring Bildad begins to scratch around. A nigger from our country can flatter and wheedle anyone into letting him do most anything he wants. Bildad wheedles the stable men and the trainers from the horse farms in our country around Lexington. The trainers come into town in the evening to stand around and talk and maybe get into a poker game. Bildad gets in with them. He is always doing little favors and telling about things to eat, chicken browned in a pan and how is the best way to cook sweet potatoes and corn bread. It makes your mouth water to hear him.

When the racing season comes on and the horses go to the races and there is all the talk on the streets in the evenings about the new colts and everyone says when they are going over to Lexington or to the spring meeting at Churchill Downs or to Latonia and the horsemen that have been down to New Orleans or maybe at the winter meeting at Havana in Cuba come home to spend

a week before they start out again—at such a time when everything talked about in Beckersville is just horses and nothing else and the outfits start out and horse racing is in every breath of air you breathe, Bildad shows up with a job as cook for some outfit. Often when I think about it, his always going all season to the races and working in the livery barn in the winter where horses are and where men like to come and talk about horses, I wish I was a nigger. It's a foolish thing to say, but that's the way I am about being around horses, just crazy. I can't help it.

Well, I must tell you about what we did and let you in on what I'm talking

about.

Four of us boys from Beckersville, all whites and sons of men who live in Beckersville regular, made up our minds we were going to the races, not just to Lexington or Louisville, I don't mean, but to the big eastern track we were always hearing our Beckersville men talk about, to Saratoga. We were all pretty young then. I was just turned fifteen and I was the oldest of the four. It was my scheme. I admit that and I talked the others into trying There was Pete Carroll and Henry Rieback and Tom Tumberton and myself. I had thirty-seven dollars I had earned during the winter, working nights and Saturdays in Enoch Myer's grocery. Henry Rieback had eleven dollars and the others, Pete and Tom, had only a dollar or two each. We fixed it all up and laid low until the Kentucky spring meetings were over and some of our men, the sportiest ones, the ones we envied the most, had cut out, then we cut out too.

I won't tell you the trouble we had beating our way on freights and all. We went through Cleveland and Buffale and other cities and saw Niagara Falls. We bought things there, souvenirs and spoons and cards and shells with pictures of the falls on them for our sisters and mothers, but thought we had better not send any of the things home. We didn't want to put the folks on our trail and maybe be nabbed.

We got into Saratoga as I said at night and went to the track. Bildad fed us up. He showed us a place to sleep in hay over a shed and promised to keep still. Niggers are all right about things like that. They won't squeal on you. Often a white man you might meet when you had run away from home like that might appear to be all right and give you a quarter or a half dollar or something and then go right and give you away. White men will do that but not a nigger. You can trust them. They are squarer with kids. I don't know why.

At the Saratoga meeting that year there were a lot of men from home. Dave Williams and Arthur Mulford and Jerry Myers and others. there were a lot from Louisville and Lexington, Henry Rieback knew but I They were professional gamblers and Henry Rieback's father is one He is what is called a sheet writer and goes away most of the year to tracks. In the winter when he is home in Beckersville he don't stay there much but goes away to cities and deals faro. He is a nice man and generous, is always sending Henry presents, a bicycle and a gold watch and a boy scout suit of clothes and things like that.

My own father is a lawyer. He is all right, but don't make much money and can't buy me things, and anyway I'm getting so old now I don't expect it. He never said nothing to me against Henry, but Pete Carroll and Tom Tumberton's fathers did. They said to their boys that money so come by was no good and they didn't want their

boys brought up to hear gamblers talk and be thinking about such things and maybe embrace them.

That's all right and I guess the men know what they are talking about, but I don't see what it's got to do with Henry or with horses either. That's what I'm writing this story about. I'm puzzled. I'm getting to be a man and want to think straight and be O. K. and there's something I saw at the race meeting at the eastern track I can't

figure out.

I can't help it, I'm crazy about thoroughbred horses. I've always been that way. When I was ten years old and saw I was growing to be big and couldn't be a rider I was so sorry I nearly died. Harry Hellinfinger in Beckersville, whose father is Postmaster, is grown up and too lazy to work, but likes to stand around in the street and get up jokes on boys like sending them to a hardware store for a gimlet to bore square holes and other jokes like that. He played one on me. He told me that if I would eat a half a cigar I would be stunted and not grow any more and maybe could be a rider. I did it. When father wasn't looking I took a cigar out of his pocket and gagged it down some way. It made me awful sick and the doctor had to be sent for and then it did no good. kept right on growing. It was a joke. When I told what I had done and why, most fathers would have whipped me, but mine didn't.

Well, I didn't get stunted and I didn't die. It serves Harry Hellinfinger right. Then I made up my mind I would like to be a stable boy, but had to give that up, too. Mostly niggers do that work and I knew father wouldn't let me go into it. No use to ask him.

If you've never been crazy about thoroughbreds it's because you've never been around where they are much and don't know any better. They're beautiful. There isn't anything so lovely and clean and full of spunk and honest and everything as some race horses. On the big horse farms that are all around

our town of Beckersville there are tracks and the horses run in the early morning. More than a thousand times I've got out of bed before daylight and walked two or three miles to the tracks. Mother wouldn't of let me go, but father always says, "Let him alone," so I got some bread out of the bread box and some butter and jam, gobbled it and lit out.

At the tracks you sit on the fence with men, white and niggers, and they chew tobacco and talk and then the colts are brought out. It's early and the grass is covered with shiny dew and in another field a man is plowing and they are frying things in a shed where the track niggers sleep and you know how a nigger can giggle and laugh and say things that make you laugh. A white man can't do it and some niggers can't, but a track nigger can every time.

And so the colts are brought out and some are just galloped by stable boys, but almost every morning on a big track, owned by a rich man who lives maybe in New York, there are always, nearly every morning, a few colts and some of the old race horses and geldings and mares that are cut loose.

It brings a lump up into my throat when a horse runs. I don't mean all horses, but some. I can pick them nearly every time. It's in my blood like in the blood of race track niggers and trainers. Even when they just go slop jogging along with a little nigger on their backs I can tell a winner. If my throat hurts and it's hard for me to swallow, that's him. He'll run like Sam Hill when you let him out. If he don't win every time it'll be a wonder and because they've got him in a pocket behind other horses or he was pulled or got off bad at the post or something. If I wanted to be a gambler like Henry Rieback's father I could get rich. I know I could and Henry says so, too. All I would have to do is to wait 'till that hurt comes when I see a horse and then bet every That's what I would do if I wanted to be a gambler, but I don't.

When you're at the tracks in the morning—not the race tracks but the training tracks around Beckersville—you don't see a horse, the kind I've been talking about, very often, but it's nice anyway. Any thoroughbred, that is sired right and out of a good mare and trained by a man that knows how, can win. If he couldn't what would he be there for and not pulling a plow?

Well, out of the stables they come and the boys are on their backs and it's lovely to be there. You hunch down on top of the fence and itch inside you. Over in the sheds the niggers giggle and sing. Bacon is being fried and coffee made. Everything smells lovely. Nothing smells better than coffee and manure and horses and niggers and bacon frying and pipes being smoked out of doors on a morning like that. It just gets you, that's what it does.

But about Saratoga. We was there six days and not a soul from home seen us and everything came off just as we wanted it to, fine weather and horses and races and all. We beat our way home and Bildad gave us a basket with fried chicken and bread and other eatables in and I had eighteen dollars when we got back to Beckersville. Mother jawed and cried, but pop didn't say much. I told everything we done except one thing. I did and saw that alone. That's what I'm writing about. It got me upset. I think about it at night. Here it is.

II

At Saratoga we laid up nights in the hay in the shed Bildad had showed us and ate with the niggers early and at night when the race people had all gone away. The men from home stayed mostly in the grandstand and betting field and didn't come out around the places where the horses are kept except to the paddocks where the horses are saddled just before a race.

At Saratoga they don't have paddocks under an open shed as at Lexington and Churchill Downs and other tracks down in our country, but saddle the horses right out in an open place under trees on a lawn as smooth and nice as Banker Bohon's front yard here in Beckersville. It's lovely. The horses are sweaty and nervous and shine and the men come out and smoke cigars and look at them and the trainers are there and the owners and your heart thumps so you can hardly breathe.

Then the bugle blows for post and the boys that ride come running out with their silk clothes on and you run to get a place by the fence with the

niggers.

I always am wanting to be a trainer or owner and at the risk of being seen and caught and sent home I went to the paddocks before every race. The other

boys didn't, but I did.

We got to Saratoga on a Friday and on Wednesday the next week the big Mullford Handicap was to be run. Middlestride was in it and Sunstreak. The weather was fine and the track fast. I couldn't sleep the night before.

What had happened was that both these horses are the kind it makes my throat hurt to see. Middlestride is long and looks awkward and is a gelding. He belongs to Joe Thompson, a little owner from home who only has a half dozen horses. The Mullford Handicap is for a mile and Middlestride can't untrack fast. He goes away slow and is always way back at the half, then he begins to run and if the race is a mile and a quarter he'll just eat up everything and get there.

Sunstreak is different. He is a stallion and nervous and belongs on the biggest farm we've got in our country, the Van Riddle place that belongs to Mr. Van Riddle of New York. Sunstreak is like a girl you think about sometimes, but never see. He is hard all over and lovely, too. When you look at his head you want to kiss him. He is trained by Jerry Tillford, who knows me and has been good to me lots of times, let me walk into a horse's stall to look at him close and other things.

There isn't anything as sweet as that

horse. He stands at the post quiet and not letting on but he is just burning up inside. Then when the barrier goes up he is off like his name, Sunstreak. It makes you ache to see him. It hurts you. He just lays down and runs like a bird dog. There can't anything I ever see run like him except Middlestride when he gets untracked and stretches himself.

Gee, I ached to see that race and those two horses run, ached and dreaded it, too. I didn't want to see either of our horses beaten. We had never sent a pair like that to the races before. Old men in Beckersville said so and the niggers said so. It was a fact.

Before the race I went over to the paddocks to see. I looked a last look at Middlestride, who isn't such a much standing in the paddocks that way,

then I went to see Sunstreak.

It was his day. I knew when I see him. I forgot all about being seen myself and walked right up. All the men from Beckersville were there and none noticed me except Jerry Tillford. He saw me and something happened. I'll

tell you about that.

I was standing looking at that horse and aching. In some way, I can't tell how, I knew just how Sunstreak felt inside. He was quiet and letting the niggers rub his legs and Mr. Van Riddle himself put the saddle on, but he was just a raging torrent inside. He was like the water in the river at Niagara Falls just before it goes plunk down so far.

That horse wasn't thinking about running. He don't have to think about that. He was just thinking about holding himself back 'til the time for the running came. I knew that. I could just in a way see right inside him. He was going to do some awful running and I knew it. He wasn't bragging or letting on much or prancing or making a fuss, but just waiting. I knew it and Jerry Tillford, his trainer, knew. I looked up and then that man and I looked into each other's eyes. Something happened to me.

I guess I loved the man as much as

I did the horse because he knew what I knew. Seemed to me there wasn't anything in the world but that man and the horse and me. I cried and Jerry Tillford had a shine in his eyes. Then I came away to the fence to wait for the race. The horse was better than me, more steadier, and now I know better than Jerry. He was the quietest and he had to do the running.

Sunstreak ran first, of course, and he busted the world's record for a mile. I've seen that if I never see anything more. Everything came out just as I expected. Middlestride got left at the post and was way back and closed up to be second just as I knew he would. He'll get a world's record, too, some day. They can't skin the Beckersville

country on horses.

I watched the race calm because I knew what would happen. I was sure. Pete Carroll and Henry Rieback and Tom Tumberton were all more excited than me.

A funny thing had happened to me. I was thinking about Jerry Tillford, the trainer, and how happy he was all through the race. I liked him that afternoon even more than I ever liked my own father. I almost forgot the horses thinking that way about him. It was because of what I had seen in his eyes as he stood in the paddocks beside Sunstreak before the race started. knew he had been watching and working with Sunstreak since the horse was a baby colt, had taught him to run and be patient and when to let himself out and not to quit, never. I knew that for him it was like a mother seeing her child do something brave or wonderful. It was the first time I ever felt for a man like that.

After the race that night I cut out from Tom and Pete and Henry. I wanted to be by myself and I wanted to be near Jerry Tillford if I could work it. Here is what happened.

III

THE track in Saratoga is near the edge of town. It is all polished up and

trees around, the evergreen kind, and grass and everything painted and nice. If you go past the track you get to a hard road made of asphalt for automobiles and if you go along this for a few miles there is a road turns off to a little rummy-looking farmhouse set in a yard.

That night after the race I went along that road because I had seen Jerry and some other men go that way in an automobile. I didn't expect to find them. I walked for a ways and then sat down by a fence to think. It was the direction they went in. I wanted to be as near Jerry as I could. I felt close to him.

Pretty soon I went up the side road —I don't know why—and came to the rummy farmhouse. I was just lonesome to see Jerry, like wanting to see your father at night when you are a young kid. Just then an automobile came along and turned in. Jerry was in it and Henry Rieback's father and Arthur Bedford from home and Dave Williams and two other men I didn't know. They got out of the car and went into the house, all but Henry Rieback's father, who guarreled with them and said he wouldn't go. It was only about nine o'clock, but they were all drunk and the rummy-looking farmhouse was a place for bad women to stay in. That's what it was. I crept up along a fence and looked through a window and saw.

It's what give me the fantods. I can't make it out. The women in the house were all ugly, mean-looking women, not nice to look at or be near. They were homely, too, except one who was tall and looked a little like the gelding Middlestride, but not clean like him but with a hard, ugly mouth. She had red hair.

I saw everything plain. I got up by an old rose bush by an open window and looked. The women had on loose dresses and sat around in chairs. The men came in and some sat on the women's laps. The place smelled rotten and there was rotten talk, the kind a kid hears around a livery stable in a

town like Beckersville in the winter but don't ever expect to hear talked when there are women around. It was rotten. A nigger wouldn't go into such a

place.

I looked at Jerry Tillford. I've told you how I had been feeling about him on account of his knowing what was going on inside of Sunstreak in the minute before he went to the post for the race in which he made a world's record.

Jerry bragged in that bad women house as I know Sunstreak wouldn't never have bragged. He said that he made that horse, that it was him that won the race and made the record. He lied and bragged like a fool. I never

heard such silly talk.

And then what do you suppose he did? He looked at the woman in there, the one that was lean and hardmouthed and looked a little like the gelding Middlestride, but not clean like him, and his eyes began to shine just as they did when he looked at me and at Sunstreak in the paddocks at the track in the afternoon. I stood there by the window-gee, but I wished I hadn't gone away from the tracks but had stayed with the boys and the niggers and the horses. The tall, badlooking woman was between us just as Sunstreak was in the paddocks in the afternoon.

Then, all of a sudden, I began to hate that man. I wanted to scream and

rush in the room and kill him. I never had such a feeling before. I was so mad clean through that I cried again and my fists were doubled up so my finger nails cut my hands.

And Jerry's eyes kept shining and he weaved back and forth and then he went and kissed that woman and I crept away and went back to the tracks and to bed and didn't sleep hardly any and the next day I got the other kids to start home with me and never told

them anything I seen.

I been thinking about it ever since. I can't make it out. Spring has come again and I'm nearly sixteen and go to the tracks mornings same as always and I see Sunstreak and Middlestride and a new colt named Strident I'll bet will lay them all out, but no one thinks so but me and two or three niggers.

But things are different. tracks the air don't taste as good or smell as good. It's because a man like Jerry Tillford, who knows what he does, could see a horse like Sunstreak run and then kiss a woman like that, and the same day, too. I can't make it out. Darn him, what did he want to do like that for? I keep thinking about it and it spoils looking at horses and smelling things and hearing niggers laugh and everything. Sometimes I'm so mad about it I want to fight someone. It gives me the fantods. What did he do it for? I want to know why.



A MAN often has heart enough to love two women at a time, but he seldom has wit enough to get away with it.



THE American triangle: the wife, the husband and the detective.



The Little Grisette

By John C. Cavendish

HE is not a pure racial type: whilst her hair is yellow, it has no curl, and her eyes, instead of blue, are brown.

She appears in the office at quarter of nine, stares all around, fingers the mail on the boss's desk, then leisurely removes her hat and coat. Afterward,

she attends to her hair.

With a twiddling motion of the fingers she produces small, ill-defined corkscrews from two or three wisps that have blown down upon her neck, pats the curious puffs—each like the chrysalis of some extraordinary pupa—that cover her ears, finishes the job with the aid of a hand-mirror and a touch of powder for her nose.

She goes to her desk, raises the typewriter from its well, sits down and for a time stares out of the window with-

out seeing anything.

Her boss appears. At the sight of him she pats her hair again and with a movement of her shoulders, half rhythmic, half jerking, she pulls the fallen straps of her chemise back into place.

These are small, pink ribbons, somewhat faded and very long in the back so that in this quarter the top of the chemise, plainly visible through her cheap Georgette crêpe waist, falls below the angle of her sharp scapulae; in front her little chest is bare for several inches underneath the distinct hollows of her clavical bones.

The boss walks over to her desk, and she taps the space bar of her typewriter several times, reaches for her notebook, pushes her pencil into her hair, and smiles. She observes that he is in a bad humour, but she does not care; she feels her feminine superiority to him; she knows that he is afraid of his wife.

The boss has never made love to her, for which she is neither glad nor sorry. What he might do in the future is another matter. Nothing could surprise her, for to be surprised demands imagination. If at any time he asks her to go out with him, she will not refuse; she will make him take her to the best place she can think of, make him spend all the money she can, give him a cold look when he becomes insinuating, have herself brought home in a taxi if possible, and then, whilst he stands on the sidewalk, smile very sweetly and run indoors. He will never get fresh with her!

Until twelve o'clock she transcribes from his dictation and then, running a little water over her hands, powdering her face again, patting her hair once more, she glides from the office to go out for lunch. She never brings her lunch; that is not refined.

On the street she meets her friend

Betty.

"Hello, kid!" she says.

"Hello, kid!"

"Say, maybe I wasn't on a swell party last night, kid! You ought've been along! One of the fellas has his car and we drove out to the Inn. They have—"

"I don't care much for the Inn."
"Why, kid, the cheque came to—"

"I know, it's expensive and all that, but the orchestra's no good. I don't care much for the bunch that goes there, either."

"Well, I'm not crazy about the crowd that goes there; maybe you're right. We had a swell time though. He's the nicest fella!" "Who is this fella with the car?"

"Never mind; I'm going to have you meet him soon."

"Has he got any friends?"

"Sure he has; there's another fella he knows that you'll like that isn't afraid to spend; we'll have a little party soon."

"Well, don't forget then, kid!"

"No, I won't forget."

"Isn't it hot?"

"I thought I'd melt."

"So did I!"

"Well, so long, then."

"So long."

She strolls on, with an expression of superior indifference on her little face and no thoughts at all in her little head.

Indeed, it is not required that she have thoughts. A place exists for her in the social system and her destiny is assured; she herself is assured. As she returns to the office she goes to her work with neither interest, understanding, nor enthusiasm. The office work is not a vocation; it is a step, a necessary step, upon which she has paused, a month, a year, two years. Finally she will have a husband.

She does not dream wildly of that moment, because there is no fire of

dreaming in her little yellow head. Having no visions, no tragedy will ever come to her; disillusionment is impossible. She has some shrewd ideas about her future marriage; it will bring her, not everything she could desire, but a certain measure of her wantings. This gift she will accept as her right, without wonder and without gratitude.

Her work will then be neither as hard, nor as long—nor will it be as exacting. Above everything, she can be careless and inefficient. She will

owe nothing to anybody.

Securing her man does not worry her. For, no matter how stupid she may be, she possesses, instead of intelligence, a certain cunning, adequate to her needs; the men she knows are more stupid than herself.

And the accident of life, the accident of her sex, has given her a power that needs no intelligence, that requires no thought and that is as ruthless as any

natural law.

To some man she will present herself, without an effort of her own, as a necessity. Cursed with a glimmer of imagination, he will discover in her the lure of mystery.

He will be the dreamer; she will be

his defeat.



Memory

By T. F. Mitchell

E have met before, haven't we?" she asked as he kissed her. "You taste familiar," he assented.



Shall We Dine, Melisse?

By Gertrude Brooke Hamilton

In France, Mélisse Dragée had been "la rosière"—winner of the rose for being the best-behaved girl of her village. In New York, Mélisse was—so she told herself—a chandelle de glace. Yes, she was just a candle of ice, prismatic, slim, pointed! Her curls, fingers and toes were so like icicles that an ice-splinter ballet had been written especially for her in the "Follies." Her eyes, lips and teeth were so sparkling that her admirers called her a bonbon

dipped in frost.

It was true that the heart of Mélisse was arrêté par les glaces. She had lost her lover, Lothaire Pepin, in the wars. Ever since then, her behaviour had been governed by cool prudence, rather than rose-coloured innocence. Marthe, her sister, had seen the curé of their village killed by a shell, and could still pray. Her brother, Luce, had mislaid his wits and a leg at the front, and kept his belief in the saints. But when beads were said en famille, Mélisse found the aves and paters like frozen raindrops on her lips; and, not infrequently, her mother, the plump Maman Dragée, made the sign of the cross over her, and cried, "May the Blessed Virgin preserve thee from misfortune!"

Mélisse had a shrug for the cry. What greater misfortune could come to

her than losing Lothaire Pepin?

Maman Dragée, knowing the cities, could conjure up infinite misfortune for her pretty Mélisse; she was constantly begging the little one to stop dancing in the theaters and help Marthe serve food in the *rotisserie* which the Dragées had come from their devastated village to open in a quiet section of New York.

Maman was a superb cook. Luce was not too witless to fiddle dinnertunes. Marthe was a capable fille de salle.

Maman called the little cook-shop "La Rosière," after her darling, Mélisse. She had climbed a ladder, the plump mère, to hang a garland of silk roses in the window beyond the roasting fowls and the glowing gridirons. The menu-cards on the glass-topped tables were stamped with wreaths of roses. Roses were painted even on the blue-gray chairs of the best-behaved rotisserie in the village of Manhattan.

Mélisse had her own reasons for not helping Marthe with the service. She had made up her mind—the candle of ice—to marry a rich American. In cap and apron, busy with dinettes, one could not effervesce. In crystals, en-

hanced by footlights—C'est çà!

In the theaters, one soon learns the game of hearts and diamonds: there is the intimate chatter of the dressing-rooms, the feminine badinage that reveals so much to ears delicately a-cock! There is the intoxication of the boards, the masculine applause that means so much to dancing feet! And there is the stage-door, the ancient pont des soupirs!

From the beginning, Mélisse quickly learned to distinguish a *riche* from a giddy-head; she would have nothing to do with the Messieurs Johnnies. She waited—cunningly—for the heart that

meant diamonds.

La pauvre Mélisse, who had been well-behaved in her village! In secret, she all but snapped her fingers in the face of le bon Dieu. Let Marthe recall the death of the gentle curé, and

hug her beads; let Luce tap his emptied head, and kneel each night and morning—Mélisse carried in her breast a congealed heart, and in her feet a wanton waywardness. She would wed a raffiné. Ciel! She would bedeck her-

self with jewels.

As she was so pretty, and in the limelight, she had not long to wait for her rich American. He appeared in the person of Charley Goddard, confirmed bachelor of affirmed wealth, a bon vivant partial to the tinkle of ice; a fat little man, fastidiously dressed, garrulous, good-humoured. He was introduced to Mélisse sans gêne, by a dressing-room friend. Voilà!—had she been serving Maman's excellent food in a quiet section of town, the introduction would not have taken place. As it was, the rich little bachelor expressed himself enchanted by her "ice-splinter" ballet and paid her many compliments.

Charley had the gossip of the theaters at the end of his tongue. He rehashed some tidbits concerning the

little star of the ice-ballet:

"They say, Mlle. Mélisse, that you were born in Lapland and educated extravagantly in Paris. Is it true? Also, I've heard that as a baby they gave you snow-baths and reindeer milk, to make you fair. The beauty treatment was a success, mademoiselle!"

"Yees, monsieur," laughed Mélisse,

whose English was restricted.

"They say," continued the convivial Goddard, that he might hear her laughter tinkle again, "your favourite relish is Chili sauce and your favorite beveraged iced eau sucré."

He chuckled, leaning on his stick, and regarding her exquisite teeth with

appreciation.

Mélisse lifted slight shoulders. "Qu'en-dira-t'on!" And, in her halting, crystallized English, "Dey say ver' mooch feedle-faddle, monsieur."

"So they do!" averred the stout bachelor. "'Pon my word, they have an outlandish tale for every new face that takes the public fancy. There's the girl who made us acquainted just now; d'you know what they said of her? They had it about that the desert cradled her and an ostrich reared her. I give you my word, they did!"

He laughed, heartily.

Charley had two chins, each jollier than the other; his chins became more evident when he was mirthful.

"And just as ridiculous things are said of us on tother side of the footlights," he declared. "Now, aren't they?"

"Yees, monsieur." She was demure. "Don't you believe any hobgoblin stories; we old flounders who applaud you are good as gold."

The statement had its touch of pathos, Charley's face being lined and

relined by his frolicking.

"Gold ees ver' good," dimpled Mélisse, from her lost belief in God and love.

"So it is," nodded her new friend.

His glance at her very young face was a trifle curious, cheerfully sardonic. He tapped the toe of his boot with the tip of his stick.

"Perhaps I should have said of us, 'good for gold,'" he jested, with a sigh.
"That's about all we're good for, eh?—
to give parties and pay for 'em."

She parried his sigh by the tinkling laugh that made the town talk of her.

Charley became tolerant, entirely affable.

"May I give you a party sometime this week, Mlle. Mélisse? he asked, not without eagerness.

"Mais non," slid involuntarily from

her soft lips.

She covered the quick words by a lifting of her shoulders, and a vivacious

"Oh, la, I might be lak' ze autruche at ze party—lak' ze—oostrich—hidin' in ze sand. I t'ink, no, monsieur."

She hunched her shoulders and made pigeon-toes of her feet, to express how ill at ease she might be at

the party.

Now Charley Goddard was a genial soul, who linked youth with hilarity. If he knew anything of frozen love, time had obliterated most of the cognizance. He was inclined to pat the snowflake hand of Mélisse.

"If you feel you'd be an ostrich

among us, then we'll make it a desert affair and all come in feathers. How's that?"

Mélisse shook her head.

"Merci,—and, non, monsieur." Charley was not to be rebuffed.

"Then how about a party with all of us in Laplander furs and snow-shoes?" he suggested.

Her gesture discarded the idea. "Feedle-faddle, monsieur!" gaily.

"Can it be,"—he was jocular—"that so fair a maiden does not care for parties, at all? If so, we must find some other means of becoming better acquainted. What shall we do?" He tapped his chins with his stick. "Shall we dine?"

She made little fins of her hands.

"J'aime la table," she conceded, thinking of Maman's cooking and La Rosière. "I t'ink it ees ze grande passion—ze only taste lef' one."

She nibbled her under lip, as if it

were a sugar crystal.

He lifted his eyebrows.

"So, you're a gourmande," he ex-

claimed, humorously.

He held out his hand to her. "Who'd think that we had tastes in common, the gold flounder and the ice splinter? There is nothing," emphatically, "that I like better than the table. But you!"

He laughed at her ultra-slimness, suggestive of humming-bird fare.

Mélisse laughed with him.

"It amuse' you," she murmured.

"C'est bon."

"It tickles me to death," he assured her. "More times than I can tell you, I've embarrassed a fair one by roaring at a head-waiter or losing my temper over coldish soup. I can stand anything easier than coldish soup!"

He expatiated on the subject.

"Good food is as hard to find nowadays as a good woman," he confided to her; "I don't know what's hit the town in the stomach, whether it's the high cost of edibles or the low cost of human lives, but most places have gone off on their food and their service. I

give you my word, I've combed the town. And I can count the really good eating places on the fingers of one hand."

He blew out his cheeks with a sigh that expressed bygone feasts; perfectly done roasts, soups served zestily, salads iced to a nicety, sweets of melting deliciousness, coffee of fragrant aroma and pungent flavour—the food of another decade!

"The question of the day," he remarked, sadly, "is where to dine, made-

moiselle."

She nibbled her lip again.

"It ees true, vat you say, ov ze worl', monsieur," she grimaced. She forked her fingers. "Garbotage!—ouf!"

Charley beamed upon her.

"We're going to like each other famously. Famously! Your feet are ravishing, mademoiselle. Your tastes are relishable. May the ostrich of the desert who made us acquainted have fine feathers all her life!"

He blew a kiss toward the dressingroom door of the girl who had intro-

duced them.

"And now, mademoiselle," he added, briskly, "when shall I have the pleasure of dining with you?"

Mélisse demurred.

"Each of us 'as made a fr'end," she murmured, in dulcet tones. And, in cooler cadence, "As to dinin' wiz you,

monsieur-"

Her shrug conveyed that she did not care to break bread with him as yet. He might take it as caution, or leave it as coldness; as he would. Though her knowledge of language was restricted, the loss of love had, somehow, rendered her rather cunning—la pauvre Mélisse, greedy for diamonds.

"I shan't be happy until I face you across the table," declared Charley,

tenaciously.

He made her a bow.

"It is *au revoir*, not good-bye, Mlle Mélisse."

Her downcast eyes acknowledged the bow, while her up-curving lips framed, "Au revoir."

II

CHARLEY GODDARD left her with an anticipative step, throwing out his stick ahead of him and catching it on the rebound.

Mélisse—when he was out of sight and sound—twirled on her toes and

lighted a cigarette.

She had met her very rich American. A la bonne heure! The way was clear before her, like a glacial slide. She had only to dance, laugh, coquette—and have her wits about her. She thoughtfully puffed her cigarette. In the theaters, one hears whispers of fragile unfortunates, of thin places on the slide, of holes, and knots—Mélisse came down on her heels, to take off her glacé slippers and put on her street boots. Vogue la galère! She smoked her volatile weed with a touch of insouciance.

Luce, her one-legged, witless brother, awaited her at the stage exit. He was a tall lad, with a crutch, and the smile of an infant. He had brought along a cape for Mélisse, the air having a touch of frost in it.

"I saw a star almost in the cradle of a crescent moon tonight," he told her, in their native tongue; "that means

winter is coming, Lise."

He looked up at the night sky, as if he were in the country—Luce was apt to think himself still a child, in the village of his birth.

Mélisse slipped an arm through his. "Yes, winter is coming, petit frère,"

she said, in tender tones.

She left the district of incandescents, of playhouses and play, feet in slow rhythm with her brother's crutch. It was true that the cold weather was coming. Mélisse half shivered. Involuntary thoughts—thoughts like a lost breath of summertime—came into her mind. She recalled a road that led to Paris, and a walk in the summertime with Lothaire Pepin. Slowly, rhythmically, her thoughts covered the details of a lost summer morning:

. . . It was not long after dawn, the sky was couleur de rose, a grove of

chestnut trees was in full leaf, the birds

were singing.

Lothaire Pepin—a rose grower—was trudging beside his donkey cart, heaped with great golden roses to be sold in Paris. He was a stalwart, full-throated jouvenceau, in gardener's breeches and smock. The sun turned his hair to burnished copper and his skin to a colour not unlike his roses.

Mélisse, in yellow under-petticoat with chemisette and ceinture of scarlet, was a slim jouvencelle—a lass young as the morning, warm as the

sunlight!

She was going with him as far as the wayside shrine at the cross-roads. There they would kiss. She would return to the village. He would cry, "Hue!" to his flap-eared donkey, and go on to Paris for a day of rose-vending.

They made love, walking along the

summer road.

"When we are married, I shall go with thee all the way to Paris," she told him, pinching his shoulder. "I shall no longer have to kneel at the shrine and ask the Virgin to keep thee from temptation."

"Temptation?" Lothaire put a young arm about her. "None are so tempting as thou."

She turned her head to kiss the shoulder she had pinched, as she walked with him.

"And thou!" she answered, softly. "I think le bon Dieu smiled when He

made a man like thee."

Lothaire contented himself with squeezing her slender waist and fingering the scarlet girdle that confined it.

They walked in happy unison, summertime underfoot and overhead.

Their steps slowed in approaching the wayside shrine at the cross-roads.

"Ah, if I could go with thee all the

way!" she sighed.

"Going makes coming back-all the sweeter, little one." Lothaire threw the donkey's rein over his elbow, stooping to Mélisse for the cross-road caress.

They held hands and kissed in front

of the shrine of Our Lady, a painted wooden statue set on a tree-stump with

a rustic prie-dieu below it.

Head bronze in the sunshine, Lothaire went on toward Paris with his donkey and his cart heaped with gold roses. Head bent, Mélisse knelt at the rustic prayer-rail and asked the Virgin to keep her handsome lover safe on the unsafe boulevards of the wicked city.

At twilight, Lothaire Pepin returned—with an empty cart and a joujou for

Mélisse.

"Thou are good!" she cried, joyously

kissing his golden-hued cheeks.

"And thou!" he answered, catching her up in his arms, swinging her to his shoulder and carrying her villageward through the verdant dusk.

"Thou, Lise, art my rosière!"

The sky above them was lavender and blue; the chestnut trees were in shadow; the birds were twitting. The love-hour of a summer day!

It seemed as if golden roses and love might go on growing, à jamais à tout—

forever and forever!

Eh bien! The rose-coloured dawns had not changed. The birds had gone on nesting in the trees. But the wars had come. Lothaire Pepin had gone.

A comrade returning from the front had brought the word that Lothaire had been taken prisoner by the Germans. Le mot terrible! The galloping months brought no news of Lothaire. The wayside shrine was shattered, the wooden statue and prie-dieu were demolished, in the devastation that swept the village. Driven before the storm of war, with Maman and Marthe, confronted at every turn by the red rivers of war, Mélisse gave Lothaire up as lost.

Eh bien, yes! The love-birds had gone on singing. The dawns had broken red and gold. Summers had come, and gone.

Mélisse—loveless, frozen—had come to America with Maman, Marthe and

Luce. . .

Walking with the befuddled Luce through the streets of New York, the little dancer of the Follies told herself that she no longer believed in the Vir-

"Je n'oublierai jamais!" she cried, under her cold breath.

Tonight she had scant appetite for the hot plate of haricot de mouton that Maman Dragée had ready for her pet who would dance in the theaters. She yawned, as if sleepy; and soon climbed the flight of stairs that led from the cook-shop to the upper room she shared with Marthe. Her young sister was sleeping healthily, having turned down the covers and left the softest pillow for Mélisse. The danseuse undressed and crept into the blankets. She hated the winter that was coming-picturing herself hung with icicle diamonds, walking city boulevards beside a rubicund little husband, who threw his stick

III

before him as he went!

Mélisse found a basket of tangerines and white grapes on her dressing-shelf in the theater. She made fins of her hands over the card on which Charley Goddard had penned, "J'aime la table, aussi." Though she gave the fruit to the girl who had introduced Charley, she nibbled an icicle in her ballet that night. Her admirer was on the other side of the footlights—of course. She frolicked without gravity, a clinking prism, a greedy snow-sprite. Afterwards, she quickly cloaked herself, to go home with Luce.

She did not converse with her rich little bachelor for a week or two, though nearly every night he came to see her dance, and, almost every midnight, the girl who had introduced them feasted on cold dainties—from lobster vinaigrette to frosted plumcake!

One night Charley was nimbler than usual, and waylaid Mélisse in a wing.

He confronted her, leaning on his stick; fat, fastidiously dressed, garrulous.

"Aren't we any better acquainted?" he asked her, with his touch of drollery. "Haven't my patés and my plums forwarded our friendship?"

A pucker of absurd anxiety appeared in his forehead.

"Will you dine with me tomorrow, Mlle. Mélisse?" he smiled.

"Mais oui, monsieur," she replied,

"You will?" He applauded with his stick. "That's tiptop!"

He made her his lavish bow.

"And where, mademoiselle, shall we eat together?"

She was dimpling. "At La Rosière, monsieur."

He made a note of the name on a memorandum tablet.

"La Rosière, you say?" he chuckled. "It's a new place; isn't it? The name sounds promising—a, roseate caberet, eh? A trifle Frenchy, in keeping with your Parisian education and infantile beauty course."

Inclined to wink jovially, he pictured

La Rosière:

"Entered through a luxuriant tunnel of roses, I imagine. The hat-boys in rose-coloured livery, tra-la. The air vibrating with lilting music. Overhead, embowering rose-blossoms and green arches, through which peek flower-faces and from which are showered rose-petals. A charming name—La Rosière!"

He tapped the memorandum block with a gold pencil. His face was not unlike the jocular moon of a Broadway dawn. "And your hotel, Mlle Mèlisse? Where shall we meet? At what hour?"

"A sept heure," replied Mélisse. "In

La Rosière, monsieur."

She slipped out through the stage-door to Luce.

IV

La Rosière—as Mélisse well knew—was not entered through a tunnel of roses. The only music was the scraping of Luce's fiddle. The ceiling was white as driven snow, plain as that of a nunnery. Marthe could by no means be termed flower-faced. And the plump Maman Dragée, turning goldenbrown fowls and dishing hot soups and vegetables before the glowing grates!

Her ankles, though trim, were bulky. Her raiment was not diaphanous. Her eyes were only for the pots and pans. La bonne cuisinière! La bonne mère!

Mélisse blew a cloud of cigarette smoke over the glass-topped table which Charley had reserved by telephone. It was not quite the appointed hour, not quite seven o'clock. The youthful favourite of the "Follies" wore blue with flashes of silver. She was in a mood blue and silvery. Tiens! She planned fine attire for Maman Dragée, as she awaited the confirmed bachelor of affirmed wealth. And for Marthe, sa jeune soeur. And for Luce, the innocent.

She broke a cloudlet of smoke by a fleck of her finger: Charley was hanging his hat and stick on a gray-blue wooden peg of the *rotisserie*.

He looked about the place for Mé-

lisse

The tables were occupied by diners intent on their food; threadbare artistic fellows, who ate with absorbed gusto, thread-needle girls, whose neck-bones showed that this was their meal of the day.

Charley brightened when he saw the sliver of loveliness in blue and silver. Approaching, he was inclined to wag a finger at her, as if to cry, "For shame, playing a joke on your flounder!—rosepetals and hat-boys, ta! ta!"

Instead, he shook hands with her, and sat at the glass-topped table as if all the feasting palaces were damasked

that way.

"Do you dine here?" he inquired genially, picking up a menu-card and examining it.

"Naturellement," replied Mélisse,

eyes dancing.

"Along with a sense of humour, you have common sense, mademoiselle?" Charley's eyebrows were interrogative.

She formed crescents of smoke on

her red lips.

Charley cogitated over the rose-gar-

land adorning the menu.

"Just why do they call it La Rosière?" he pondered amusedly. "What does it mean?" "On dit," answered Mélisse, eyes drooping, "it means a vell-moraled girl, monsieur. 'Av you not hear 'ow ze curé crown ze bes' village girl wiz flowers, in Maytime?"

Her lashes were like dark feathers against the cream of her cheeks. Her

voice was a trifle glazed.

"Ah," exclaimed Charley, enlightened, "that is why you come here—you are so well-mannered, so discreet." He set a pink thumb-nail on the card. "Shall we have some of this white bean soup?"

"Monsieur vill fin' ze potage ver'

hot," nodded Mélisse.

He gave her an edified glance across

the table.

"Though I don't think I'd howl rudely tonight, were the soup coldish," he smiled. "And for fish?" Consulting the card. "How about mackerel in parsley butter? And the next dish—what shall it be?"

"Ze cotelette de veau is-deleccious,"

suggested Mélisse.

He wrote an order for cutlets. "With a vegetable casserole; and then, shall we test their roast goose and apple tart?"

"An' a saladier," added Mélisse.

"And pastry—that's apt to be good here. What sort of cheese do you like with your demi-tasse?"

"No fromage, monsieur, for my side of ze table. I lak' orangeat wiz bis-

cuit."

"The only course we're divided on," sighed Charley, writing down candied orange-peel and roquefort. "In my opinion, a snack of cheese tops off any dinner. It tastes good and it aids digestion."

His gold pencil summoned the fille de salle, neat as a rolling-pin in starched

cap and apron.

"D'you suppose the *curé* crowned her with flowers in Maytime?" laughed Charley, in an undertone—of Marthe.

He fixed a glance blithely ironical on the flower-face of his table vis-à-vis. Curiously: "D'you believe there lives a girl pure enough to be crowned by spring flowers, Mlle Mélisse?"

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Her retort was cool. "Mais non."
"They say, in any village, so much

piff and poff; don't they?" gibed Charley.

"So much feedle-faddle," scoffed Mélisse.

"Yet, till we die and stop chasing, we half hang to the hope of finding a snowdrop; don't we?" Charley's face was whimsical. "We half hope to find her 'round the turn of each new corner, in the twinkle of each new tootsie, in the fibs and fantasies of each newcomer!"

He blew out his cheeks, eyeing the

approach of the cutlets.

Mélisse did not care to carry on the flowery topic. She drew Charley's attention to the tantalizing steam issuing from the casserole. Then she held up a pointed finger—Luce was going to play them a dinner-tune.

"He lose a limb in la guerre, an' he lose hisself," she explained, in a whis-

per.

Her fingers clasped on the table. Her eyes merged from amber to the colour of the earth in summertime, rich, moist, dark. Luce used his bow as if he were still on the village-green, a tune of gavotting lads and lassies, a rondelay of witless merriment.

Charley let the casserole cool, to ap-

plaud the jig.

"Bully stuff," he said, of the melody and the vegetables.

The goose was served, tender and

flavorous.

"Um, um!" smiled the bon vivant, enjoying, in a second helping, the sot-l'y-laisse. And the apple tart! It melted in the mouth! Charley began to emulate the threadbare and thread-needle diners. He thoroughly enjoyed each dish. Over the saladier, he said, comfortably, "I give you my word, this is excellent fare."

Over the sweets and coffee: "May the girl who introduced us eat as delightful food all her life! Bless her forever. Shall we smoke, Mlle Mé-

lisse?"

She lighted the tip of her cigarette from his, across the table.

Had La Rosière been less well-behaved, Charley might have misbehaved —her sparkling face was near enough to kiss. He rhapsodized, through rings of fragrant vapor.

"What a May-blossom you are, mademoiselle! A bluet encased in ice."

He wafted a caress to her, through

a circle of smoke.

Mélisse twirled the amourous smoke-

ring on her pointed finger.

"I believe," said Charley, sentimentally, "that I'm falling in love with someone." He hummed a verse from a recent song-whirl:

"I'm falling in love for the millionth

With never a reason, and many a rhyme,

Oh, it's bliss to kiss the millionth miss, In an airy, fairy whirl like this!"

The spinning finger of Mélisse broke the circlet of smoke.

"Fi donc!" she said.

"Airy fairy!" hummed Charley. His humour was expanding. The glasstopped table reflected his finger in pursuit of hers.

She put her finger in her mouth, nibbling it-should he wax over-demonstrative, she might cry, "au secours!" and have Maman Dragée give him a pan over the head! But—que voulez-vous? He was rich. An épon-

Charley threw away his half-finished

cigarette.

"My car is at the curb," he told her. "Shall we go for a spin before folly-time, Mlle Mélisse?"

Mélisse arose, with a frou-frou of

blue and silver.

She had a reassuring glance for Maman's anxious stare, a nod for Marthe, a smile for Luce-what plenty they would enjoy in the near future, her family!

The little danseuse went Charley Goddard from La Rosière.

He handed her into his limousine; he was humming again, "In an airy, fairy whirl like this!"

Mélisse sank into plum-coloured cushions, looking through the car-glass at the quiet section of New York.

Charley sat beside her. He was ef-

fulgent, garrulous, fat.

"Epicurean fairy," he said, "you are the ideal of my dreams, the nightingale at the end of the trail—I'd like the right to love you all the while."

He laughed at his melodious string

of words.

"Your eyes!" he sighed, "your teeth! your pretty, pointed feet!"

He laid his hand on his waistcoat, somewhere in the region of his heart.

Mélisse made fun of him.

"Oh, la, la. You 'ave eet mooch din-

You amuse me."

"Dinner?" said Charley, reproachfully. "What has that to do with it?" He shook his head. "For an ice-sprite, you have a most material soul."

A gold ring on his finger caught her

drifting glance.

"Soul, monsieur?" she shrugged. "I 'ave none lef'." And, merrily-audacious nostrils tilting, eyes provocative, lips provoking—, "Let us talk of somet'ing else, of ze ride, ze night, ze nonsense-!"

"When you sparkle like that, I adore

you," declared Charley.

A curve that the car took conveniently lessened the space between them.

Charley put his arm about her silvery waist.

She put his arm away. "Icicle!" chided Charley. "Peut-être," pouted Mélisse.

The car took another curve—diminishing the space between them. Light from the globes along the avenue fell aslant his shirt-front, and her face. Her lips were red as berries!

"Temptation touch me not!" said

Charley; closer.

His face beamed into hers, a sated Broadway moon, with a farceur in it! The electric light set his diamond shirtstuds winking. The winking diamonds!

He kissed her.

Mélisse stared at him. Her thoughts

darted about, flew back to a summer

dawning:

The kiss of Lothaire! His rich voice, crying, "None are so tempting as thou!" . . .

"Eef you kees me again, monsieur," -in his arms-"I t'ink I vill deetes' you." Her fingers barred her lips.

"Am I detestable to you?" Charley Goddard laughed down at her, reddening.

She was silent.

Charley waxed meditative.

"You dined with me, Mlle. Mélisse. Why did you do it, if you don't like me?"

She gathered her wits together.

"'Ave I say 'bête' to you yet, mon-

sieur?" evenly.

"No, you haven't called me a beast but-," smiled Charley. "Oh, well; a frosting makes the bonbon more toothsome, eh, little girl?"

Her thoughts were like birds startled

by storms, disquieted, alarmed:

. . . Lothaire's voice, saying, "Going makes coming back all the sweeter, little one."

She drew from Charley's arms. She set up a plummy cushion between them, like a fender.

The car rolled on.

The cushion was not removed.

"I have a suspicion," remarked Charley, at length, in a contemplative voice, "that, at some time or other, the village curé crowned you with roses."

Her fingers were at her temples:

. . . Maytime, and Lothaire's roses on her brow! The gentle face of the curé! The villagers!

Charley went on talking, in a sort of

jaded, jaunty monologue.

"And why," he said to her, "didn't you present me to your Mamma this evening, and to Marthe, and Luce?"

He held up a groomed finger. His eves twinkled. "It happens, mademoiselle,"-turning her face toward him, in a shaft of light from the avenue —"that I have sometimes walked to the theater with your brother Luce. fact, Luce and I have chatted together;

of the stars in your village; of you, la rosière."

He released her delicately pointed chin to pat a flash of silver in her sleeves. "You see, my dear, when a flounder likes a girl, he's hardly content to sit in an orchestra chair and gape at her. He sets to work to find out something about her. And, if you'll believe it, my little friend, he's tickled to death when he learns only good of her. Tickled to death!

"And when, mademoiselle, she withdraws from a floundering kiss-with her face paled by memories—why, confound it, it upsets him! It touches him. It gets him to wondering if he can have found that rare combination in Manhattan: pure food and a pure woman!" Charley drew a handkerchief from his pocket, and blew his nose.

The car was, by now approaching her theater.

Charley's sloping shoulders squared, in a way that denoted emotion. He took her hands in his.

"My dear," he said, sincerely, "you are delicious. Every white curve of you enchants me. I adore each point of you. Your sister is comely. Your brother is a dear boy. Your mother's cooking!" His hand went to his waistcoat, to the region of his heart.

He ventured to kiss the wedding-

finger of her pointed hand.

'I can think of nothing more enjoyable than sitting at the table with you, three times a day," he smiled. "Shall we marry, Mélisse?"

The car came to a standstill before

the stage-door.

Petite chandelle de glace! After dining in La Rosière, Charley was hers for the taking. The rich American of her avaricious dreams. She had his heart. She could have his diamonds. . . Diamond dewdrops on

freshly culled roses piled high in a donkey cart! . .

Mélisse drew her hand from Charley's well-manicured fingers. "Jamais!!" she stammered. "Nevair!"

"Eh?" The confirmed bachelor of affirmed wealth blinked.

"Jamais!" She blindly reached for the car-door.

There was a touch of testiness in the way Charley found the knob of the door for her. He held it in his chubby hand. His face purpled with pique, and humour.

"So you won't marry me, after fishing for me, Mlle Mélisse?" he queried.

She was not looking at him. Her hand was on her breast.

"Nevair," she shivered.

Charley looked at her snowflake hand, and widened the door of his car. He resumed his habitual levity, his

garrulity:

"Tra-la, I see. These icy May-blossoms of the 'Follies'! They've most of them freshets of memories in their foolish breasts!" Kindly: "Skip along, blossom; I see. It may be that your Lothaire Pepin, your rose-grower—Luce has talked to me of roses—will come back to you some day. They do, in fairy tales. Dance along; and forget piggy Charley. He understands."

He clambered from the car, to

assist her descent. He made her, a bow.

She hung her head, in stepping to the

pavement.

"Pardonnez-moi, mon ami," she murmured, confusedly. "Hêlas, life ees no fairy tale. Yet—Lothaire I cannot forget. Jamais! Jamais!"

She left him hurriedly—a flash of blue and silver through the stage-door,

l'ancien pont des soupirs.

Charley Goddard climbed into his car

and rode away.

Mélisse pirouetted modestly in the "Follies" that night, nibbling nothing. She made a shrine of the boards, breathlessly kneeling there, in her ice-splinter ballet, in the "Follies." Her thoughts were like lost birds, winging backwards, forever and forever:

. . . Lothaire and summertime! Hair turned by the sun to burnished copper and skin the colour of gold roses! Sunshine! trees! love-birds! A wayside shrine. Full throats. Warm hearts. Love, on a village road, in the morning. A kiss! . . .

Mélisse did not even look to see if Charley Goddard was on the other side

of the footlights.



Apple Boughs

By Muna Lee

WE had an apple-tree curved for our tent, We had wild grasses heaped for our bed; And we saw a red impossible moon Hang like an apple overhead.

We watched the leaves change from dusk to gray; Then the lips of the shadow brushed our brows. And from dreamless slumber, we woke to greet Dawn through apple boughs.



The Superwoman

By Van Vechten Hostetter

MADGE'S arrival in hell did not create even a mild sensation. She had not supposed it would. She had expected all along to be received with condescension and compelled to fight for recognition as the peer of the most distinguished sinner. That was always the way. The wicked, like the virtuous, were always skeptical of every one's claim to glory but their own.

Well, nothing of real worth ever came easily and here Madge was, ready to fight. No doubt Messalina, Cleopatra, the Catherine set and all the rest were complacently laughing among themselves at her ambition. Let them laugh. She would show them some-

thing.

On earth Madge had wasted no time. She was satisfied with her record. Looking back, she could, to be sure, see a few golden opportunities for wickedness that had been overlooked; but then, nobody could be perfect, and she knew of no one that had packed more effective and far-reaching sin into thirty-five years than she.

A precocious child, Madge had been aided by a flower-like face in concealing her guile, and when, at the age of seven, she had made certain naïve remarks about her father and the cook, nobody but the accused had dreamed she was lying, and even they had felt

guilty.

After her parents separated Madge had been put in public school. There she had stolen rich children's playthings. Poor children, of course, were immediately suspected. After tearful denials they had been searched and the missing trinkets found in their pockets, where Madge had put them. The poor

children had been promptly sent to the reformatory. Not bad for a little girl

scarcely nine years old.

Madge had carried on, making miserable all who came under her influence. It had been her constant purpose to emulate the most thorough-going mistresses of villainy the world had known. She had done well, considering the changed and somewhat adverse conditions that were beyond her control. She could truthfully say that she had never been faithful to any one, which was more than the others could She had died of sheer delight at the spectacle of two life-long bosom friends, both honourable gentlemen, doing each other to death, each under the delusion that he was safeguarding her long defunct honour.

Madge, meditating upon her accomplishments, took heart of grace. Yes, she would show these people some-

thing.

Hell was run on the general plan of American society. After all, why not? Madge was suited. Unless she was greatly mistaken she had acquired some finesse at Newport and Palm Beach that would cause her to be taken somewhat seriously before the passing of

many days.

Her confident predictions were realized. Within six months she was the recognized leader of the younger set. In a year she was admitted to be a lady without an equal in wickedness. She had the nether world convinced that Anne Boleyn had only been a little indiscreet and had not really deserved to lose her head; that Messalina was only a tease; that the iniquities of Catherine the Great were the fictions of a set of

press agents; that Catherine de Medici was no worse than she should be on or about August 24, 1572. Lucrezia Borgia and Cleopatra were virtually ostracized.

Nero, Attila, Henry VIII, the Louises, Gregory Orloff, and others were her devoted slaves. They were forever tumbling over each other to make things interesting for her.

Then flashed into Madge's mind the

tremendous idea.

For minutes it almost overwhelmed her.

She took caution and asked herself if

her dream was sane.

Why not? She had won the whole-hearted devotion of his most vicious courtiers, why should she not have that of the Devil? He had granted her a few admiring smiles. He was susceptible. What reason was there to believe he was proof against all the wiles of women? Why had no woman assailed his heart? Only because there had been no woman big and bad and courageous enough. The thing was far from impossible for her. She would marry him and as his queen would rule him and hell itself!

The next morning she called at the palace of Lucifer and was graciously received. She was beautiful and richly gowned and she talked brilliantly. The following day she was received with extreme cordiality and the day still following, with unre-

strained joy.

Thereafter she spent every afternoon with the Devil and dined with him every evening. At all state functions she was at his side. He made no secret of the fact that she was his favourite.

Yet not a word of love did he speak, even when they were tête-à-tête on his big throne. This annoyed Madge and presently made her miserable. It was

torture to be so close to her ambition and yet find it held beyond her reach; but that was not the worst of it—for her purpose she had simulated an affection for the Devil and now she found

her emotion was genuine.

He was, really, a person of remarkable charm. His manners were above criticism. He was the most polished gentleman she had ever known. And he was not unhandsome. His pictures had not done him justice. He was slender, not too tall, boyish in a way, though his eyes were cunning. Still, they were good eyes. His face was long and narrow and his small features were delicately cut. His skin was as fair and delicate as a child's. His small hands were long and the fingers tapered. When one of those hands touched her she was thrilled.

Madge did not give up hope, but her impatience and her wretchedness increased. Finally she grew desperate and threw convention and diplomacy

aside.

"I love you," she said. "I've never loved before. I didn't believe I had a heart. I didn't believe I was capable of love. But I love you. Make me your wife."

The Devil smiled whimsically. When he spoke his voice was even softer than

ever before.

"You know, I like you," he said; "I like you so much that I would make you my wife in a minute—if I could—but it's impossible—quite."

He sighed.

"Impossible?" repeated Madge incredulously. "Impossible? Why?"

"Promise me," said the Devil, "you'll never tell a soul if I tell you why."
"I promise," Madge said dully.

"I can never marry you," the Devil said, drawing her close to him and whispering in her ear, "because I, too, am a lady!"



The Sisters

By L. M. Hussey

Ī

R UTH stared at the clock in sincere surprise. It was now after eleven and Helen had not come home.

For some time she had felt that it was late, but a preoccupation with several long letters had prevented her from

learning the exact hour.

Helen's absence was remarkable. Now she had been away more than three hours. Early in the evening she had suggested a walk, but Ruth was tired; she wanted to write letters; her sister went out alone. It seemed impossible that she could be wandering about so long, without any aim.

Ruth walked through the hall and out to the porch of their flat. She leaned over the railing and looked up and down

the street.

A young man and a girl, intimately close, strolled down the street and entered one of the doors below; after their passage the street was empty.

It was much cooler now; the air was stirred by a breeze that blew against the watcher's cheeks, stirred in her sparse hair and seemed to whisper incomprehensible words that spoke tantalizingly of the mysterious night. For a moment she forgot her purpose on the porch.

She leaned more heavily on the railing; her body drooped a little and in deep inspirations she breathed the night air slowly. An accustomed melancholy settled vaguely upon her spirits.

To a certain degree the quiet darkness of the street and the silent stir of the air intoxicated her, filling her consciousness with the suggestion of enchantments that might come at such an hour, out of the darkness, achieving a magic suddenness of sweet enactment at the end of a drab day. At this moment, as in other similar moments, the dolorous quality of her mood was intermixed with the allure of hope.

Her preoccupation was destroyed by the noise of footsteps down below, on the sidewalk. Glancing quickly in the direction of the sound, she was relieved by the sight of Helen's figure, walking

briskly toward the house.

She turned and entered the hall again, where she stood, peering down the stairs until she saw her sister's figure outlined against the glass panel of the front door.

Then she pressed a button on the wall; the mechanism clicked rapidly in the lock below; Helen pushed the door open and ran upstairs.

"Where in the world-?" began

Ruth.

She paused abruptly; the expression in Helen's face acted upon her as if it were a detaining spell. Her eyes were astoundingly wide and bright and a film seemed to lay over them like the first intimation of tears. Yet it was not a tearful film, unless it could be the premonitory and persistent moisture

of an exulting delight.

Helen was smiling, almost simpering; the curves of her lips came and went tremulously. She looked about eagerly, past Ruth down the short length of the hall, as if her eyes sought some unexpected stranger in the place. One of her hands played nervously at the edge of her blouse. Ruth stared, astonished at the curious vivacity of her appearance.

"Wait till I tell you, dear!" she exclaimed.

She half ran through the hall and turned in at her room; Ruth followed her in bewilderment and curiosity. She paused only to snap on the electric light and then hurried to her mirror.

Leaning over the dressing-table, she brought her face close to the glass and stared at her reflected image, as if it were a new countenance miraculously replacing the familiar contours of the old.

Ruth stood behind her, her eyes rounded by surprise, her mouth dropping open with her astonishment. The mirror returned both their faces in a

faithful reproduction.

Although different in type, they revealed a certain resemblance. Both possessed the same small, pallid blue eyes; both were inadequately crowned by sparse coils of straw-coloured hair. But Helen was the plump one. Her figure bulged out in indefinite, ample curves; her face was round, her nose amorphous. She was the foil for her sister, whose lean figure seemed taller by the effect of her thinness. And neither was very young.

Helen abandoned her eager scrutiny and turned from the mirror. Her face was glowing with her excited smile. She seemed unable, save for brief moments, to meet Ruth's searching gaze; she dropped her eyes; she simpered

again.

"Oh, dearie!" she exclaimed. "I've had a real adventure. I met the most gentlemanly man , . ."

"What!"

"Yes, indeed. Really. An adventure. I didn't expect any such thing at all. It makes me feel so romantic!"

She was suddenly voluble and con-

fiding.

She related her experience in swiftly spoken sentences, punctuated by her astonishingly shy smiles, her sudden blushes, her dropped eyes.

As she talked she fumbled with the edges of her dress, twisting the fabric between her fingers as if her speech

were inadequate to the eagerness of her

revealing urge.

She had gone out for a walk, just as she had intended. It was warmer than she had realized and she soon found walking unpleasant. Before she had gone far, she turned back to return to the apartment. A few squares away she paused in a little crowd that had collected around a team near the curb; the horse had fallen with the heat and several men were making efforts to revive it.

She was about to go on when the animal suddenly struggled to his feet; the crowd surged back and a man in front of her stumbled against her and nearly lost his footing; she seized his arm impulsively and saved him from a fall. He turned at once and thanked her. This was the first glimpse she had had of his face.

His countenance was most agreeable; not especially young, but she disavowed any liking for really young men. What she liked about his face was its expression of shyness, his shy smile, his gentle eves.

"That was awfully good of you," he murmured. "Certainly I would have fallen if you hadn't caught my arm in

time."

His voice was low and at the same time his words were uttered with so much hesitancy that she did not feel at all embarrassed.

"The horse got up so quick . . . " she

said.

"Yes . . . I didn't expect . . ."

The crowd was beginning to move away, but they stood there on the pavement, looking at each other, feeling that something more ought to be said.

Helen felt her heart beating rapidly. Already the sense of an adventure was coming to her. She knew that her cheeks were flushing; she was glad of the concealing darkness.

Then, with a burst of courage that did not seem at all offensive, he asked

her where she was going.

"Oh, nowhere," she said. "Just out for a walk?"

"Yes-it was so hot at home . . ."

"The same with me," he told her.

"I had nothing particular to do."

These simple confessions created, with the utmost naturalness, a certain, subtle, yet mutually admitted, bond of intimacy. The man hesitated a moment, looked up and down the street, fumbled with his tie, put a hand into his trousers' pocket and drew it out again.

"If you don't want to get home just yet," he said, "couldn't we . . . couldn't we go somewhere together . . . a mov-

ing picture or something?"

She knew there was no possible danger with him. His gentlemanliness had been apparent in his first glance, his first word, his initial gesture of thanks. Already she felt a complete confidence in him and with this was mingled a fluttering excitement and an inward thankfulness to the fortunes of chance that had brought her this delighting opportunity. She consented immediately and boldly slipped her arm beneath his own.

They walked away together and when they came to a moving picture theater

they went in.

At this point in her story Helen

laughed demurely.

"We didn't see much of the picture," the said.

They were too occupied with the business of getting acquainted.

"We seemed just like old friends,"

said Helen.

Her sister scowled a little.

Helen did not notice this sign of an accumulating disapproval and she continued her narration eagerly.

They told each other the interesting, fundamental facts about themselves.

Neither was married.

"You can't trust men," Helen said. He agreed and she felt no sense of insincerity; in that moment it seemed to her that she had in the past renounced men, men that desired her, because they were untrustworthy, because they were deceiving.

He admitted that he was lonely: she

had put a question to him.

"After all," he said, "a human being does need a sympathetic companion."

These words sent a suffused warmth over Helen's body and in a clairvoyant, enticing flash she saw herself in this alluring rôle; herself the companion, the affectionate companion.

Her concluding words were delivered

to Ruth like a bomb.

"And he's coming here to see me tomorrow evening!" she exclaimed.

Now she had the courage to meet Ruth's eyes and the glance she received was one of sternness and surprise.

"Well!" Ruth said. "This is very re-

markable."

"What is the matter with you?"
"I hardly expected—" began Ruth.

"Oh, don't be angry, dear! Don't start to say that I shouldn't have talked to him. Wait till you see him. You'll admit that he's a gentleman. You'll like him too!"

II

As Ruth retired to her own room, the sternness of her features began to relax. A sense of the miraculousness of life was coming to her, lightening her spirits, arousing vague visions in her mind. Her mood took on some of the quality that had possessed it during those moments on the porch, when the mysterious night-wind had stirred in her hair, bringing her suggestive reminiscences of the adventurous streets, the unknown happenings of the night, the allure of the hours in prospect. Helen had found a man! He had come to her in the way one dreamed of their coming, romantically, suddenly, and without a definite expectation.

The luck of her sister seemed now a promise for herself. She did not light the light in her room; the darkness was more consonant with her emotions. She smiled as she slipped her dress from her shoulders. A scarcely comprehended warmth tingled her senses. As she lay down the pillow seemed to caress her face, like the touch of an intimate hand.

She slept longer than usual and when she arose the next morning Helen had already left for work. She prepared her breakfast and set about her simple, usual duties; by noon she had gone over the apartment and was finished until it

was time to prepare dinner.

The hours had passed with a curious remoteness; she was half in a dream. This day, and the days to follow, arrayed themselves before her in garments of a new significance, of an unusual expectancy. She often thought of the anticipated visitor. It half seemed that he was not only coming to see Helen, but to see her also; at least he brought her a promise.

Early in the afternoon she went out, to buy what was necessary for the evening meal. She walked the streets with a fresh eagerness, gibing little glances about her, drawing in a quick breath as some agreeable man would pass close to her; any one of these might speak to her there! Such things happened; her

own sister was the witness!

When Helen returned in the evening they held an eager conversation over what to wear. Helen decided on her pink dress and this was pleasing to Ruth, who held the secret opinion that the dress was not becoming.

"And what shall I wear?" Ruth

asked.

Helen looked at her in a momentary surprise; the query seemed unnecessary and remote.

"Oh . . . anything . . ." she said. The words brought a chill to Ruth, and a more exact appreciation of values. Anything—of course. He was not coming to see her, after all. It was nother man. During dinner she became silent; now and again she found herself staring down at her plate in immobility, forgetful of the food before her. A peculiar resentment and an accompanying melancholy were stealing into her heart.

Helen hurried through the meal and ran into her room. As she took the dishes into the kitchen, Ruth could hear her there, opening and closing the closet door, pulling out the drawers of her bureau, rattling the comb and brush on her dressing-table. The sounds were somehow inimical, distinctly unpleasant.

Finally, stacking up the dishes, she walked out into the hall and entered her own room. All her expectancy was gone; she dressed languidly, pausing to stare at herself in the mirror and yet not seeing her reflection, standing motionless in the room in moments of inanition, biting her thin lips as she searched for her clothes. When the bell rang she was not yet dressed.

She heard Helen run out into the hall and press the button on the wall. A moment later someone ascended the stairs. There was a murmur of voices in greeting: her sister's voice and the voice of a man. Then her eagerness was suddenly returned to her. She began to smooth her hair with swift strokes of the brush. He had really materialized. Perhaps some other evening he would bring one of his friends to meet her!

When she was ready she walked toward the parlour with a gracious smile on her inadequate lips. She approached softly and evidently they had not heard her coming, for both of them turned toward her abruptly as she parted the curtains pendant over the door. For a second they stared at her. They were seated intimately on the sofa and Helen's hand lay palm upward in the enclosing fingers of the stranger. The second of embarrassed immobility passed; Helen withdrew her hand; the pair stood up simultaneously.

"Mr. Dimsdale," said Helen, "this is

my sister."

She smiled and blushed in the same

noment.

"Dear," she said sweetly, "Mr. Dimsdale knows how to tell fortunes; he was

just telling mine!"

Ruth smiled, but perversely enough, her inner feelings were suddenly not those of smiling. She believed her sister lied. They had simply been holding hands. Or, if the superficial truth had been spoken, their real intent was as she surmised. And the revelation of this sudden intimacy irritated her with an extraordinary persistence.

She scrutinized the fellow on the sofa with searching eyes. Certainly he was

not young; his hair was already a little grey; there were wrinkles around his eyes.

She found herself disliking him. She objected to his pallid voice, to his hesitant manner, to the somewhat tremulous way in which he smiled.

Feeling herself entirely unwanted there, she did not remain long in the room. She excused herself and shook hands with Helen's new friend. As she left she congratulated herself that he did not belong to her. Yet her mood was one of pronounced depression.

It was impossible to remain in the apartment. A strangely irritating murmur came out from the parlour like a singularly malevolent and persistent torture. It entered into her ears in a diabolic insistence; she tried to read and the small, murmurous sound dominated the printed words. At last she hurried through the hall and ran down the stairs, like one escaping from a loath-some presence.

She spent several hours frowning at a moving picture screen, attending very little of the entertainment.

Returning home, she glanced up at the parlour window and the light was still burning.

For a few seconds she hesitated, but there was nowhere to go. In despair she entered the house again and walked directly to her room.

They were talking very little now. Somehow, this was even more maddening than the irritation of their low-voiced words. Undressing with brusque gestures, she snapped off the light and threw herself on the bed. An immense period of time seemed to pass before she heard the voices again, this time in the hall; there was a silent moment and the sound of someone descending the steps came to her ears. At last he was going!

A second later she heard her sister enter her room. She closed her eyes, pretending sleep. The light flashed on; Helen's shadow fell over her face. She was too nervous to maintain the pretense. She opened her eyes.

"Well, has he gone?" she asked.

Helen ignored the unfriendly intonation of her question.

"Isn't he dear?" she asked. "Don't you like him?"

Ruth rose up in the bed with a sudden jerk, as if a concealed spring had pulled her to a sitting posture.

"Like him!" she exclaimed, bitterly. "What! That old man!"

For just an instant Helen's face flushed with her immediate anger; her lips trembled with retorting words; but her expression changed, her eyelids narrowed a little; a faint, sardonic smile began to turn the corners of her lips.

And then, as if from the certainty of her inner understanding, as if from the scornful knowledge of those causes that aroused her sister's jealous words, she laughed. Her maddening chuckles seemed to bathe the one on the bed in a stream of icy and appalling sound. Without a word she ran out of the room, and her laugh continued in the hall.

III

THE thousand trivial antagonisms that accumulate in the protracted intimacy of any two human beings blossomed into acute activity in the days that followed. Ruth experienced hours that were intolerable; all the amassed wanting, added year by year to her spirit, came urging into her mind, to plague and torment her.

Helen was forever with her man. Night after night she heard his voice, her ears were embittered with the murmur of their intolerable conversations; late in the night, awakened from her sleep, she heard them return from an evening outside and the midnight hours were filled with the abomination of their parting words.

Her only armor was derision and disparagement, yet it was a poor defence against the simple weapon of Helen's significant and ironic smiles. For her own protection, she began at last to avoid the contemptuous sniff when Dimsdale's name was mentioned, lest the shaft of one of those merciless

smiles should wing its rending irony into the pained wanting of her heart.

Helen had grown shameless; the pair were shameless together. Their kisses resonated through the hall; their sighs were unconcealed.

Coming upon them in a careless moment of entwined arms, Ruth was inevitably outraged, and her dignity was assailed as if their amorous intimacies were gestures of pointed derision. The lines of her thin face lengthened; her lips grew more compressed; she felt as if she were the taunted witness of a

profound obscenity.

The sisters no longer chattered together in the evening; there was no more pleasant, venomous gossip concerning the people of their acquaintance; now they never lowered their voices and nodded their heads significantly over this woman or that one. Helen had no time for the critical observation of others, and what were their acts she did not care.

Particularly maddening was the bitter truth that she did not even care for the thoughts of Ruth. She and the man she had discovered—they were forever together and persistently abom-

inable.

It was something more than two months after her first acquaintance with the fellow that Ruth was awakened late one night by a light in her room; she opened her eyes and saw her sister standing near the bed.

Helen was smiling peculiarly; there was an unusual colour in her cheeks and a certain disarming softness in her

manner.

"What do you want?" Ruth asked.

For answer, Helen drew closer to the bed, leaned down and incredibly took Ruth's hand in her own. She pressed the thin fingers warmly.

"Dear," she said, "don't make me unhappy. Don't be angry with me!"

Ruth's eyes widened.

"What in the world do you want?" she questioned again. "What's the matter with you."

Helen seated herself on the edge of the bed, smiling, blushing. She still retained the captured hand, and she ran her fingers over it ingratiatingly.

"Don't grow away from me, dear," she said. "Don't forget that we're sisters."

Ruth, her astonishment augmented with this obscure behavior, sat up in bed.

"Tell me what's happened!" she demanded.

There was a preliminary giggle from Helen.

"George and I are going to be married," she confessed.

A silence, persisting for several minutes, ensued upon this announcement.

A complexity of feelings rushed upon Ruth, too mixed, too opposing, and too inextricable to give her an instantly dominating mood. It was only after the passage of these silent moments, whilst her sister still caressed her hand, still looked down into her face with an effect of pleading, that a sudden new softness entered into her spirit like a balm. The harsh lines of her face relaxed and Helen saw the change.

"We want you to live with us," she said. "It seems to me we might as well keep this apartment right here—I'll be at home now and with two of us the work won't be anything. Oh, I'm happy! You can't imagine! He's . . .

he's such a dear. . . ."

A faint return of her old scorn stirred in Ruth's mind as she heard these concluding words. But it was a scorn mitigated by pity. She bent toward Helen and kissed her cheek. After all, it would be cruel to disillusion the poor girl! What if she did imagine grotesque virtues for the impossible fellow? Life was not kind; she would learn soon enough!

That night they talked a long time together. Their old confidence, and their old affection seemed to have come back. They kissed each other good

night.

Ruth heard Helen go to her room and a sigh of contentment came to her softly through the channel of the narrow hall. She leaned back on the pillow and closed her eyes. As on the evening when she had first learned of Helen's adventure, alluring, vague visions passed before her eager eyes. Even Helen had captured a man! She found a deep caressing assurance in that unexpected fact. What a promise for herself!

IV

THEY were married a month later and Ruth had been very busy engineering the arrangements and conducting the actual details that fell to her part on the day itself. Their honeymoon was to be deferred until late in the Fall, for then Dimsdale found he would have more time. So there were three living in the apartment immediately.

The first week or two Ruth pitied them; they were so absurd together. It afforded her a scornful amusement to come upon her sister in the arms of this old man; he was not the man that she

would find.

But already even her amusement and even her scorn were not totally free from a measure of her former irritation. Nevertheless, the streets were magic places for her again. Nearly every night she walked out, intoxicated with the thousand unknown chances that lay before her.

She visited the moving picture theaters and when a man sat down beside her she felt warm little currents run to the ends of her fingers; unluckily no one of them ever spoke to her, or

touched her hand in the dark.

She sought the public parks, chose the dark quarters, sat on the benches that were shaded by shrubs and trees, yet somehow she always sat alone.

After such evenings it was becoming increasingly unpleasant to go home. She was sure to happen upon the idiot pair in a cooing embrace; once, as she opened the front door she almost screamed with a sharp, sudden anger, as the sound of a loud kiss greeted her ears.

But one night she almost had an adventure. She was standing on a street corner when a car stopped and several

passengers stepped out. She glanced up at the car; her eyes swept languidly along the row of heads at the windows to become focused upon the face of a man that was looking at her. The eyes of the two met. And then, just as the car started, the man smiled, smiled at her, smiled at Ruth standing on the corner. At first she did not realize the significance of his act and she continued only to stare. Before her startled apprehensions could shape her lips to the returning of his smile, the car had swept him from her vision.

She turned and she watched the conveyance disappear with a fast beating at her heart. It did not stop at the next corner; no one got off to come back and find her. A damp chill settled over her spirits. She understood. If she

had only returned his smile!

Ruth went slowly back to the apartment in the grip of a deep depression. It seemed to her that her chance, infinitely desired, long awaited, had come

—and she had let it pass.

Opening the door of the apartment, she ascended the stairs slowly, with dragging steps. A light came out into the hall from the room that Helen and her husband occupied. The door was open and as she passed it, Ruth

glanced in.

The pair were sitting close together in two intimate chairs. Dimsdale was reading Helen a story out of a magazine. Her head rested on his shoulder, his free arm was around her waist. And in that moment Ruth knew that this sight, that these two, with the eternal seeing of their affection, was at last and finally intolerable!

She walked on to her room with a trembling tenseness in all her muscles.

It was a long time before she undressed for bed. When she at last turned out the light, and lay down on the bed, she did not close her eyes, but stared up into the darkness. Ghosts of defeat seemed to move there, to mock her, to grin at her. They took on faces, the abominable faces of her sister and her man and these faces grew close to each other and their phantom hands

caressed each other. Biting her thin lips, the woman on the bed pressed her open eyes into the pillow to shut out these creatures of her despair.

She must have slept at last for she suddenly found that it was morning. The sun was shining directly into her eyes and she realized that it was late. There was no sound in the flat. Helen must have gone out.

The thought of her sister, coming back to her after the hours of dreamless oblivion, embittered these early

waking moments.

A decision she had come to, the decision she had reiterated in her mind before ever she had lain down in the bed, returned to her now with all its

original force.

She sprang up suddenly. At least it was lucky that Helen was not there. She felt incapable of seeing that intolerably amorous face again, facing the mockery of those softened eyes, the sarcasm of those lips that smiled in remembrance, the irony of the gestures that were like maddening caresses. With a quickened coming and going of her breath, she dressed in nervous haste.

Into a small grip she packed only such things as were of immediate necessity. All the rest could be sent for. wrote no note of explanation. She put on her hat, she thrust her arms into a light coat and glancing into her handbag to see that her money was there, she grasped the satchel and walked quickly into the hall.

For an instant she stared apprehensively down the stairs, fearing that Helen might at that moment be at the

door: that would mean a delay. And it seemed impossible to her spirit that another hour could be passed within the mocking confines of those familiar walls.

Running down the steps she opened the door, crossed the porch and was on the street. Her first concern was to find a room, but for a moment she forgot that necessity.

Something in the cool morning air soothed her. Like the night wind, it appeared to whisper a promise in her

ears. She was free!

She smiled grimly to herself and her mind began to offer rational explana-

tion of her flight.

"Of course," she whispered. "Who could blame me? Nobody could endure such an atmosphere, all that foolishness, such absurdity. They are an impossible pair. Helen is the most impossible woman in the world!"

She reiterated this final thought as she walked along the street. Helen was wholly impossible. If she had found a

man, anybody could!

At the corner she passed without observing a young fellow -leaning idly against the wall of a house. He looked after her and his momentary glimpse of her face made him smile. But following upon the heedlessness of his smile, that was the product of his unthinking youth, another and a curious emotion came to him suddenly.

It seemed to him then that in the walk of this unknown old maid, in her attitude, in the slope of her shoulders, in the angular motions of her arms, there was a quality that was vaguely, indescribably, yet profoundly pathetic.



THE best part of a love affair, to a woman, is the sad part after it is over. A woman always enjoys the coroner's inquest more than the murder.



Répétition Générale

By H. L. Mencken and George Jean Nathan

§ 1

HILOSOPHERS.—The tendency of superior men to evade marriage is no mere accident of personality; on the contrary, it is as much an evidence of their superiority as the work they do in the world. They escape the connubial cage because they are intellectually above sentimentality, and are thus able to discern the disadvantages of monogamy with clear heads and unmoved by emotion. In other words, they are the superiors, or at least the equals, of the women who try to ensnare them, just as the ordinary varieties of men are the inferiors. Thus their pursuit is so inordinately difficult and vexatious that, in the end, women give them up as hopeless, and they are left free to do their work unhindered by sentimental assaults. Herbert Spencer, until he was fifty, was ferociously harassed by women of all sorts. Among others, George Eliot tried very desperately to marry him. But after he had made it plain, over a long series of years, that he was prepared to resist marriage to the full extent of his military and naval power, the girls dropped off one by one, and so his last decades were full of peace and he got a great deal of important work done.

His very escape, however, worked against the larger good of philosophy, despite the high value of its immediate effects, for he left no sons to carry on his inquiries, and the remaining Englishmen of his time were unable to supply the lack. His celibacy, indeed, made English philosophy coextensive with his life; since his death the whole body of philosophy manufactured in

England has been of little more practical value to the world than a drove of hogs. In precisely the same way the celibacy of Schopenhauer, Kant and Nietzsche has reduced German philosophy to puerility. But had they married, of course, there would have been no German philosophy to reduce to puerility. Which lands us upon the horns of a dilemma.

Perhaps the remedy is to be sought in a relaxation of certain of our taboos in favour of philosophers. The rule requiring a man to marry before he may become a father with decorum is obviously sound when it is applied to stockbrokers, lawyers, actors, waiters, janitors and other such inferior fauna. But it becomes suicidal when it is applied to philosophers, for its burdens fall, not upon the philosophers themselves, but upon the human race as a whole. The English culture of today suffers enormously by the fact that Spencer was a good citizen and refused to violate this taboo—just as American culture gains enormously by the fact that Walt Whitman did violate it, leaving seven sons behind him, three of whom are well-known contemporary poets and in the forefront of the New Poetry movement.

§ 2

The Insidious Telephone.—When the estimable M. Bell conceived the idea for the telephone, little did the good old soul reckon that it would turn out, in time, to be an innocent and unwitting agent in the dealing of the deuce to the young female of the species. more than any other thing, the telephone has been instrumental in bringing the young woman of today to a point where her grandmother wouldn't recognize her, that it is in no little degree responsible for her increasingly loose manners and looser habits, any mother who takes the time to analyze the situation will doubtless agree.

Before the introduction of the telephone into general family use, the young girl of the house, meeting her young man in the paternal parlour, was naturally subject to the nervousness, shyness, bashfulness, etc., common on such occasions to nine well-bred young women out of every ten. After weeks of such conferences the friendship of the twain would progress so far as the hand-holding stage; after months, so far as the first kiss; after a year or two, probably so far as the proposal of mar-The great barriers to intimacy that modesty, awkwardness and personal idiosyncrasy and reserve always throw up operated here; and our mothers thus took so long to bring our fathers around with the ring that we children, as yet unborn and so comprehending the drollery of love, almost gave up in despair our chances of ever seeing the Ziegfeld "Follies" and Ernest Poole initiated into an American Institute of Arts and Letters.

These barriers the telephone gradually did away with, broke down. It is not so easy-nor so safe-to look a man in the eye and tell him to go to hell as it is to drop a nickel in a slot at 206th Street, call up Rector ten miles away, and then do it. Similarly, it is not so easy for a flapper to sit next a man on a sofa, and, without blushing, tell him to press his ruby lips to hers. The telephone gives the flapper courage—and more. It conceals blushes; it gives the strength that is always afforded by remoteness: it removes, in a sense, the personal equation. It permits a girl to lie in her bed and talk with a man lying in his bed; it permits her, half-clothed, to talk with him a moment after its ring has made him hop out of his bathtub. Its delicate suggestiveness is not lost in these instances. Its whisper is the

whisper of the clandestine note of the 1870's hidden in the hole of the old oak; its voice is the voice of the chaperon asleep. The most modest girl in America, the girl who blushes even at a man's allusion to his chilblains, once she gets her nose into a telephone mouth-piece, acquires a sudden and surprising self-assurance and aptitude at wheeze. Every time a young girl calls up a man for the first time, the devil instructs Tyson to lay aside for him, a year hence, a seat in the first row.

§ 3

The Professional Diplomat.—International diplomacy very largely defeats itself—as witness the late whirligig in Paris—by reason of its excessive professional quality. One professional pitched against another arouses the latter's uneasiness and distrust quite as the latter, in turn, arouses the former's uneasiness and distrust. Like rival guards or tackles on two football lines, each with suave grin sniffs the other, measures him, slants an eye to see that he isn't packing a slice of brick in his fist and, during the process, takes advantage of opportunity to make certain that the slice of brick in his own fist is carefully screened from his oppo-Each diplomat is trained to be suspicious, to slit the pupil, to smirk, and to oil the tongue. The hope for honest, above-board, constructive international give and take from men so coached is to hope for the downright impossible. What the hope of international peace calls for is not such professional diplomatic super-headwaiters, but simple, honest, unaffected men, of whom there are many in every nation. Had each nation sent to Paris an intelligent non-professional citizen with a cosmopolitan sense of sound ironic humour in place of the smooth, sourfaced professionals they did send, a clearer and better, a finer and more lasting understanding and agreement might have born of their man-to-man meeting. Let, to the great conclave for world peace, Great Britain have sent a

man like Bernard Shaw, France one like Anatole France, Germany a Ludwig Thoma and America a George Ade or an E. W. Howe, and, unless I am a bigger fool than my conscience sometimes assures me I am, we should have found ourselves all better off today. . . . And, what is more, tomorrow.

The Sunday-School.—Setting aside such patent criminals as quack doctors, police-station lawyers, corner grocerymen and members of the State legislatures, there is probably no body of men so copiously bathed in popular suspicion as the rev. and hon. corps of Sundayschool superintendents. I daresay it was the late Mark Twain who first convinced the public of their dubiousness; he seldom wrote so much as ten pages running without hinting that they were all guilty of the most shocking irregularities behind the door; they served him almost as poor Woodrow serves Col. George Harvey. But whatever the origin of their disrepute, it must be obvious that it is well-nigh as great as that of white-slave dealers or Congressmen today. Merely to mention a Sunday-school superintendent is to raise a snicker. To accuse one of them of the most heinous of crimes—say, rifling the poor-box, secret drunkenness, or adultery with the whole soprano section of the choir—is to be set down a tedious platitudinarian. No one believes that a Sunday-school superintendent is ever an absolutely moral and honourable man, as a bartender so often is. Even the clergy suspect and detest him, and are, in fact, a principal source of the tales against him which about.

In all this there is probably a great deal of injustice. I remember, in fact, that I once established the fact by actual figures, and though it was half a dozen years ago I am convinced that those figures are still sound. were obtained by making an exhaustive examination of the criminal statistics of a normal and typical American state

-statistics which classified the rogues jailed during ten years by occupation, social condition and religious training. What they revealed rather surprised They showed that Sunday-school superintendents were much malignedthat the prevalence of crime among them was actually far below its prevalence among classes of men held in general esteem. Specifically, they showed that, of the 1,756 individuals engaged superintending Sunday-schools in the State during the ten years, but 382 came before the magistrates for offenses involving moral turpitude, and that but 97 of these were convicted of felony. Moreover, they developed the fact that of the 382 superintendents formally charged, but 166 were accused of irregularities with the fair sex—a sufficient and even devastating criticism of the popular legend that the corps is composed wholly of men comparable to moving-picture actors and guineapigs.

Such figures, of course, are not conclusive, for they confine themselves to offenses brought to the cognizance of the *Polizei*, and it must be obvious that many lamentable flagrancies get no further than the stage of mere scandal. For one Sunday-school superintendent jailed there are probably three or four who are simply unfrocked, excommunicated and booted out of the tabernacle. But against that plain fact let us not forget to set the almost universal tendency to accuse them hastily and to believe anything of them without evidence. Let a man arise behind the sacred desk of a Sunday-school and every one suspects him instantly, and is likely to accuse him tomorrow. Every time a girl in the Bible class takes to sin it is whispered that he is to blame. Every time a deacon sues his wife for divorce the superintendent is either directly or indirectly besmirched. And every time a dollar is missing from the treasury it is noted that he has just bought a new and very gaudy hymn-book. Moreover, juries invariably convict him when he is brought to trial. So far as I know, indeed, there is not a single instance in the whole history of the United States of a Sunday-school superintendent being acquitted. As in the case of the bank cashier, the district attorney's simple statement of his avocation is sufficient to condemn him, no matter what the avidence may be

what the evidence may be.

What lies under all this prejudice is not far to seek. The Sunday-school superintendent simply plays the goat for the Sunday-school-perhaps the most cruel and damnable of all the inventions of Puritanism. Theoretically designed to fill the young with an enthusiasm for religion, the Sundayschool actually fills them with a vast hostility to it, and much of that hostility goes over into adult life. No healthy child likes to go to Sunday-school. Its proceedings are tedious, disagreeable and unintelligible; it spoils a holiday; it stands against natural impulses; it seeks to inculcate an artificial and burdensome morality. Children, if they were analytical, would blame their parents for subjecting them to such torture, but being far more responsive to appearances than to facts, they concentrate their choler upon the obvious protagonist of the Sunday-school itself, which is to say, upon the superintendent. He pays the penalty when his first herd of scholars begin to grow up. They propagate the fable of his sinister devilishness; they believe anything that is said against him; they testify against him whenever the chance offers; sitting upon juries, they condemn him to the hulks.

Unjust? Perhaps. But if he is not always guilty of the crim. con. or the embezzlement or the wife-beating that is charged, he is nevertheless guilty of being a Sunday-school superintendent, and for that grand invasion of the decencies a few years' hard labour is surely not too much.

§ 5

Phrase to Designate the Back-Slapping Eminence Lately Achieved by Leonard Merrick.—The glory that was Grease.

The American Credo, VI.—Additional leading doctrines and theories in the American credo:

1. That fish is a brain food.

2. That street-corner beggars have a great deal of money hidden away at home under the bitchen floor

home under the kitchen floor.

3. That it is advisable for a young woman who takes gas when having a tooth pulled to be accompanied by someone, by way of precaution against the dentist.

4. That all girls educated in convents turn out in later life to be hell-raisers.

5. That a young girl may always safely be trusted with the kind of man who speaks to her of his mother.

6. That a six-year-old boy who likes to play with toy steam engines is probably a born mechanical genius and should be educated to be an engineer.

7. That all celebrated professional humorists are in private life heavy and

witless fellows.

8. That when one stands close to the edge of a dizzy altitude, one is seized peculiarly with an impulse to jump off.

9. That if, encountering a savage beast in the jungle, one falls upon the ground, lies still and pretends that one is dead, the savage beast will promptly make off and not hurt one.

10. That if one sits in front of the Café de la Paix, in Paris, one will see everybody in the world that one knows.

11. That it is always twice as hard to get rid of a summer cold as to get rid of a winter cold.

12. That a soft speaking voice is the invariable mark of a well-bred man.

13. That the persons who most enthusiastically applaud the playing of "Dixie" in restaurants are all Northerners who have never been further South than Allentown, Pa.

14. That the larger the dog, the safer

he is for children.

15. That Catholic priests never solicit money from their parishioners, but merely assess them so much a head, and make them pay up instantly.

16. That an Italian street laborer can

do a hard day's work on one large plate

of spaghetti a day.

17. That all negroes born south of the Potomac can play the banjo and are excellent dancers.

18. That whenever a negro is educated he refuses to work and becomes

a criminal.

19. That whenever an Italian begins to dress like an American and to drive a Dodge car, it is a sign that he has taken to black-handing or has acquired an interest in the white-slave trust.

20. That, in the days when there were breweries, the men who drove beer-wagons drank 65 glasses of beer a head a day, and that it didn't hurt them because it came direct from the wood.

21. That, until the time of American intervention, the people of the Philippines were all cannibals, and displayed the heads of their fallen enemies on poles in front of their houses.

22. That the missionaries in China and Africa make fortunes robbing the natives they are sent out to convert.

23. That there is a revolution in Central America every morning before breakfast, and that the sole object of all the revolutionary chiefs is to seize the money in the public treasury and make off to Paris.

24. That whenever there is a funeral in an Irish family the mourners all get drunk and proceed to assault one an-

other with clubs.

25. That all immigrants come to America in search of liberty, and that when they attempt to exercise it they should be immediately sent back.

26. That whenever a rich American girl marries a foreign nobleman, he at once gets hold of all her money, then beats her and then runs away with an actress.

27. That if one begins eating peanuts

one cannot stop.

28. That a bachelor never has anyone to sew the buttons on his clothes.

29. That whenever a dog wags his tail it is a sign that he is particularly happy.

30. That cinnamon drops are coloured red with a dyestuff manufactured out of the dried bodies of cochineal insects.

31. That if one breaks a mirror one will have bad luck for seven years.

32. That two men seldom agree that

the same girl is good-looking.

33. That in the infinitesimal space of time between the springing of the trapdoor and his dropping through it, a hanged man sees his entire life pass in panorama before him.

34. That when Washington crossed the Delaware, he stood up in the bow of the boat holding aloft a large Ameri-

can flag.

35. That, whereas a man always hopes his first child will be a boy, his wife always hopes that it will be a girl.

36. That the first time a boy smokes a cigar he always becomes deathly sick.

37. That a woman always makes a practice of being deliberately late in keeping an appointment with a man.

38. That when a man goes to a photographer's to have his picture taken, the knowledge that he is having his picture taken always makes him very self-conscious, thus causing him to assume an expression which results in the photograph being an inaccurate likeness.

39. That if the lower line on the palm of one's hand is a long one, it is a sign that one is going to live to a ripe old

age.

40. That Italian counts always make their expenses when they come to America by acting as wine agents.

41. That a Russian peasant, in the days of the czar, drank two quarts of

vodka a day.

42. That a German farmer can raise more produce on one acre of land than an American can raise on a hundred.

43. That a boil on the neck purifies

the blood.

- 44. That whenever a Frenchman comes home unexpectedly, some friend of the family makes a quick sneak out of the back door.
- 45. That every negro servant girl spends at least half of her wages on preparations for taking the kink out of her hair.

46. That all French women are very

passionate, and will sacrifice everything to love.

47. That coal miners get so dirty that they have to wash so often that they are the cleanest workingmen in the world.

48. That the average French house-wife can make such a soup out of the contents of a garbage-can that the eater

will think he is at the Ritz.

49. That such authors as Dr. Frank Crane and Herbert Kaufman do not really believe what they write, but print it simply for the money that is in it.

50. That the average newspaper car-

toonist makes \$100,000 a year.

- 51. That newspaper reporters hear, every day, a great many thumping scandals that they fail to print, and that they refrain through considerations of honor.
- 52. That the young East Side fellow who plays violin solos at the moving-picture theatre around the corner is so talented that, if he had the money to go to Europe to study, he would be a rival to Kreisler within three years.

53. That Paderewski, during the piano-playing days, wore a wig, and

was actually as bald as a coot.

54. That lightning never strikes

twice in the same place.

55. That when a doctor finds there is nothing the matter with a man who has come to consult him, he never frankly tells the man there's nothing wrong with him, but always gives him bread pills.

56. That on every trans-Atlantic steamer there are two smooth gamblers who, the moment the ship docks, sneak over the side with the large sum of money thay have won from the passen-

gers.

57. That if one gets out of bed on the left side in the morning, one has a mean disposition for the rest of the

day.

58. That a woman who has led a loose life is so grateful for the respect shown her by the man who asks her to marry him that she makes the best kind of wife.

- 59. That if one eats an apple every night before retiring, one will never be ill.
- 60. That when a drunken man falls he never hurts himself.
- 61. That all Chinese laundrymen sprinkle their laundry by taking a mouthful of water and squirting it out at the wash in a fine spray; and that, whatever the cost of living to a white man, the Chinese laundryman always lives on eight cents a day.

62. That if one fixes a savage beast with one's eye, the beast will remain rooted to the spot and presently slink

awav.

63. That if one eats cucumbers and then goes in swimming, one will be seized with a cramp.

64. That hiccoughs may be stopped by counting slowly up to one hun-

dred.

- 65. That nine times in ten when one is in pain and a doctor assures one that he is squirting morphine into one's arm, what he is really squirting in is only warm water.
- 66. That a German civilian, before the war, had to get off the sidewalk whenever an army lieutenant approached him on the street, and that, if he failed to do so instantly, the lieutenant was free to run him through with his sword.
- 67. That while it may be possible, in every individual case of spiritualist communication with the dead, to prove fraud by the medium, the accumulated effect of such communications is to demonstrate the immortality of the soul.

68. That an Italian who earns and saves \$1,000 in America can take the money home, invest it in an estate, and live like a rich man thereafter.

- 69. That all Mormons, despite the laws against it, still practise polygamy, and that they have agents all over the world recruiting cuties for their harems.
- 70. That, in a family crisis, the son always takes the mother's part and the daughter the father's.
- 71. That whenever a crowd of boys go camping in summer two or three of

them are drowned and the rest come

home suffering from poison ivy.

72. That whenever a will case gets into the courts, the lawyers gobble all the money, and the heirs come out penniless.

73. That every female moving-picture star carries on an intrigue with her leading man, and will marry him as soon as he can get rid of his poor first wife, who took in washing in order to pay for his education in the art of acting.

74. That all theatrical managers are Jews, and that most of them can scarce-

ly speak English.

75. That a great many of women's serious diseases are due to high French heels.

76. That if one does not scratch a mosquito bite, it will stop itching.

77. That when a girl gives a man a pen-knife for a present, their friendship will come to an unhappy end unless he exercises the precaution to ward off the bad luck by giving her a penny.

78. That whenever one takes an um-

brella with one, it doesn't rain.

79. That the cloth used in suits made in England is so good that it never wears out.

80. That it would cost a great violinist \$100,000 a year to cut his hair.

81. That John D. Rockefeller would give his whole fortune for a digestion good enough to digest a cruller.

82. That a clergyman leads an easy and lazy life, and spends most of his time visiting women parishioners while their husbands are at work.

83. That it is almost sure death to eat cucumbers and drink milk at the

same meal.

84. That all bank cashiers, soon or

late, tap the till.

85. That the members of fashionable church choirs, during the sermon, engage in kissing and hugging behind the pipe-organ.

86. That women who are in society never pay any attention to their children, and wish that they would die.

87. That if one gets one's feet wet, one is sure to catch cold.

88. That if one holds a buttercup under a person's chin and a yellow light is reflected upon that person's chin, it is a sign that he likes butter.

89. That all penny-in-the-slot weighing machines make a fat woman light

and a thin man heavier.

90. That, in the period just before a woman's baby is born, the woman's face takes on a peculiar spiritual and holy look.

91. That when a Chinese laundryman hands one a slip for one's laundry, the Chinese letters which he writes on the slip have nothing to do with the laundry, but are in reality a derogatory description of the owner.

92. That an old woman with rheumatism in her leg can infallibly predict

when it is going to rain.

93. That celery is good for the

nerves

94. That when a play is given in an insane asylum the inmates always laugh at the tragic moments and cry at the humorous moments.

95. That if a girl takes the last cake off a plate she will die an old maid.

- 96. That men high in public affairs always read detective stories for diversion.
- 97. That the wireless news bulletins posted daily on ocean liners are made up on board.

98. That the Swiss, when they sing,

always yodle.

99. That all German housewives are

very frugal.

100. That the Thursday matinées given by Chauncey Olcott are attended only by Irish servant girls.

101. That the reason the British authorities didn't lock up Bernard Shaw during the war was because they were afraid of his mind.

102. That Professor Garner is able to carry on long and intimate conversations with monkeys in their own language.

103. That oysters are a great aphro-

distac

104. That if one sleeps with one's head on a high pillow one will be round-shouldered.

105. That when one asks a girl to go canoeing she always brings along a bright red or yellow sofa cushion.

106. That when a woman buys cigars for a man she always judges the quality of the cigars by the magnificence of the cigar-bands.

107. That candle light makes a woman forty-five years old look fifteen

years younger.

108. That, owing to the change in the course of the Gulf Stream, the Atlantic seaboard will soon have hot winters and cold summers.

109. That the licorice candy sold in cheap candy stores is made out of old

rubber boots.

110. That if a boy is given all he wants to drink at home he will not drink when he is away from home.

111. That the second-class passengers on a trans-Atlantic steamship always have more fun than the first-class passengers.

112. That when a drunken man tries to speak, he always pronounces every

"s" as "sh."

113. That champagne will prevent seasickness.

114. That thin wrists and slender ankles are unmistakable signs of aristocratic breeding.

§ 7

On Race Hatreds.—It is one of the superstitions of the moment, diligently propagated by college professors, newspaper editorial writers and other such idiots, that the race antagonisms which now rack and torture the world are caused by conflicts in ideals and philosophies. Nothing could be more imbecile. The overwhelming majority of men of all races are almost absolutely destitute of philosophies and ideals; they know no more about such things, in fact, than they know about celestial physics. Philosophies and ideals are the exclusive possessions of very small minorities, chiefly insane. An idealist, like a philosopher, is simply a man who is sick. His idealism is no more and no less than a proof that he is defectively

adapted to the conditions of life that face the men of his race and time. He is thus ertremely uncomfortable and ill at ease, exactly as a man with a bad stomach is uncomfortable and ill at ease.

88

On the Naming of Yachts.—Why the lack of originality in the christening of yachts? The yacht that is not named after a tribe of Indians is four times in five named after the owner's old girl. Why not a bit of invention now and then; or, if not invention, a touch of novelty? Why not, for example, the yacht Hofbräu? Or the yacht Pyorrhea? Or the yacht Union Hill, New Jersey? Or the good yacht D'Annunzio? I am getting tired of the Oneidas, the Iroquois, the Maybelles and the Louellas.

89

A Good Short Story.—The best short story that I have encountered in the other magazines during the current year is Willa Sibert Cather's "Scandal," published in the Century a month This Miss Cather is the one American rose left blooming from the old McClure hothouse: her work steadily improves; her point of view steadily grows more sound and cultivated; her style steadily increases in fluency and effectiveness. She is as much above the Rineharts and Hursts and Corra Harrises as the steeple of St. Patrick's is above De Pinna's. I should have liked to have "Scandal" for THE SMART SET. In its absence from these pages, I congratulate the Century on its good fortune.

§ 10

Definition of a Music-Lover.—One who can tell you offhand how many sharps are in the key of C major.

§ 11

On Government.—It is an eloquent proof of the shallow intelligence of

men that they have never been able to invent a satisfactory form of government for their commonwealths. Neither monarchy nor democracy, it must be plain, is wholly satisfactory, either in theory or in practice. Monarchy gives too much power to a man who, in point of fact, may be an idiot. And democracy gives too much power to masses of men who, in point of fact, obviously are idiots.

The history of the world in modern times is a history of oscillations between the two forms. Each is constantly employed to dilute and condition the other: the monarchy becomes democratic, and the democracy becomes despotic. But there is never any halt upon a satisfying dead-center. The compromise that is always sought is never reached. Here, in the capital business of life, the massed intelligence of the human race makes a chronic and intolerable mess of things.

§ 12

On Critics.—Of critics, the one I can least stomach is the thunder-stealer who slyly and regularly goes in for the "As someone has aptly remarked" and the "As someone has cleverly observed" stuff. He is the kleptomaniac of criticism. The shoplifter in the literary jewelry store, the left-handed glory grabber. He is a critic in the sense that a phonograph is an opera singer. He is the oyster in the pearl. He borrows the cigar, borrows the tip-clipper, borrows the holder, borrows the match and then congratulates himself warmly on achieving by himself the climacteric grand spit.

§ 13

The Lord of Creation.—The human male is, of all quadrupeds, at once the most vain and the most idiotic. genuine popinjay, whatever that may be, is as a shrinking violet compared to him. He cannot imagine himself save as at the center of situations. never opens his mouth without talking of himself. He never undertakes the most trivial act without attitudinizing and hocus-pocusing it. However banal the position in which he finds himself, he tries to make something singular and glorious of it. If, in one of his obscure and sordid combats with another imbecile, he chances to get the better of it, the fact fills him with such pride that he is like to bust. And if, instead of getting the better of it, he is floored by an adept blow with a length of gaspipe, he takes almost the same lofty joy in his defeat and ignominy. Thus we have, on the one hand, the hero, and on the other hand, the martyr. Both are puerile and preposterous fellows. Both are frauds.

§ 14

Great Moments From Rotten Plays, II.—The Great Moment from "Lady Audley's Secret," by C. H. Hazlewood, author of "The Marble Bride," "Lost Evidence," etc., etc.

ROBERT (to LADY AUDLEY). Now, madam, we will come to a reckoning.

LADY A. (recoils from him) You! Alive! ROBERT. Aye, to punish and expose you. You thought to trap me, to silence me, by dooming me to a dreadful death. But Heaven be praised I was not sleeping when your wicked hands set fire to the house. No, I live to be your fate, and the avenger of my friend.

Lady A. What will you do?—proceed without evidence? And who are you that dare accuse me? Who are you that oppose yourself to me so constantly. I have wealth, boundless wealth, and I will use it to crush you-to crush you, Robert Audley!

ROBERT. How?
LADY A. Thus! (rushes toward him with dagger; he wrenches it from her kand)
ROBERT. And thus I rob the serpent of its

sting!

LADY A. Let me pass.
ROBERT. Never! the law shall have its

LADY A. And who is to be my accuser?

Enter LUKE.

LUKE. I, thank Heaven! I am spared to do an act of justice before I end my guilty

ter not to cast a stain upon my uncle's name. Say nothing, I beg, I entreat of you.

LUKE. Then I will be silent, silent for ever-ever-ever. (falls back in the arms of the PEASANTS)

LADY A. (aside) He is dead, and I shall triumph over them all! (the great bell of the Castle is now heard tolling)

Enter ALICIA.

ALICIA. Robert! Robert! my father is dead. Oh, pity me! pity and protect me!

(goes to ROBERT)

ROBERT. Sir Michael dead! Now vengeance take thy own! Friends, hear me: I accuse that woman of the murder of my friend, George Talboys.

LADY A. How and where? LUKE. (revives) I—I will tell that. pushed him down that well (points to well. All start), but it will be useless to search there now, for George Talboys is—

Enter George Talboys. GEORGE. Here! (Luke falls back dead)

§ 15

The Uplifter.—Of all varieties of men, the one who is least comprehensible to me is the fellow who sacrifices himself in what he conceives to be the public interest—in other words, the reformer, the uplifter, the martyr. What I am chiefly unable to understand is his amazing certainty that he is right—his almost pathological inability to grasp the notion that, after all, he may be in error. As for me, I am never absolutely certain that I am right, and for the plain reason that I am never absolutely certain that anything is true. It may seem to me to be true, and I may be quite unable to imagine any proof of its falsity—but that is simply saying that my imagination is limited, not that the proposition itself is immovably sound. Some other man, drinking bet-

ter liquor than I drink, may disprove it tomorrow. And if not tomorrow, then day after tomorrow, or maybe next week, or next year. I know of no socalled truth that quite escapes this pos-Anything is possible in a world so atrociously mismanaged as this one.

But even if the truth were not so wobbly I should still hesitate a long while before sacrificing any of my The man comfort or security to it. who does so seems to me to be one who deceives himself doubly. First, he convinces himself that he cannot be wrong, which is nonsense. And then he convinces himself that he is an altruist, is also nonsense. altruism simply does not exist in the world, or, to be more exact, has so far failed to demonstrate itself. passes for it is always some far inferior motive-selfish, narrow and often quite hoggish. In the case of the reformer that motive is almost always the mere yearning for dominion, the desire to boss things. Well, this happens to be a motive that burns in my own breast very feebly, and so I am not a reformer. Like all other men, of course, I desire power—but not the power to boss my inferiors. I have too much of that bossing to do as it is; my one dominant itch is to get rid of most of it. That a man I do not respect must obey my commands is a fact that gives me no joy. What it actually fills me with is a great regret that he does not die swiftly and go to hell, so that I may purge my mind of all thought of him and get some peace.



THE engagement ring—Austerlitz. The wedding ring—Waterloo.



That Second Man

By S. N. Behrman

"... for, together with, and, as it were behind, so much pleasurable emotion, there is always that other strange second man in me, calm, critical, observant, unmoved, blasé, odious."—Lord Leighton: Letter to his sister.

I

S Clark Storrey rang the bell of Courtney's narrow marble house he thought with pleasure of the mournful expression with which, he knew, Courtney would greet him. When Courtney was gay Storrey did not find him amusing but in his fits of depression—lately very frequent with him—there was something, to Storrey, almost jocund. The sag in his plump, pasty cheeks, the little whine that crept into his voice, the limp droop of his big body—the spectacle of Courtney as a forlorn lover, a plump Malvolio, appealed to Storrey's sense of humour, but, more piquantly, to a less amiable sense.

The pleasure he derived from the contemplation of Courtney in his present condition, his own rôle of splendid fellow and good friend, forced him to dissimulate but it lost little of its zest on this account. To think that Courtney-who was a first-rate scientist, master of a hidden vivid world which, he, Storrey, could not enter-was at the mercy of an emotion which made him as abjectly ridiculous as any clerk mooning over a post-card picture of an actress! It vindicated a notion he had long harboured that Courtney, despite his renown, was essentially quite commonplace. The notion of cold superiority that people entertained about him was a myth that Monica had completely melted.

That was pleasing to Courtney, who had always a bit envied and rather despised him. And it was also pleasing to him that before him alone of all people, Courtney made no effort to hide his absurd frailty.

Courtney's telegram had read:

"Must see you at once. Courtney."
So, although he was having a good time at the Seldens' house-party, he had decided to come in, especially as pretty Mrs. Morton had volunteered to motor him to town. Courtney must be in a bad way to send him a wire like that; evidently Monica had been unusually definite with him this time... He hoped not too definite; Courtney mustn't be frightened off. But he felt confident he could patch things up; he smiled again at the thought of how easy it would be for him to restore Courtney's confidence...

As he opened the door of the gloomy study his smile disappeared; he advanced into the room wearing an ex-

pression of grave concern.

"Just got your wire . . ."

Courtney gave him a limp hand and said nothing.

"I was afraid you might be ill—"
"It's Monica. She's refused me."

"Nonsense!"

"She has, I tell you. Point blank."

"You asked her to marry you?"

"I offered her everything—put my life at her feet, my work—" Courtney mopped his brow with a handkerchief he had in his hand.

"I guess I'd better try to forget her,"

he said miserably.

"Nonsense!" repeated Storrey cheerfully. "But tell me why? Why did she refuse you!"

His voice sounded as though he were quite surprised and not a little indig-

nant

Courtney made a helpless gesture.

"Doesn't love me."

"Does she love someone else?"

"That's the worst of it. She does."

"Who?"

"Wouldn't tell me. Do you know who it is?"

"Yes. It's no one. It's a lie. She

doesn't love anyone."

"What makes you think so?" Eagerness leaped back into his voice and

Storrey improvised reasons... He enjoyed the scene: Courtney slumped in a high-backed chair looking very pale and sickly as though he were suffering from indigestion, the long table covered with neatly ordered piles of scientific journals from nearly every country in Europe, abstruse journals filled with curiously patterned figure-formulas covering whole pages.

But Courtney refused to believe, refused to be comforted. Finally Storrey, unable to resist the temptation to be ever so little malicious, said sooth-

ingly:

"After all, you have your science,

old man.'

Courtney responded magnificently to the prod: he turned haggard eyes at

Storrey.

"Science! You think science means anything to me now! When I've lost her! I tell you I can't work since I've known her—I can't work. The books that formerly fascinated me, my researches—nothing matters to me now. When I start to do anything and get thinking of her I can't go on. I—I—get_a headache," he finished miserably.

Storrey liked to hear Courtney denounce his profession in this way. What an illusion this was of the cold mastery of scientific men! They were

as helpless as babies . . .

"Of course," said Storrey after a moment, "this is all nonsense. If you want her, really want her, you can get her."

"That's what you always say. You keep telling me that. But it's not true—"

Storrey lit a cigarette.

"No doubt about it. Not in the least—"

Storrey's tone carried conviction. In spite of all Monica had said to him, Courtney felt slightly better already. He began to lift his head.

"But she told me," he began, "last

night-"

"A mere child," said Storrey with finality. "Doesn't in the least know what she wants. Won't till after she's married. That's up to you."

"But she's not attracted to me-"

"She doesn't understand you. She has no appreciation of your intellectual gifts."

"It's true. Prohelium means nothing

to her."

Prohelium was the name of the new element Courtney had discovered.

"You must make it mean something to her. You must teach her to see how wonderful it is to widen the boundaries of knowledge, the deep mystery and elusiveness of the things you work with, the marvelous delicacy of your experiments. . . "

Courney sighed heavily.

"If I could only talk like you,

Storrey!"

"Talk! That's it—talk! By their sensitiveness to mere words women demonstrate their intellectual inferiority—and their right to the vote."

"If she only understood me-as you

do!"

"My dear chap—she shall be made to."

"How?"

Storrey lit another cigarette.

"How?" repeated Courtney tensely. Storrey slid forward comfortably in the dark leather chair till he seemed to be resting on the tip of his spine—a pose, he had read, often assumed by Arthur Balfour.

"Maternal pressure," he replied. "I'll wager you anything a poor poet can pay that Mrs. Gray doesn't know Monica's refused you."

"What if she did?"

"She'd raise Cain. You see Graymère-no pun intended, old chap-is desperately afraid-of guess what?"

"What?"

"That Monica will marry me!"

Courtney said nothing. But his facewent a shade grayer. His plump cheeks hung like dew-laps.

"Of course you see how absurd it is.

Monica and I-"

"I wonder you don't marry her," said Courtney a bit breathlessly. "She likes you. She likes you better than me, that's plain." Courney's voice was not without a touch of bitterness.

"Nonsense. She doesn't - really. Fancy my being married to Monica! She'd leave me in six months. which time I should certainly have left her. Monica couldn't stand the poverty of my ménage and," he laughed bitterly, "neither could I."

"It's strange you're not in love with

Monica."

"There speaks the etc. 1al lover. I think it strange you are in love with her. She's pretty-I grant you that. But—Great Heavens, man -so young!"

"She is young," said Courtney softly. His voice sounded suddenly like a

far, gentle echo.

"And so full of spirits!"

"Isn't she!"

"Her laughter gets on my nerves. Like the constant ringing of chimes."

"Yes," said Courtney. "It is like chimes."

There was a silence.

Courtney seemed lost in tender revery.

Storrey broke into it.

"That's the thing to do," he said. "There's no doubt of it."

"What is?"

"Monica's stepmother must be persuaded that I want to marry Monica. She'll never rest then until Monica is married to you."

"What makes you think so?" asked

Courtney doubtfully.

"No doubt about it. The old lady is cracked about the idea of having you for a stepson-in-law. Oh, it's not your scientific eminence. It's not even your family, though of course that has something to do with it. It's your money, my friend, your lucre, your multitudinous boodle-"

Courtney lifted a deprecating hand. "That's what it is, old man. The Grays are mighty hard up-Monica's been dressing shamefully of late."

"She looks better-" said Courtney

truculently.

"I know, old man. Niftier in gingham than a fine lady in velvet. How extraordinary, Courtney, that a chit of a girl like Monica can make a man of your eminence talk like a hack writer!"

"I don't like you to talk about Monica that way."

"Why not? She is an impudent minx, isn't she, shallow as a platter? Her lack of appreciation of you proves that."

"She's young. I sometimes think I'm too old for her," he said pathetically.

"You're only thirty-six."

"She's twenty-two. But it's not that alone. She's so gay, full of fun. I can't-prattle, Storrey. I don't follow her small talk

"I don't wonder. Her talk is not small. It is infinitesimal. Your microscopic training should help you—"

"I don't do the things she likes, dance, play tennis-you know-"

"You're not a jazz figure, Courtney," admitted Storrey judiciously. "But you'd better marry her. If you don't she'll run away with a tenor or somebody."

"I wish to Heaven I could marry

her," groaned Courtney.

"You shall. I'll begin showering attentions on Monica immediately. Poor Mrs. Gray. She'll be frightened to death."

"You're sure about this, Storrey?"

"No doubt of it."

"But if Monica doesn't love me!

She told me last night she didn't—never could."

"Just marry her. She'll change her mind."

Courtney rose.

"You know, Storrey," he said, "I used to think—when I thought about it—not often, you understand, until I met Monica—that I'd never marry unless the woman wanted me as much as I wanted her. But that was before I wanted any woman—as I want Monica. I'd marry her on any terms, Storrey. You understand?"

"Of course I understand, old fellow. And you shall. Mighty good thing for Monica, too."

"You really think so?"

"You have only to persist. You'll win her, as the military men say, by attrition. I've got to run now, old man—keep the pot boiling—"

"Forgive me for taking you away from the Seldens. But I just had to

see you."

"That's all right, old boy. I was glad of an excuse to get away. Awful

bore."

"You always make it so easy for your friends to impose on you," said Courtney earnestly. "No wonder everybody's crazy about you . . ."

II

STORREY left Courtney's house in singularly good humour. He did not turn down-fown, but cut across the avenue into Central Park. He wanted to be out in the cool sunshine, dallying

pleasantly with his thoughts.

He walked along buoyantly, swinging his cane, a smile playing about his lips. He was thinking of Courtney's complete and almost pathetic reliance upon him: this man who possessed a knowledge and a skill, a sensitiveness to the hidden forces of nature, that Courtney could not help admiring . . . Courtney's discovery had brought him the highest fame in scientific circles, he was elected an honorary F. R. S. in England and had even been mentioned for the Nobel prize . . . And with all

this Courtney had inherited an immense fortune from his father.

Courtney had met Monica at a house-party to which his mother had dragged him and the man of science had fallen hopelessly in love at first sight with the beautiful, golden-haired girl, not, Storrey reflected, as a man of the world falls in love, with a certain genial deprecation of his irrationality, but as an awkward schoolboy falls in love.

In Monica's presence Courtney would become tongue-tied; he could do nothing but silently register adoration.
... He would sit dumbly staring at her; once when the three of them were having tea together Monica asked Courtney whether he was trying to hypnotize her ... She took a certain delight in torturing him; she was always unnecessarily risqué in his presence, would talk of having "affairs" with the blithe ingenuousness of a child prattling of storks.

"When are you and I going to have an affair, Storrey?" she would ask. "You're awfully slow about it . . ."

Her virginal beauty made her audacities irresistibly piquant, but they hurt Courtney so that he often begged her to stop . . An avowed materialist Courtney professed the belief that creation was the result of a fortuitous and not altogether happy combination of circumstances.

"A slight change in the temperature," he was fond of quoting, "and we should have been at the mercy of the ants."

Latterly Storrey had twitted him with his conservatism in the field of morals; was it really so important that Monica should make a fetish of monogamy in view of the Creator's carelessness about more fundamental things?

But Courtney had not pursued the

subject, reiterating stubbornly:

"I don't like her to talk that way. Of course I know she wouldn't do anything—well—you know—wrong. She couldn't. She's too pure, too good. But I don't like her to talk that way."

Nevertheless Monica kept on talking that way and Storrey enjoyed Courtney's discomfiture as much as she did. . . . Storrey detested this Puritanism in Courtney; he knew it was the instinct for exclusive possession that made him want to forbid Monica the sharing of even verbal intimacies with others. . . . The girl he wanted for himself must be "as chaste as ice, as pure as snow" . . . It made Storrey indignant to think of it; what right had Courtney to desire for himself alone this beautiful creature full of high spirits and laughter-this desiccated thinking-machine, as intelligent as a mole inside his scientific burrow, but quite helpless and uninteresting once out of it? . . .

Storrey's vindictiveness was partly the result of his envy at Courtney's distinctions, the place he had won for himself in the world: actually he knew that Courtney's activities were not mole-like, but the result of thought-processes as beautifully crystalline as a poem by George Meredith. Storrey's mind was not as superficial as his life and work: which was his tragedy.

The truth was that in an obscure way he was jealous of Courtney: jealous of the place he had won for himself in the intellectual world, jealous of his money, jealous of the fact that he would marry Monica. For of course he would marry Monica. There was no way out of it for her—unless he himself married her . . .

For a moment he toyed with that temptation, the temptation of taking her away from Courtney. Monica was lovely—and really a dear. Storrey liked her better, after all, than any girl he knew. She never really got on his nerves: when she began to bore him she would always know it and say:

"All right, Storrey, I'm leaving."
Moreover there was something quite brave and fine about Monica; Storrey knew that, too. She had been going the pace rather swiftly of late, but chiefly because there was nothing else for her to do.

"We're too poor to refuse invita-

tions, mother and I," she had said to him one day.

And another time, when she described the antics of a gay party she had attended:

"I'd have done anything that night. An antidote to the Genesis-man. He'd spent the afternoon with me."

The sobriquet had been applied to Courtney by Monica after his first attempt to initiate her into modern scientific theories of evolution. He had asked her how she thought it all began and she had replied innocently with the orthodox recital culminating in the Garden of Eve. Courtney, who had taken her quite seriously, brushed away the myth with indulgent superiority and devoted a half hour to the nebular theory.

"So you see, Monica," he had said in conclusion, "it's not true what you've read in the Bible."

"But I like the Bible ever so much better," she had answered quickly; "there's a girl like me in it . . ."

Storrey's smile, which had disappeared as he thought of Courtney's unapproachable eminence, returned as he recalled this recital. She was a demure little witch! It might be the best thing he could do, after all, to marry Monica. He would settle down, quit this awful business of pretending to be something he wasn't, "a snapper up of unconsidered trifles," quit wrapping banal ideas in adroitly turned verse, and get down to brass tacks artistically and actually...

He was sick of being tame cat to half the people in New York, sick of playing the good fellow to people he despised . . .

But a moment's consideration and he banished the thought. It was too late to change. He should lead exactly the same sort of life if he married Monica as he led now. He would probably be unfaithful and Monica would probably be jealous . . . No, it was better to continue in his present rôle in life, a spectator who occasionally manipulated a few strings . . .

It would be interesting after all to

see Monica and Courtney married. An odd couple. Monica would be bored to death. What would be her revenge?

He repeated the question to himself.

. . . His smile deepened.
"How funny!" he exclaimed inwardly. "Poor old Courtney . . .!"

Ш

When he got to his rooms he found a telephone message from Monica. He was not surprised. The message said: "Very important." That, too, was a cry for help; the second he had received that day. How simple people were, how helpless; they could be turned as easily as a rhyme . . . Of course Monica had called him up to tell him that she had refused Courtney, that she had foolishly told her mother about it, that there had been a volcanic scene . . . She wanted to get support from him to help her through the crisis. Poor Monica. She would have to succumb . . . He thought for a moment of calling her, but decided to wait till she called him again.

He sat down in a great easy chair, pushed a specially prepared arm around so that it made a broad wooden bridge over his knees, reached for a pad and fountain pen and began to write.

He sat slumped down in the chairhe could adjust the angle of the impromptu desk by turning a screw on the side. He always wrote this way; in the same position he assumed when he smoked his after-dinner cigar.

"I wonder if I'd do better work if I really had to earn a living by this stuff," he asked himself. "Probably I'd do better work. Or perhaps I'd just turn out a lot more of the same

stuff . . ."

Very comfortably Storrey began to write . . . a faint smile hovering about his lips as he toyed with the words. . . . A few nights before, at a dance at the Seldens, he had taken a walk in the moonlight with a girl; they had been dancing and he asked her to go outside with him. They stepped out through the open French windows, crossed the lawn, and walked down a narrow path between high poplars, with the stars quite close, and the moon

showing between them . . .

It was a most curious moon, redbronze in colour, wafer-thin, exquisitely curved, like a tiny scimitar, a shaving of a moon. God, Courtney had said, must be a curious person to fashion such a moon, a butcher with artistic leanings. Or was He an artist suffering from a sadistic atavism? Which did she think? The girl thought it was slightly chilly and hadn't they better go back to the ball-room?

They went back to the ball-room. . Storrey put the walk and the talk into a poem. While writing he struck off several figures that rather pleased him: one was that the tree-tops looked like hedges in the sky between which the stars grew like buttercups. There was a hint of nostalgia, the wavering suggestion of sensuousness as the man and the girl stood for a moment on the brink of understanding, then the sophisticated monologue on the moon breaking the spell! At the end the usual ironic fillip: the mask of convention drawn on with the white gloves, a polite request for a waltz from an ancient dowager . . .

Storrey played with his ideas lazily, pared them off, tucked them in. He had written that poem a good many times before. And, when he had nearly finished modeling it, the telephone

rang.

Storrey was glad. The interruption was welcome. He had had enough of creation. He reached out and took the 'phone from the tabouret. Monica's voice sounded strained, a bit breathless.

"Hello, kiddie!" he said heartily. She reproached him for not respond-

ing to her message.

'Is it really so important?" he asked. "Very. I've simply got to see you,

Storrey."

They made a luncheon engagement. He got together the written sheets and put them into a drawer. He was pleased that he had done some work and that he was going to see Monica.

There had been a gravity in her voice today that was quite unusual for her and quite appealing. She must really be upset at the idea of marrying Courtney. One couldn't exactly blame her; Courtney would be forever filling her ears with halting expositions of scientific theory, not because he was interested in her mental development, but that she might have the background to appreciate the splendour of his achieve-

It was absurd, thought Storrey, to think that scientists were less egoists than artists. Their deeper consciousness of the tragic insignificance of man, of the feebleness of his cry amid the vast solitudes of time and space, did not mitigate the tensity of their appetites and vanities. Nor were their minds different from other peoples': they were reputed more rational because, since the problems they attack take longer to solve, they have less leisure for the gratification of instinct. .

He met Monica in the lounge just off the lobby of the Ritz. Storrey's income was small enough to require husbanding, but he never economized on food. Dining at smart houses had sharpened an instinctive epicureanism. Besides, he liked to be seen at the right places. But today Monica would not lunch in the hotel with him:

"Please," she said. "Let's go to some place quiet. I want to talk to

vou."

"That means," he said lightly, "that yoù want me to talk to you, to give you advice. I can give you advice here as well as anywhere."

"I want you alone today. We'll meet people we know here. I always meet you in crowds." Already they were

walking out of the hotel.

"I know a nice little place in Fifty-first Street," she said. "The dearest old ladies come there to drink iced tea."

"So that's it? You want a setting

that will show off your youth."

She looked swiftly at him, smiling with arch gravity.

He had never seen her so subdued.

He had never seen her quite so perfect. Sometimes he thought her colouring a bit too vivid, but today she was pale. Her golden hair peeped out from beneath a small toque, two dark-blue bird's wings, shaped like a helmet.

He told her she was looking charming, but she did not seem as pleased as usual at a compliment from him.

"I've read your St. Augustine," she

said suddenly. "Most of it."

"I wanted you to read all of it," he

said severely.

He had reapproached her the last time for a wicked remark she had made about Courtney and he had told her it was sacrilegious for a girl named after the mother of St. Augustine to talk that way. She had not known that Monica was the name of St. Augustine's mother and she had become greatly interested in the career of the Saint. She wanted to know whether Monica, the Saint's mother, had written anything and Storrey told her that she was not a writer so far as he knew, having more important work to do. But her son had written a rather wellknown work called the Confessions and the title had so intrigued Monica that she had made him promise to send her

"Yes," she said eagerly, "I read it nearly all. I thought it would be dull, but it wasn't, because you know he started off very badly, this saint. He only gets good-when he gets tired.

. . Is that it?"

She looked at him questioningly, her eyes quite serious.

"Tell me," she repeated, "I want to

know."

"It is difficult, little ingénue, to determine in such cases, whether renunciation or satiety is the cause. But what are such delicate problems to you? If I thought you'd have stopped with the conversion-"

"I know. You wanted me to be just edified. Am I so very wicked?"

"Not wicked. Merely not discriminating."

She pouted.

"Why am I?"

"Because," he said, "the cream of humanity worships you, and you spend your time lunching with a—a footnote."

"What do you mean, a foot-note?" She frowned adorably when she was

perplexed.

"A scribbler," he said, borrowing easily from a much-read novel, "is a

mere foot-note to reality."

"Oh, but I like foot-notes," she said eagerly. "You know why. Because once we—a girl I knew at school and myself—got hold of some dry-looking translation of a novel by—oh, I forget—one of those wicked old Romans. Every few seconds or so there were stars in the text and down the bottom of the page there were little paragraphs that really belonged where the stars were. Only they were in Latin! We got a Latin dictionary—Lois and I..."

She chattered on telling of their difficulties with the dictionary. . They turned into the restaurant, Monica nodding gaily to the waitresses; she seemed to know them all. They passed through the long dining-room and into an open space in the rear where there were small tables under coloured umbrellas.

"So you see, Storrey, I'm just a light, giddy creature and I love footnotes. Now what are you going to do

about it?"

He did not answer for a moment.

"You're incorrigible, Monica," he

said finally.

"I know what you're thinking: that I ought to go in for solider things, heavy text-books. Oh, Storrey, imagine living all your life with a text-book—how bored you'd get!"

"Wouldn't be bad. If you had an occasional foot-note to relieve the mo-

notony."

"I know what you want, Storrey. You want all the fun and none of the responsibility."

He leaned close to her and touched

her hand.

"Don't talk like that, kiddie," he said. "I'm terribly fond of you—to-day."

"Just today!"
"Always."

"Then you might prove it."

"I am proving it."

"If you are, then you'll do me the favour I've come to ask of you."

"What is it?"

"It's such a little thing." She looked at him with troubled eyes. "It's—that

you should marry me."

He was astonished. He was astonished because she wasn't laughing, because there was no laughter in her eyes. He was uncomfortable. He was sorry he had come. It was a mistake.

"Î'll be ever so good, Storrey, really. I'm fond of you, you know. I won't bother you—ever. I'll just sit in a corner and not make a sound all the time while you write your wonderful poems—"

That was one thing about Monica he didn't entirely like. She really thought his poems wonderful and devoured them as they appeared, like caramels.

Fortunately the waitress came . . . They ordered consomme and creamed chicken and a salad, leaving the dessert to be decided on later. The waitress disappeared to fetch the consomme.

"What do you say, Storrey?" she resumed. "You see how persistent I am—"

She was smiling now. Storrey solemnly assured her that he would love her for ever and a day but that he would certainly not marry her.

"All right for you!" said Monica and began nibbling a biscuit, quite angry

with him.

"The trouble is you don't understand anything about anything," said Storrey.

"The trouble is that you're damn selfish," said Monica. "Yes, you are. You like to go around and be petted by people. You're afraid I'll interfere." Her tone changed suddenly. "But I wouldn't interfere. Really I wouldn't. You could do anything you liked. You see, I know you're really fonder of me than of anyone. Just as I know that I'm fonder of you than I ever shall be of anyone."

"The very young," he said, "especially when female, are subject to obsessions."

"You might think you're so old yourself. You're only thirty . . . Mother always calls you 'that young fellow

Storrey'! . . ."

Suddenly Monica held an imaginary lorgnette to her eyes and began speaking in a high, strained falsetto: "That rather conceited young fellow—er—what's his name—oh, yes, Storrey. Storrey. . .! Curious name, very curious. Writes. What? Poetry? You mean verses, my dear, verses. Has anyone ever read them? I'm sure I haven't. No time for such trash, you know—'"

Monica lowered the lorgnette. Her

mimicry was delightful.

"Your stepmother is an intelligent woman, Monica. She doesn't even squander her time recklessly."

"Stingy old thing! She wants me to marry that old encyclopedia just be-

cause he's rich!"

"You refer to Courtney?"

"You know I do," said Monica savagely. "This shows—how much you like me! You're always playing with me. You're always making fun of me. I ask you to marry me and—instead of being glad—and saying yes—you—you keep me in suspense."

A tear glistened on her eyelash.

"I don't think it's fair of you to ask me to luncheon and take advantage of my absurdly sympathetic nature by threatening to cry. Please remove that teardfop, Monica—unobtrusively . . .

"Gosh, I am sloppy! I'm sorry, old boy. But I've been jawing with the old lady till I'm half hysterical. Honest, I don't know whether I'm coming or going." She dabbed her eyes furtively with a bit of handkerchief. "Like a manicure at a movie, aren't I, Storrey?" She grimaced.

"You're a dear child, Monica, and I'm terribly in love with you, and to show you that I am I'm going to take you for a drive in the Park in a hansom cab and make you feel ashamed

of yourself-"

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She clapped her hands joyfully.

"Oh, Storrey!" she gasped ecstatically. "That's just what I've always wanted you to do to me. Is it a promise?"

"You're incorrigible," said Storrey, with decorum.

IV

People liked Clark Storrey for various reasons, some because he didn't take himself seriously; others because, though a writer, he was a "regular fellow"; others still because they thought him singularly detached in his judgments of things; and everybody liked him because they thought him a loyal and disinterested friend. Few people understood the true source of these things they deemed his virtues.

It was true, for example, that Storrey did not take himself seriously but that sprang not so much from the absence of conceit in him as from the absolution it offered him from the struggle to attain a perfect and unhackneyed form of expression, from struggle of any sort whatever. If he was a "regular fellow" it was because, among business men and society women, he commanded thereby an adulation other artists would not have yielded him. If he was detached in his judgments it was because it helped him to justify his frailties to see them mirrored in others. The virtue attributed to him by everybody, that he was a loyal friend, was sheer nonsense and he despised the people who believed it. No man manipulated his friends as he did: he got from them everything he wanted, from a yachting cruise in the Mediterranean to the loan of a motor-car, things his luxury-loving soul demanded but that he was too poor to get for himself.

In the hansom with Monica, Storrey thought about these things and, what was unusual with him, he thought about them with a certain compunction. He knew the truth about himself, and now, for the first time, with Monica sitting beside him, her hand resting on his, the

knowledge gave him a certain twinge of discomfort.

After all, wasn't he running a serious risk in going on this way? Mightn't he become terribly bored, with a growing sense of emptiness, isolation, stealing up around him? . . . No, there was small danger of that: he loved material comforts too much, and, while he had them he could not remain long unhappy . .

He looked at Monica's pure profile. . . . Why should he give her up to Courtney? It was ridiculous to give her up to Courtney. If he didn't marry Monica he would never marry anyone; that he knew. To think of her married to Courtney was a little like thinking of her wearing an eternal dead-white mask and hideous clothes. Courtney would not become her . . .

And yet he had just been telling her that it was eminently fitting for her to marry Courtney, that he would provide her with the exquisite background her

loveliness needed.

"I can't marry him, Storrey, I can't,"

she was saying.

"He'll be a wonderful husband for you. Just the best. Won't bother you. Spends ages in the laboratory, you know."

"But he'll come back from the laboratory. I'm sure he doesn't sleep

in the laboratory."

She looked at him with eyes of unblemished innocence. He patted her He liked her best when she looked like that . . . Why didn't he take her in his arms? Why didn't he kiss her? Why didn't he carry her off and live with her and fashion poems for her? No. That sort of idyl wasn't possible for him. If she were richvery rich-perhaps. Or if he were. . . . But limited means drove people too much together. "I mustn't do it," he kept telling himself.

"I've told mother, you know," said Monica finally, as though she had just

remembered something. "Told her what?"

"That I love you." "You didn't!"

"Yes," she said tranquilly.

"And what did you say-about me?" "I told her you loved me, too. And that you had asked me to marry you."

"You impertinent-! How dared

you tell such a lie!"

"I'll tell you. I thought that if I told mother that you had asked me that you would be-well-sort of compromised—and you'd have to ask me. I'm trying to get it—sort of spread around. Now wait-" She put her hand over his mouth to silence his pro-"You see, I'm doing it for your good. I know that you do love me. I know that you do want to marry me. I know the reason you haven't asked me yourself is because you think you haven't enough money and that I want all sorts of frivolous things. It's just like you-you're so splendid and always thinking of other people. you misjudge me, Storrey. I could be most awfully happy on just what you have. And so could you. So I'm just telling everybody that we're engaged

"You wretched child! You make me furious with you! But you're not really doing it!"

"Oh, but I am! Isn't it jolly? I'm thinking of sending an announcement to the papers. Of course! That's just what I'll do."

"You'll do nothing of the sort."

She laughed joyously.

"I've got you, Storrey. I've got you at last!"

She was maddening . .

"You'll do no such thing," he repeated stupidly, not knowing what to say to her.

"Yes, I will. I've told everyone, so it might as well be in the papers."

"You little goose! Don't you see that now you'll have to marry Court-Your stepmother despises me. She'll disown you if you don't marry Courtney now. You'll have to marry him because you'll have to marry some-I certainly shan't. Your stepmother will insist on it-to keep you from marrying me." He was genuinely frightened now.

"But how is she going to keep me from marrying you?"

"She won't have to. I'll disappear. I'll go away. I'll abandon you."

"You wouldn't, Storrey!"

"I won't let you ruin your life . . . " He didn't want to make that hypocritical speech. But habit was too strong . .

"You wouldn't have people say you jilted me? And have them laugh at me . . .?"

"That's just what I'm going to do,"

he said fiercely.

-Twilight had fallen . . . In the half-darkness that had descended on them swiftly while they jogged along in the hansom, he saw her lips tremble slightly.

He touched her face with his hands and then drew her to him, kissing her

eyes and cheeks and hair . .

She sighed and rested in his arms contentedly, like a tired child. . . .

"Oh, Storrey," she whispered, "you make me so happy, Storrey . . ."

THEY were married in the country on the lawn of Fairview, overlooking the Hudson. Courtney believed in quiet weddings, so there were only a few people, immediate relatives and intimate friends. Storrey was best

It was a fine June day. The guests gathered on the terrace in front of the house, chatting and laughing together in little groups of twos and threes. A string orchestra played from a bay window screened with foliage. The long, low-set, rambling house had an air of having settled itself comfortably on the crest of the hill, like an old hen sitting on an egg.

Inside, the Bishop who was to perform the ceremony stood with his back to the great rubble fireplace in the living-room, dressed in full regalia (Courtney's mother was High Church), his surplice blowing in the breeze that swept through the open windows. The Bishop, in a deep, rich voice, was saying things about weddings . . .

Storrey felt uncomfortable, nervous, irritated. He walked into the library to smoke a cigarette. Courtney jumped at him from the chair in which he had been sitting:

"I'm frightfully nervous, Storrey!" Storrey regarded him coldly. An intense dislike of Courtney had taken

possession of him.

"I was going to send for you, Storrey," continued Courtney. "I Courtney. wanted you near me."

"You'd better go in. I think you're wanted inside—"

Storrey found it unbearable to be

talking to him.

"Wanted? Already?" He seized Storrey's hand. "All right. want you to know that I'll never forget what you've done for me. I owe it all to you. The happiest man in the world-"

He fumbled away, muttering gratitudes . . . Storrey, singularly unhappy, walked on through the library and came out on the veranda, encircling the rear of the house . . . Well, he'd done it! He'd thrown her away! Why? Why had he done it? Why had He did not he given her up? know .

A quick picture of Monica rose up before him, as she had been that last time—looking beseechingly at him and saying:

"You wouldn't abandon me, Stor-

"Damn him!" His fists clenched as he cursed Courtney under his breath. "Damn him! Damn him!" And after a moment: "What's the matter with you? You're being beastly. being sentimental. You're being jealous.

And he repeated to himself over and over the thousand reasons why marriage with Monica was impossible for him. If the whole thing were to do over he would do again exactly what he had done. There was no doubt of it. And yet . . .

And yet he could not shake off his mood, the deepening sense he felt that in throwing Monica into Courtney's arms he had repressed the finest impulse he had ever had . . . But of course it wasn't that at all. It was jealousy. Plain jealousy. It was that he didn't want Courtney to have her. What had Courtney done to deserve her . . .?

"Damn that fellow," he said to himself, thinking suddenly of Courtney's scientific distinction. "He'll probably discover the Riddle of the Universe

some week-end . . ."

What was the matter with him? Was he losing his sense of humour? What should he do with Monica on his hands?

It was just like Courtney to be rotten with money. If only he had Courtney's money. What a time he could

give Monica with it!

A clear soprano sounded suddenly. . . . "Oh, Promise Me . . ." Storrey stood by the rail of the veranda, his hands in his pockets, staring off into space . . . He would go on forever, he supposed, writing nice little verses to titillate the fancies of middle-aged virgins . . . eating other peoples' dinners and being pleasant to everybody. He would probably get fat . . . Yes, he would certainly get fat . . . Already his collar was getting too tight for him. . . .

What a life! He wished he were

blamed well out of it!

Courtney rushed in on him, seized him . . .

"For Heaven's sake, Storrey," he almost gasped. "We're all ready—waiting for you. Ten minutes late . . ."

Storrey addressed a remark to Courtney, which, happily, Courtney did not hear. Then he followed him inside.

VI

THE Bishop was still talking about marriage. He was delivering generalizations to his clients . . . "It is an honourable estate . . ." he was assuring them. Did the bishop really

believe that? Hadn't he read Shaw? Then, for the first time, Storrey looked at Monica. She was standing with raised head looking the Bishop square in the eyes. There was something defiant in her bearing, something,

too, unconquered and unconquerable.
"She's wonderful," Storrey said to
himself. He looked at Courtney. He
was standing limply, his big body looking flabbier than ever, his eyes fixed on

the ground.

The Bishop's voice rose and fell. He was talking now about sharing things.
... Storrey wondered what Monica was thinking. Was she aware of him? Of course she must be. Did she hate him? Would she continue to hate him? Did she understand him now or did she still believe that in renouncing her he was actuated by altruism?

Would they ever resume the old camaraderie? Not for a year, alas, certainly . . . But, maybe, sometime. Ennui might probably set in. When Courtney's talk about the nebular hypothesis might probably make her feel like jumping out of a window . . .

Storrey's depression began to lift. . . . Yes, Courtney might probably try to make an intellectual of Monica, not because he liked intellectual women, but in order to stimulate appreciation of his own achievements. And one day his hesitating expositions might probably drive her into hysterics and she might throw a book at him and run out of the room to be away from him . . .

And then she might probably telephone to him, Storrey. And he might probably meet her somewhere, perhaps in the old ladies' rendezvous in Fifty-first Street and he might see the desperation in Monica's eyes and he would understand. He would be gentle. He would be silent. He would be comforting.

". . . Let him speak now or forever after hold his peace . . ."

boomed the Bishop.



The Débutanté

(A One-Act Play)

By F. Scott Fitzgerald

Scene I:—A large and dainty bedroom in the Connage house—a girl's room; pink walls and curtains and a pink bedspread on a cream-colored bed. Pink and cream are the motifs of the room, but the only article of furniture in full view is a luxurious dressing table with a glass top and a three-sided mirror. On the walls we have an expensive print of "Cherry Ripe," a few polite dogs by Landseer, and the "King of the Black Isles" by Maxfield Parrish.

Great disorder consisting of the following items: (1) seven or eight empty cardboard boxes, with tissue paper tongues hanging panting from their mouths; (2) an assortment of street dresses mingled with their sisters of the evening, all upon the table, all evidently new; (3) a roll of tulle, which has lost its dignity and wound itself tortuously around everything in sight; and (4) upon the two small chairs, a collection of lingeric that beggars description. One would enjoy seeing the bill called forth by the finery displayed and one is possessed by a desire to see the princess for whose benefit—Look! There's someone!—Disappointment! This is only a maid looking for something—she lifts a heap from a chair—Not there; another heap, the dressing table, the chiffonier drawers. She brings to light several beautiful chemises and an amazing pajama, but this does not satisfy her—she goes out.

An indistinguishable mumble from the next room.

Now, we are getting warm. This is Mrs. Connage, ample, dignified, rouged to the dowager point and quite worn out. Her lips move significantly as she looks for it. Her search is less thorough than the maid's, but there is a touch of fury in it that quite makes up for its sketchiness. She stumbles on the tulle and her "damn" is quite audible. She retires, empty-handed.

More chatter outside and a girl's voice, a very spoiled voice, says:
"Of all the stupid people" ---

After a pause a third seeker enters, not she of the spoiled voice but a younger edition. This is Cecelia Connage, sixteen, pretty, shrewd and constitutionally good-humored. She is dressed for the evening in a gown the obvious simplicity of which probably bores her. She goes to the nearest pile, selects a small pink garment and holds it up appraisingly.

CECELIA:

CECELIA:

Pink?

Very snappy?

ROSALIND:

ROSALIND:

Yes!

Yes!

CECELIA:

I've got it!

(She sees herself in the mirror of the dressing table and commences to tickle-toe on the carpet.)

ROSALIND:

(Outside.) What are you doing—trying it on?

(Cecelia ceases and goes out, carrying the garment at the right shoulder. From the other door, enters Alec Connage, about twenty-three, healthy and quite sure of the cut of his dress clothes. He comes to the center of the room and in a huge voice shouts:)

Mamma!

(There is a chorus of protest from next door and encouraged he starts toward it, but is repelled by another chorus.)

ALEC:

So *that's* where you all are! Amory Blaine is here.

CECELIA:

(Quickly.) Take him down stairs.

ALEC:

Oh he is down stairs.

Mrs. Connage:

Well, you can show him where his room is. Tell him I'm sorry that I can't meet him now.

ALEC:

He's heard a lot about you all. I wish you'd hurry. Father's telling him all about the war and he's restless. He's sort of temperamental.

(This last suffices to draw Cecelia into the room)

CECELIA:

(Seating herself high upon lingerie.) How do you mean temperamental?

ALEC:

Oh, he writes stuff.

CECELIA:

Does he play the piano?

ALEC:

I don't know. He's sort of ghostly, too—makes you scared to death sometimes—you know, all that artistic business.

CECELIA:

(Speculatively.) Drink?

ALEC:

Yes-nothing queer about him.

CECELIA:

Money?

ALEC:

Good Lord—ask him. No, I don't think so. Still he was at Princeton when I was at New Haven. He must have some.

Mrs. Connage:

(Enter Mrs. Connage.) Alec, of course, we're glad to have any friend of yours, but you must admit this is an inconvenient time, and he'll be a little neglected. This is Rosalind's week you see. When a girl comes out she needs all the attention.

ROSALIND:

(Outside.) Well, then prove it by coming here and hooking me.

(Exit Mrs. Connage.)

ALEC:

Rosalind hasn't changed a bit.

CECELIA:

(In a lower tone.) She's awfully spoiled.

ALEC:

Well, she'll meet her match tonight.

CECELIA:

Who-Mr. Amory Blaine?

(Alec nods.)

Well Rosalind has still to meet the man she can't out-distance. Honestly, Alec, she treats men terribly. She abuses them and cuts them and breaks dates with them and yawns in their faces—and they come back for more.

ALEC:

They love it.

CECELIA:

They hate it. She's a—she's a sort of vampire, I think—and she can make girls do what she wants usually—only she hates girls.

ALEC:

Personality runs in our family.

CECELIA:

(Resignedly.) I guess it ran out before it got to me.

ALEC:

Does Rosalind behave herself?

CECELIA:

Not particularly well. Oh, she's average—smokes sometimes, drinks punch, frequently kissed—Oh, yes—common knowledge—one of the effects of the war you know.

(Emerges-Mrs. Connage.)

Mrs. Connage:

Rosalind's almost finished and I can go down and meet your friend.

(Exeunt Alec and his mother.)

ROSALIND:

(Outside.) Oh, mother-

CECELIA:

Mother's gone down.

(Rosalind enters, dressed—except for her flowing hair. Rosalind is unquestionably beautiful. A radiant skin with two spots of vanishing color, and a face with one of those eternal mouths, which only one out of every fifty beauties possesses. It is sensual, slightly, but small and beautifully shaped. If Rosalind had less intelligence her "spoiled" expression might be called a pout, but she seems to have sprung into growth without that immaturity that "pout" suggests. She is wonderfully built, one notices immediately, slender and athletic, yet lacking under-development. Her voice, scarcely musical, has the ghost of an alto quality and is full of vivid instant personality.)

ROSALIND:

Honestly there are only two costumes in the world I really enjoy being in—(combing her hair at the dressing table) a hoop skirt dress with pantaloons or a bathing suit. I'm quite charming in both of them.

CECELIA:

Are you glad you're coming out?

ROSALIND:

Delighted.

CECELIA:

(Cynically.) So you can get married and live on Long Island with the fast younger married set? You want life to be a chain of flirtation, with a man for every link.

ROSALIND:

Want it to be one!—you mean I've found it one.

CECELIA:

Ha!

ROSALIND:

Cecelia, darling, you don't know what a trial it is to be—like me—I've got to keep my face like steel in the street to keep men from winking at me. If I laugh hard from a front row at the theater, the comedian plays to me for the rest of the evening. If I drop my voice, my eyes, my handkerchief at a dance my partner calls me up on the phone every day for a week.

CECELIA:

It must be an awful strain.

ROSALIND:

The unfortunate part is that the only men who interest me at all are the totally ineligible ones. Ah—if I were poor, I'd go on the stage. That's where my type belongs.

CECELIA:

Yes, you might as well get paid for the amount of acting you do.

ROSALIND:

Sometimes when I've felt particularly radiant I've thought—why should this be wasted on one man—?

CECELIA:

Often when you're particularly sulky, I've wondered why it should all be wasted on just one family.

(Getting up.) I think I'll go down and meet Mr. Amory Blaine. I like

temperamental men.

ROSALIND:

My dear girl, there aren't any. Men don't know how to be really angry or really happy—and the ones that do go to pieces.

CECELIA:

Well I'm glad I don't have all your worries, I'm engaged.

ROSALIND:

(With a scornful smile.) Engaged? Why you little lunatic. If mother heard you talking like that she'd send you off to boarding school where you belong.

CECELIA:

You won't tell her though, because I know things I could tell—and you're too selfish.

ROSALIND:

(A little annoyed.) Run along little girl!—Who are you engaged to, the iceman?—the man that keeps the candy store?

CECELIA:

Cheap wit—good-bye, dariing, I'll see you later.

ROSALIND:

Oh be *sure* and do that—you're *such* a help.

(Exit Cecelia. Rosalind finished her hair and rises, humming. She goes up to the mirror and starts to dance in front of it, on the soft carpet. She watches not her feet, but her eyes—never casually but always intently, even when she smiles.)

(The door suddenly opens and then slams behind a good-looking young man, with a straight, romantic profile, who sees her and melts to instant confusion.)

HE:

Oh I'm sorry, I thought-

SHE:

(Smiling radiantly.) Oh, you're Amory Blaine, aren't you?

HE:

(Regarding her closely.) And you're Rosalind?

SHE:

I'm going to call you Amory—oh, come in—it's all right—mother'll be right in—(under her breath) unfortunately.

HE

(Gazing around.) This is sort of a new wrinkle for me.

SHE:

This is No Man's Land.

HE:

This is where you—you—(embar-rassment.)

SHE:

Yes—all those things.

(She crosses to the bureau.) See, here's my rouge—eye pencils.

HE:

I didn't know you were that way.

SHE:

What did you expect?

HE:

I thought you'd be sort of—sort of —sexless; you know, swim and play golf.

SHE:

Oh I do-but not in business hours.

HE:

Business?

SHE:

Six to two-strictly.

HE:

I'd like to have some stock in the corporation.

SHE:

Oh it's not a corporation—it's just "Rosalind, Unlimited." Fifty-one shares, name, good will and everything goes at \$25,000 a year.

HE:

(Disapprovingly.) Sort of a chilly proposition.

SHE:

Well, Amory, you don't mind—do you? When I meet a man that doesn't bore me to death after two weeks, perhaps it'll be different.

HE:

Odd, you have the same point of view on men that I have on women.

SHE:

I'm not really feminine, you know—in my mind.

HE:

(Interested.) Go on.

SHE:

No, you—you go on—you've made me talk about myself. That's against the rules.

HE:

Rules?

SHE:

My own rules—but you—oh, Amory, I hear you're brilliant. The family expects so much of you.

He

How encouraging.

SHE:

Alec said you'd taught him to think. Did you? I don't believe anyone could.

HE:

No. I'm really quite dull.

(He evidently doesn't intend this to be taken quite seriously.)

SHE:

Liar.

HE:

I'm—I'm religious—I'm literary. I've—I've even written poems.

SHE:

Vers libre—splendid. (She de-claims.)

Trees are green,

The birds are singing in the trees, The girl sips her poison

The bird flies away; the girl dies.

HE:

(Laughing.) No, not that kind.

SHE:

(Suddenly.) I like you.

HE:

Don't.

SHE:

Modest too-

HE:

I'm afraid of you. I'm always afraid of a girl—until I've kissed her.

SHE:

(*Emphatically*.) My dear boy, the war is over.

HE:

So I'll always be afraid of you.

SHE:

(Rather sadly.) I suppose you will. (A slight pause on both their parts.)

HE:

(After due consideration.) Listen. This is a frightful thing to ask,

SHE:

(Knowing what's coming.) After five minutes.

HE:

But will you—kiss me?—Or are you afraid?

SHE:

I'm never afraid—but your reasons are so poor.

HE:

Rosalind, I really want to kiss you.

SHE:

So do I.

(They kiss-definitely and thoroughly.)

HE:

(After a breathless second.) Well, your curiosity is satisfied.

SHE:

Is yours?

HE:

No, it's only aroused.

(He looks it.)

SHE:

(Dreamily.) I've kissed dozens of men, I suppose I'll kiss dozens more.

HE:

(Abstractedly.) Yes, I suppose you could—like that.

SHE:

Most people like the way I kiss.

HE:

(Remembering himself.) Good Lord, yes. Kiss me once more, Rosalind.

SHE:

No-my curiosity is generally satisfied at one.

HE:

(Discouraged.) Is that a rule?

SHE:

I make rules to fit the cases.

HE:

You and I are somewhat alike—except that I'm years older in experience.

SHE:

How old are you?

HE:

Twenty-three. You?

SHE:

Nineteen-just.

HE:

I suppose you're the product of a fashionable school.

SHE:

No—I'm fairly raw material. I was expelled from Spence—I've forgotten why.

HE:

What's your general trend?

SHE:

Oh, I'm bright, quite selfish, emotional when aroused, fond of admiration—

HE:

(Suddenly.) I don't want to fall in love with you—

SHE:

(Raising her eyebrows.) Nobody asked you to.

HE:

(Continuing calmly)—But I probably will. I love your mouth.

SHE:

Hush—please don't fall in love with my mouth—hair, eyes, shoulders, slippers—but not my mouth. Everybody falls in love with my mouth.

HE:

It's quite beautiful.

SHE:

It's too small.

HE:

No it isn't—let's see.

(He kisses her again with the same thoroughness.)

SHE:

(Rather moved.) Say something sweet!

HE:

(Frightened.) Lord help me.

SHE:

(Drawing away.) Well, don't—if it's so hard.

HE:

Shall we pretend? So soon?

SHE:

We haven't the same standards of time as other people.

HE:

Already it's-other people.

SHE:

Let's pretend.

HE:

No-I can't-it's sentimental.

SHE:

You're not sentimental?

HE:

No, I'm romantic—a sentimental person thinks things will last—a romantic person hopes against hope that they won't. Sentiment is emotional.

SHE:

And you're not? (with her eyes half closed.) You probably flatter yourself that that's a superior attitude.

·HE:

Well—Oh Rosalind, Rosalind, don't argue—kiss me again.

SHE:

(Quite chilly now.) No—I have no desire to kiss you.

HE:

(Openly taken aback.) You wanted to kiss me a minute ago.

SHE:

This is now.

HE:

I'd better go.

SHE:

I suppose so.

(He goes toward the door.)

SHE:

Oh!

(He turns.)

SHE:

(Laughing.) Score Home Team, 100—Opponents, Zero.

· (He starts back.)

(Quickly.) Rain—no game!

(He goes out.)

(She goes quickly to the chiffonier, takes out a cigarette case and hides it in the side drawer of a desk. Her mother enters—note book in hand.)

Mrs. Connage:

Good—I've been wanting to speak to you alone before we go down stairs.

ROSALIND:

Heavens, you frighten me.

Mrs. Connage:

Rosalind, you've been a very expensive proposition.

ROSALIND:

(Resignedly.) Yes.

MRS. CONNAGE:

And you know your father hasn't what he once had.

ROSALIND:

(Making a wry face.) Oh please don't talk about money.

Mrs. Connage:

You can't do anything without it. This is our last year in this house—and unless things change, Cecelia won't have the advantages you've had.

ROSALIND:

(Impatiently.) Well-what is it?

Mrs. Connage:

So I ask you to please mind me in several things I've put down in my note book. The first one is: Don't disappear with young men. There may be a time when it's valuable, but at present I want you on the dance floor where I can find you. There are certain men I want to have you meet and I don't like finding you in some corner of the conservatory exchanging silliness with anyone—or listening to it.

ROSALIND:

(Sarcastically.) Yes, listening to it is better.

Mrs. Connage:

And don't waste a lot of time with the college set—little boys nineteen and twenty years old. I don't mind a prom or a football game, but staying away from advantageous parties to eat in little cafés down town with Tom, Dick and Harry—

ROSALIND:

(Offering her code, which is by the way quite as high as her mother's.)

Mother, it's done—one can't run everything now the way one did in the early nineties.

Mrs. Connage:

(Paying no attention.) There are several bachelor friends of your father's that I want you to meet tonight—youngish men.

ROSALIND:

(Nodding wisely.) About forty-five?

Mrs. Connage:

(Sharply.) Why not?

ROSALIND:

Oh, quite all right—they know life and are so adorably tired looking—(shakes her head) but they will dance.

MRS. CONNAGE:

I haven't met Mr. Blaine—but I don't think you'll care for him. He doesn't sound like a money maker.

ROSALIND:

Mother, I never think about money.

Mrs. Connage:

You never keep it long enough to think about it.

ROSALIND:

(Sighs.) Yes, I suppose some day I'll marry a ton of it—out of sheer boredom.

Mrs. Connage:

(Referring to note book.) I had a wire from Hartford. Dawson Ryder is coming up. Now there's a young man I like, and he's floating in money. It seems to me that since you seem tired of Howard Gillespie, you might give Mr. Ryder some encouragement. This is the third time he's been up in a month.

ROSALIND:

How did you know I was tired of Howard Gillespie?

Mrs. Connage:

The poor boy looks so miserable every time he comes:

ROSALIND:

That was one of those romantic, pre-battle affairs. They're all wrong.

Mrs. Connage:

(Her say said.) At any rate make us proud of you tonight.

ROSALIND:

Don't you think I'm beautiful.

Mrs. Connage:

You know you are.

(From downstairs is heard the shrick of a violin being tuned, the rattle of a drum. Mrs. Connage turns quickly to her daughter.)

MRS. CONNAGE:

Come.

ROSALIND:

One minute.

(Her mother leaves. Rosalind goes to the glass, where she gazes at herself with great satisfaction. She kisses her hand and touches her mirrored mouth with it. Then she turns out the lights and leaves the room.

Silence for a moment. A few chords from the piano, the discreet message of faint drums, the rustle of new silk, all blend on the staircase outside and drift in through the partly opened door. Bundled figures pass in the lighted hall. The laughter heard below becomes doubled and multiplied. Then some one comes in from the side, switches on the lights and closes the door. It is Cecelia. She goes to the chiffonier, looks in the drawers, hesitates—then to the desk whence she takes the cigarette case and selects one. She lights it and puffing and blowing walks toward the mirror.)

CECELIA:

(In tremendously sophisticated accents.) Oh, yes, coming out is such a farce nowadays you know. One really plays around so much before one is seventeen, that it's positively anticlimax.

(Shaking hands with a visionary, middle-aged nobleman.)

Yes, your grace—I b'lieve I've heard my sister speak of you. Have a puff —they're very good. They're—they're Coronas. You don't smoke? What a pity! The King doesn't allow it I suppose. Yes, I'll dance.

(So she dances around the room to a tune from downstairs. Her arms outstretched to an imaginary partner. The cigarette waving in her hand. Darkness comes quickly down and the lights stay low until—)

Scene II

Draperies cut off the stage to a corner of a den downstairs, filled by a very comfortable leather lounge. A small light is on each side above and in the middle; over the eouch hangs a painting of a very old, very dignified gentleman, period 1860. Outside the music is heard in a fox trot.

Rosalind is seated on the lounge and on her left is Howard Gillespie, a shallow youth of about twenty-four. He is obviously very unhappy and she quite bored.

GILLESPIE:

(Feebly.) What do you mean I've changed. I feel the same toward you.

ROSALIND:

But you don't look the same to me.

GILLESPIE:

Three weeks ago you used to say that you liked me because I was so blasé, so indifferent—I still am.

ROSALIND:

But not about me. I used to like you because you had brown eyes and ... thin legs.

GILLESPIE:

(Helplessly.) They're still thin and brown.

ROSALIND:

I used to think you were never jealous. Now you follow me with your eyes wherever I go.

GILLESPIE:

I love you.

ROSALIND:

(Coldly.) I know it.

GILLESPIE:

And you haven't kissed me for two weeks. I had an idea that after a girl was kissed she was—was—won.

ROSALIND:

Those days are over. I have to be won all over again every time you see

GILLESPIE:

Are you serious?

ROSALIND:

About as usual. There used to be two kinds of kisses: First when girls were kissed and deserted, second when they were engaged. Now there's a third kind where the man is kissed and deserted. If Mr. Jones of the nineties bragged he'd kissed a girl everyone knew he was through with her. If Mr. Jones of 1919 brags the same, everyone knows it's because he can't kiss her any more. Given a decent start any girl can beat a man nowadays.

GILLESPIE:

Then why do you play with men?

ROSALIND:

(Leaning forward confidentially.) For that first moment, when he's interested. There is a moment—Oh, just before the first kiss, a whispered word—something that makes it worth while.

GILLESPIE:

And then?

ROSALIND:

Then after that you make him talk about himself. Pretty soon he thinks of nothing but being alone with you.—He sulks, he won't fight, he doesn't want to play—Victory.

(Enter Dawson Ryder, twenty-six, handsome, rather cold, wealthy, faith-

ful to his own, a bore perhaps, but steady and sure of success.)

RYDER:

I believe this is my dance, Rosalind.

ROSALIND:

Very well, Dawson. Mr. Ryder this is Mr. Gillespie. (They shake hands and -Gillespie leaves tremendously downcast.)

RYDER:

Your party is certainly a success.

ROSALIND:

Is it—I haven't seen it lately. I'm weary—Do you mind sitting out?

RYDER:

Mind—I'm delighted. You know I loath this "rushing" idea. See a girl yesterday, today, tomorrow.

ROSALIND:

Dawson!

RYDER:

What?

ROSALIND:

I wonder if you know you love me.

RYDER:

(Startled.) What — Oh — I say, you're remarkable.

ROSALIND:

Because you know I'm an awful proposition. Anyone who marries me would have his hands full. I'm mean—mighty mean.

RYDER:

Oh, I wouldn't say that.

ROSALIND:

Oh, yes I am—especially to the people nearest to me.

(She rises.)

Come, let's go. I have changed my mind and I want to dance. Mother is probably having a fit.

(They start out.)

Does one shimmy in Hartford?

(Exeunt.)

(Enter Alec and Cecelia.)

CECELIA:

Just my luck to get my own brother for an intermission.

ALEC:

(Gloomily.) I'll go if you want mo

CECELIA:

Good heavens no—who would I begin the next dance with?

(Sighs.)

There's no color in a dance since the French officers went back.

ALEC:

I hope Amory doesn't fall in love with Rosalind.

CECELIA:

Why, I had an idea you wanted him to.

ALEC:

I did, but since seeing these girls—I don't know. I'm awfully attached to Amory. He's sensitive and I don't want him to break his heart over somebody who doesn't care about him.

CECELIA:

He's very good looking.

ALEC:

She won't marry him, but a girl doesn't have to marry a man to break his heart.

CECELIA:

What does it? I wish I knew the secret.

ALEC:

Why, you cold-blooded little kitty. It's lucky for some that the Lord gave you a pug nose.

(Enter Mrs. Connage.)

MRS. CONNAGE:

Where on earth is Rosalind?

ALEC:

(Brilliantly.) Of course you've come to the best people to find out. She'd naturally be with us.

Mrs. Connage:

Her father has marshalled eight bachelor millionaires to meet her.

ALEC:

You might form a squad and march through the halls.

Mrs. Connage:

I'm perfectly serious—for all I know she may be at the Cocoanut Grove with some football player on the night of her debut. You look left and I'll—

ALEC:

(Flippantly.) Hadn't you better send the butler through the cellar?

Mrs. Connage:

(Perfectly serious.) Oh, you don't think she'd be there!

CECELIA:

He's only joking, mother.

ALEC:

Mother had a picture of her tapping a keg of beer with some high hurdler.

Mrs. Connage:

Let's look right away.

(They go out. Enter Rosalind with Gillespie.)

GILLESPIE:

Rosalind—Once more I ask you. Don't you care a blessed thing about me?

(Enter Amory.)

AMORY:

My dance.

ROSALIND:

Mr. Gillespie, this is Mr. Blaine.

GILLESPIE:

I've met Mr. Blaine. From Dayton, aren't you?

AMORY:

Yes.

GILLESPIE:

(Desperately.) I've been there. It's rather awful.

AMORY:

(Spicily.) I don't know. I always felt that I'd rather be provincial hottamale than soup without seasoning.

GILLESPIE:

What?

AMORY:

Oh, no offense.

(Gillespie bows and leaves.)

ROSALIND:

He's too much people.

AMORY:

I was in love with a people once.

ROSALIND:

So?

AMORY:

Oh yes, some fool—nothing at all to her, except what I read into her.

ROSALIND:

What happened?

AMORY:

Finally I convinced her that she was smarter than I was—then she threw me over. Said I was impractical, you know.

ROSALIND:

What do you mean, impractical?

AMORY:

Oh—drive a car, but can't change a tire.

ROSALIND:

What are you going to do?

AMORY:

Write—I'm going to start here in New York.

ROSALIND:

Greenwich Village.

AMORY:

Good heavens no—I said write—not drink.

ROSALIND:

I like business men. Clever men are usually so homely.

AMORY:

I feel as if I'd known you ages.

ROSALIND:

Oh, are you going to commence the "pyramid" story?

AMORY:

No—I was going to make it French. I was Louis 14th and you were one of my—my— (Changing his tone.) Suppose—we fell in love.

ROSALIND:

I've suggested pretending.

AMORY:

If we did it would be very big.

ROSALIND:

Why?

AMORY:

Because selfish people are in a way terribly capable of great loves.

ROSALIND:

Pretend. (Turning her lips up.) (Very deliberately they kiss.)

AMORY:

I can't say sweet things. But you are beautiful.

ROSALIND:

Not that.

AMORY:

What then?

ROSALIND:

(Sadly.) Oh, nothing—only I want sentiment, real sentiment—and I never find it.

AMORY:

I never find anything else in the world—and I loathe it.

ROSALIND:

It's so hard to find a male to gratify one's artistic taste. (Someone has opened a door-and the music of a waltz surges into the room. Rosalind rises.)

ROSALIND:

Listen, they're playing "Kiss Me Again." (He looks at her.)

AMORY:

Well?

ROSALIND:

Well?

AMORY:

(Softly-the battle lost.) I love you.

ROSALIND:

I love you. (They kiss.)

AMORY:

Oh, God, what have I done?

ROSALIND:

Nothing. Oh, don't talk. Kiss me again.

AMORY:

I don't know why or how, but I love you—from the moment I saw you.

ROSALIND:

Me too—I—I—want to belong to you. (Her brother strolls in, starts and then in a loud voice says, "Oh, excuse me," and goes.)

ROSALIND:

(Her lips scarcely stirring.) Don't let me go—I don't care who knows.

AMORY:

Say it.

ROSALIND:

I love you. (They part.)

ROSALIND:

Oh—I am very youthful, thank God—and rather beautiful, thank God—and happy, thank God, thank God—(She pauses and then in an odd burst of frankness adds.) Poor Amory! (He kisses her again.)

CURTAIN.



The Captive

By Mifflin Crane

THERE was a tender embrace in the hall, a long kiss in the vestibule, he held her hand on the porch, he waved to her several times as he went down the street. Then, turning the corner, his shoulders drooped, he thrust his hands deep into his pockets, slackened his pace, and stared morosely at the dim pavement. At last he was snared!

A dull unhappiness fell over his spirits like a cloud. He recalled the incidents of the evening, the absurd ardor of his pleading—her final acceptance. There was no honourable escape now; he must see it through; with an inward groan he realized that all along he had foreseen this disastrous end.

Snared? No, that was not fair; he'd put the noose around his own neck. There had been a long fight to draw out this evening's dire "yes"—it was the damnable lure of that fight that had

been his undoing.

He recalled their first meeting vividly. The night aided his recollections. Like this one, it was warm, languorous, with suggestive winds stirring in the air—the first evening. At the summer hotel she appeared with the old man and presently some gossip told him that the old fellow was her fiancé. This interested him; he looked at her keenly; he appreciated her charm at once. She leaned on the old fellow's arm, giving her young smiles to his unworthy eyes. At that moment Warren experienced his first emotion of stubborn opposition.

A second later he was introduced to her. Presently they danced together. From a seat along the wall the old man watched them, smiling with fatuous assurance. Warren disliked him at once. She was light and soft in his arms; what right had the old codger to her youth?

But she had been difficult to dissuade from her purpose. She had harsh ideas of honour; she respected her own word. Within a week he was arguing the folly of her course, with no apparent success.

"I'm beginning to like you," she said. "That means, for the sake of safety, that I won't let you see me again after I go back to the city. I've given my word. He's very kind to me. Perhaps he hasn't all that I may want, but I believe I'll be happy with him."

These arguments had enraged him and, unattainable, he wanted her immensely. At the same time, he had always been glad that at bottom it was a safe game. He felt that he would never conquer, she would never give in to him. He had all the emotional pleasure of ardent love making, with none of the dangers. He could indulge in despair, in pleasant agonies of pleading—she would persist in her refusal.

Now, alas, he had succeeded.

At the corner he stood under the arc light, pondering morosely. Ideas of sudden flight, disappearance, ignominious escape came into his mind—and were rejected. A policeman passed, came back, eyed him curiously and then drew closer.

"Waiting for someone?" he asked.

"No," answered Warren.

"It's pretty late," suggested the policeman. "Maybe you'd better go on home."

"Don't want to go home," he answered.

The officer peered into his face.

"What's the matter with you?" he asked.

Warren looked up, smiling with melancholy.

"Just been accepted," he said. "I'll

soon be married."

"Well, what of it then? three wives meself."

Warren gazed at him in sad admiration.

"You're a strong man," he said.

Turning away slowly, he continued his walk. A dull, depressing picture moved like a panorama of misfortune through his imagination. He visioned himself the slave of regularity, the proper husband. He witnessed his homecoming at night, the questions if he chanced to be late, the bored hours when all possible conversation had been exhausted, the horrible indifference, the relief of the morning's escape. He went so far as to hear the howl of a nocturnal infant. The grotesque humor of the newspaper cartoonists entered his thoughts. He recalled all the comic strips about married men.

"I'm about to be one of them!" he

thought.

And then, superimposing themselves upon these meditations, came recollections of his other girls. Forgotten faces crowded into his mind. He remembered plump little Mabel, who pouted when she kissed, who cuddled into his arms like a kitten. A stupid girl! She bored

him so much at last that he had stopped seeing her.

And Gladys—a quarrelsome wench. Her snappy temper had charmed him for a time—until its novelty passed into unpleasantness. That was two years ago -two years since he had seen Gladys.

A blurred succession of names passed through his mind. Bernice, Alice, Janet, Cloe, Martha, Gay, Daisy, four or five Marys, a half a dozen Helens. For one reason or another, he had abandoned them all; his interest had waned.

But now, strangely enough, each one of these half-forgotten girls recovered some measure of her early charm. One by one their faces, their voices, their gestures, their little mannerisms, came back to him in pleasant memory. He wondered about Gladys, he speculated about Janet, he tried to imagine the activities of the Helens, the Marys. The cloud passed from his face and was superseded by an expression of agreeable interest.

Then, realizing his change of mood, he searched for its inward cause. There were several puzzling minutes, until comprehension presented itself.

He was going to be married—and so he thought of the others. His marriage no longer affrighted his mind, nor caused him that melancholy and despair.

Marriage, he saw, was an excellent thing. It enhanced the charm of other women so potently!



MAN always remembers the good women he has met. A woman always remembers the scoundrels.



IRLS seldom marry the men they flirt with. But it is not the fault of the girls.



Enchanters of Men

 $_{
m XII}$ An Imperial Madcap

By Thornton Hall

Y family," the great Napoleon once declared, "have done me far more harm than I have been able to do them good. My sisters especially have always been a thorn in my side; and to them, more than to any other cause, I owe the loss of my Em-

pire."

Never probably was man, destined to greatness, so heavily handicapped by his family as Napoleon was by his three sisters, each of whom combined a rare physical beauty with an open defiance of convention. Empty of head and fickle of heart, their follies, extravagances and escapades were a constant embarrassment and anxiety to him, a stumbling block in his path to his im-

perial throne.

In the early days, when Madame Bonaparte and her family were driven from Corsica, almost penniless exiles, to seek an asylum in France, the girls made themselves notorious as the greatest madcaps and flirts in Marseilles. "They ran wild like little Moorland ponies, and were never taught duty, selfrespect or virtue." Their mother, the imposing Madame Mere of later years, seemed indifferent to what her daughters did, so long as they left her in peace; their brothers, kings-to-be, were too much occupied with their own lovemaking to spare them a thought.

Strange tales are told of these sisters of an emperor-to-be—Eliza Bonaparte, future Grand Duchess of Tuscany; Pauline, embryo Princess Borghese, and Caroline, who was destined to wear a crown as Queen of Naples-in the days when they were living, largely on charity, in a sordid fourth-floor apartment in a slum near the Cannebière and running wild in the Marseilles streets. High-spirited and beautiful, brimful of frolic and fun, they laughed at their poverty, decked themselves in cheap, home-made finery and flirted outrageously with every good-looking young man who was willing to pay homage to their beaux yeux, until even the least prudish of Marseilles matrons held up their hands in astonished disapproval of such unmaidenly behaviour.

Even the frowns and rebukes of their stern brother Napoleon, at that time an out-of-work Captain of artillery, kicking his heels in morose idleness, had no power to control their high spirits. They snapped their fingers in merry defiance at his austere face. Thus the trio of tomboys were left, with a loose rein, to indulge every wild impulse that entered their foolish heads. And a right merry time they had, with their dancing, their private theatricals, and their love affairs, each serious and thrilling—until it gave place to a suc-

Of the three Bonaparte graces, the loveliest by far, though each was passing fair, was Pauline, who, although still little more than a child, gave promise of that rare perfection of face and figure which was to make her the most beautiful woman in all France.

"She was the loveliest woman I ever

beheld."

"A veritable masterpiece of creation."
"It is impossible to form any idea of her beauty from her pictures."

Such are the testimonies of her contemporaries, one of whom wrote,

"Ît is impossible with either pen or brush to do any justice to Pauline's charms—the brilliance of her eyes, which dazzled and thrilled all on whom they fell; the glory of her black hair, rippling in a cascade to her knees; the classic purity of her Grecian profile, the wild-rose delicacy of her complexion; the proud, dainty poise of her head, and the exquisite modelling of her figure, which inspired Canova's 'Venus Victrix.'"

It is small wonder that a girl so superlatively dowered with beauty should count her admirers by the score, even when it was but in the bud; and we know that from the day she first set foot in Marseilles, a maid of thirteen, she had her retinue of young gallants clerks and shopmen, most of themwho fluttered around her like moths around a candle-flame. But though the little minx was only too ready to flirt with them and to drive them to distraction by her caprices and little tyrannies, her volatile heart was never touched until Fréron came on the scene, to sweep her off her feet.

II

To a girl so full of romance as Pauline, and in whose veins ran the blood of Corsica, Fréron was the ideal lover. Handsome, gay and gallant, the intimate friend of Robespierre and Marat, he came to Marseilles as Commissary of the Revolution, with a great reputation as a "fire-eater," a leader of revolution. He was a veritable hero of Romance; and at first sight of him Pauline lost both heart and head. It was a grande passion which he was by no means slow to return—it was the leaping of flame to flame, growing more and more ardent with each meeting.

Those were indeed hours of ecstasy which Pauline spent in the company of her beloved Stanislas; and when he left

Marseilles she pursued him with the most passionate protestations.

"Yes," she wrote, "I swear, dear Stanislas, never to love any other than thee; my heart knows no divided allegiance. It is thine alone. Who could oppose the union of two souls who seek to find no other happiness than in a mutual love?"

And again,

"Thou knowest how I worship thee. It is not possible for Pauline to live apart from her adored Sanislas. I love thee forever, most passionately, my beautiful god, my heart; my adorable one—I love thee, love thee!"

In such words of hysterical passion this child of fifteen poured out her soul to the Paris coxcomb and revolutionary.

"Neither Mamma," she vowed, "nor anyone in the world shall come between us."

But she had not counted on her brother, Napoleon, whose foot was at last placed on the ladder of ambition at the top of which was an Imperial crown, and who had other designs for his prettiest sister than to marry her to a penniless nobody. In vain did she rage and weep and declare, "If you do not allow me to marry him, I shall kill myself—voila tout!" Napoleon was adamant; and the flower of her first romance was trodden ruthlessly under his feet.

Before Pauline had time to dry her eyes and prepare for fresh conquests, her hand was sought by another wooer—Junot, Napoleon's aide-de-camp. But his shrift was even shorter than that of the Paris dandy.

One evening, so the story is told, Junot and Napoleon, who had left Marseilles for Paris and had blossomed into a General, were walking in the Jardin des Plantes when the lover seized the opportunity to confess his love and to plead for Pauline's hand. It was an exquisite evening; Napoleon was in a good humour. He listened; he seemed touched by the young passion beside him, and while they strolled through the leafy alleys this melting mood endured. But no sooner did they leave the Gar-

den and feel the pavement under their feet, than his attitude altered.

"You are too poor. You have nothing, she has nothing. What's the total? Nothing!"

And thus Junot was sent in the wake

of Fréron, disconsolate.

Napoleon's sun was now in the ascendant, and his family were basking in its rays. They had exchanged the slums of Marseilles for a sumptuous villa at Naples. The days of poverty were gone like an evil dream; the sisters of the famous General and coming Emperor were now young ladies of fashion, courted and fawned on. Their admirers were no longer Marseilles tradesmen or obscure soldiers and journalists, like Junot and Fréron, but brilliant generals and men of the world; and among them Napoleon now sought a husband for his prettiest and most irresponsible sister.

This, however, proved no easy task. When he offered her to his favourite General, Marmont, he was met with a

polite but firm refusal.

"She is charming, exquisite," Marmont said; "but I have dreams of domestic felicity, fidelity and virtue—seldom realized, it is true. Yet in the hope of attaining them I regret I must decline the union which you so kindly pro-

pose."

Nor can one wonder at the General's refusal, when one reads Arnault's decription of Pauline at this time-"An extraordinary combination of the most faultless physical beauty and the oddest moral laxity. She was as pretty as you please, but as unreasonable, too. She had no more manners than a She talked incoherently, school-girl. giggled at everything and nothing; imitated the most serious personages; put out her tongue at Josephine, her sisterin-law, behind her back; and nudged me with her knee when I didn't happen to be attending to her.—She was a good child naturally, rather than voluntarily; but she had no principles."

Meanwhile Pauline wasted no tears over her matrimonial misfires, which indeed only seemed to add zest to her flirtations and to the escapades she revelled in, in the company of her sisters.

"The girls," we are told, "enjoyed themselves hugely; and when they went back to Marseilles they kept the ball rolling. They organized private theatricals. A companion of those days, young de Ricard (afterwards General de Ricard, of Autour des Bonapartes) has strange stories to tell of the rough fun behind the scenes."

III

FROM Marseilles Napoleon summoned his family to enjoy his new splendour in the Castle of Montebello, where Pauline found congenial occupation in flirting outrageously with the officers of her brother's staff, among whom she was fated to find a husband.

Among the many men who fluttered round her, willing to woo if not to wed the empty-headed beauty, was General Le Clerc, young and rich, but weak in body and mind—"a quiet, insignificant looking man"—who at least loved her passionately, and would make a pliant husband to the capricious little autocrat.

It is said that it was in one of Pauline's excursions into the official bureau that her marriage with General Le Clerc was arranged; that Napoleon, coming unexpectedly on the scene of their love-making, ordered an immediate marriage. However this may be, we may be sure that he heaved a sigh of relief when his madcap sister was safely tied to her weak-kneed general.

Pauline was at last free to conduct her flirtations secure from the frowns of the brother she both feared and adored—a freedom of which she seems to have made excellent use; and what was even more to her, to indulge to the full her passion for finery. Dress and flirtation filled her whole life; and while her idolatrous husband lavishly supplied the former, he turned a conveniently blind eye to the latter.

"I was one of her many gallants," M. de Semonville confesses. "There were five of us in the same house who shared her smiles, before her departure

for San Domingo. Among these was one Macdonald, for whom Pauline took

a desperate fancy."

And while Pauline thus coquetted under the very eyes of her too-indulgent husband, she found no less pleasure in worshipping at the shrine of her beauty. To enhance and deck her loveliness was a never-failing delight to her. "Her diplomacy consisted in fixing the respective merits of almond-paste, rosewater paste and cucumber pomade." She revelled in adorning herself with the richest silks and laces and gems, with which her husband's foolish prodigality ministered to her vanity. "In her the faults common to women reached their highest development, while her beauty attained a perfection which may justly be called unexampled."

Remarkable stories are told of Pauline's extravagance and daring costumes at this time. Thus at a grand ball given by Madame Permon at the Rue des Croix, she appeared in a dress of classic

scantiness, of Indian muslin.

"The hem was bordered with gold palm leaves, four or five fingers high; four bands, smooth and spotted like a leopard's skin, were bound about her head and supported her hair. These in their turn supported little bunches of gold grapes. She had copied the coiffure of a Bacchante at the Louvre. For ornaments she wore cameos everywhere; and beneath her breasts she wore a band of dull gold fastened by a magnificent engraved jewel. No gloves—her wrists, arms and hands could afford to be seen without them."

When the bewitching Bacchante made her appearance in the ballroom, the sensation was so great that the dancing stopped instantly, women and men alike climbed on chairs to catch a glimpse of the rare and radiant vision and murmurs of admiration and envy ran round the salon. Her triumph was complete; but it was to be short-lived. Pauline had retired to a small boudoir and was lying on a sofa, displaying her beauty, when in came Madame de Contades. She put up her lorgnon. Pauline en-

joyed it—for a minute or two. Then a little voice, silvery and compassionate, was heard:

"What a pity! She would be so

lovely if it wasn't for that."

"For what?" asked her companion.
"Why, don't you see? Her ears! If I had ears like that, I'd cut them off!"

Pauline heard the cruel words. The flush of mortification and anger flamed in her cheeks; she burst into tears and rushed out of the room. Madame de Contades, her most jealous rival, had found a rich revenge. Pauline had been wounded in the only vital part she had—her vanity! and the blow left its mark forever. From that day, it is said, she became less indulgent, less good-natured, more impatient—and she always did her hair low over her ears!

When Le Clerc was sent to San Domingo to quell a negro-rising his wife consented to accompany him, only if she could take with her her entire ward-robe—"mountains of pretty clothes, pyramids of hats," declaring angrily, when her husband told her, "There won't be room, they can't all go," "Well, if they don't, I won't."

But the General did not live long to play the slave to his pretty autocrat, to look on impotently while others made love to her, and to pour his gold into the greedy maw of her extravagance. He had not been long in San Domingo when he became dangerously ill; and, after a few days of agony, left her a

widow.

IV

During these days Pauline never left his side, although she, too, was ill—not with cholera, as he was, but from the consequences of her too active life beneath a tropical sun. After his death, she returned to France, taking with her Le Clerc's embalmed body. She had had a magnificent cedar-wood coffin made for his "mummy," as the Duchesse d'Abrantes called it; and she added to this tribute the still more striking one of cutting off all her hair, placing

it on his head and covering the whole with a hood.

"A sacrifice to her dead husband!" Napoleon drily remarked when he heard it. "She knows her hair must fall out after her illness, and will be longer and thicker for being cut short."

Reluctant as she was to leave San Domingo-for "here," she said, reign like Josephine; I am the first lady in the land"—she soon found ample compensations in Paris for her lost sovereignty. Lovelier than ever, her beauty and appeal enhanced by her widow's weeds. Pauline soon had her court of admirers, ranging from Lafont, a handsome actor of the Théâtre Française and Colonel Canouville, "one of those adorable scamps who are the darlings of many women," to Prince Camillo Borghese, a handsome, black-haired Italian, who allied to a head as empty and vain as her own the physical graces and gifts of an Admirable Crichton, and who, moreover, was lord of all the famed Borghese riches.

It was not long before the Italian Prince had eclipsed all his rivals. His handsome exterior, his courtly graces, and above all the glamour of his wealth and the glitter of the world-famous Borghese diamonds, all conspired to make Pauline smile on his wooing; and it was a proud day for her when she stood with him at the altar and blossomed into a Princess, with Napoleon's pleased approval and benediction.

Pauline had now reached dizzy heights, undreamed of in the days, only ten short years earlier, when she was coquetting, in home-made finery, with the young tradesmen of Marseilles. She was a Princess, bearing the greatest name in Italy. All the wonderful Borghese jewels were hers to deck her beauty with; there was gold in abundance to satisfy her most extravagant whims; and she was still young—only twenty-five—and at the very zenith of her loveliness. Moreover, she was at last able to eclipse the splendours of Josephine, her beautiful and hated sisterin-law; and this triumph she hastened to enjoy.

Picture the pride with which, one early day of her new bridehood, she drove to the Palace of St. Cloud in the gorgeous Borghese state-carriage, behind six horses, and with an escort of torch-bearers, to pay a formal call on Napoleon's wife, who was soon to be an Empress. She had decked herself in a wonderful creation of green velvet; she was ablaze from head to foot with the Borghese diamonds. Such a dazzling vision could not fail to fill Josephine with envy—Josephine, who had hitherto treated her with such haughty patronage.

As she sailed into the salon in all her Queen of Sheba splendour, it was to be greeted by her sister-in-law in a modest dress of muslin, without a solitary gem to relieve its simplicity; and—horror! —to find that the room had been hastily redecorated in blue by the artful Josephine—a colour absolutely fatal to her green magnificence! It was thus a very disgusted Princess who made her early exit from the Palace between a double line of bowing flunkeys, masking her anger behind an affectation of

ultra-Royal dignity.

Still Pauline was now a grande dame indeed, who could really afford to patronise even Napoleon's wife. At the Palazzo Borghese in Rome she held a Court more splendid than that of Josephine, a Court to which all the greatest men and fairest women in Europe flocked—the former to pay homage to her loveliness, the latter to see and envy the splendour of her apparel. The only thorn in her bed of roses was her husband, whom she had never loved before her marriage and whom she now openly disliked and despised.

"The very sight of him," she herself confessed, "was quite sufficient to spoil

a day for me."

When Napoleon at last grasped his crown of Emperor, Pauline and her insufferable Prince had ceased to live together: and she was ideally happy in her environment of splendour at Le Petit Trianon. To her delight Napoleon now made a Princess of her. She was Princess of Guastalla, an insignificant village, it is true, "with the pigs running about in it," as she humorously declared; but at least she was a Princess in her own right, and no longer dependent on her husband for her rank. And when Napoleon sent Borghese on a distant military mission her cup of happiness was full. "Le Petit Trianon became the most adorable place on earth."

She was free now to coquette as she would; and she made excellent use of her opportunities. Now it was Blangini, the handsome song-writer and singer, who reigned for a time in her fickle favour. Now it was Phillipe Auguste de Forbin, the no less good-looking artist, who basked in her smiles.

V

Forbin was "brilliant, audacious, interesting"—with a halo of misfortunes and debts around him—a halo of love affairs, too; but they all faded before the glory of this one, and Pauline cared more for him than she had ever cared for any other man. When Chateaubriand met him at this time at Geneva he wrote, "Forbin walks on air! He's a good fellow, but so disgustingly

happy!"

And while Pauline was thus coquetting with one after another, she continued to worship more than ever at the shrine of her beauty. Every day, we learn, boxes of dresses, hats, chiffons of all kinds arrived at her Palace at Nice, Paris, or wherever she might be; her gowns were the costliest in Europe, her jewels the rarest and most brilliant. Six hours daily she dedicated to the decking of her beauty in a bewildering succession of silks and laces and jewels; in the coiffing of her glorious hair; in perfumed baths and baths of milk, of which the following story is told:

On one of her journeys, she found herself at Bar, where her brother-in-law, M. Le Clerc, was Governor. He was warned that milk-baths would be required. They were difficult to arrange for in so small a place; all the soldiers of the Departmental Guard

were sent to neighbouring villages, and each came back triumphant with his pot of milk. It was just being warmed when she arrived.

"How about my bath?" she asked.
"It is ready," replied Le Clerc
proudly.

"And the shower?"

"That, I fear, is more difficult. We have no appliances."

"Oh," was her answer, "have a hole made in the ceiling just above the bath."

It was done; "and for long afterwards the room smelt like a badly kept

dairy."

When, at Napoleon's bidding, she was obliged to accompany Borghese to his Governorship beyond the Alps she took in her train seven wagon-loads of finery. Not content with the superb equipage provided for her, she insisted "They could upon a carrying-chair. take her up and down the hills in it." The feat was loyally attempted, but she pronounced the sensation unbearable. She would walk, she declared. walking she found still less agreeable. "It's killing me!" she vowed; and, getting back into the carriage where poor worried Borghese was snatching a moment of tranquillity, she ordered him out-"she could not endure to be crushed"-Borghese walked most of the

When they reached the first village of his new territory a fresh complication arose. It was a question of precedence. As a sister of the French Emperor, she declared, she was superior in rank to her husband; and if any addresses were presented, it would be for her and not for him, the Governor-General though he was, to reply. Borghese refused to give way to the little despot; and thus, when the Mayor arrived with the address and Borghese attempted to reply, she bade him "be silent." "The Mayor waited while the Prince and Princess squabbled; and finally their Highnesses drove off without making

any reply at all."

At Turin Pauline held the Court of a Queen, to which the Prince was only admitted on sufferance. Royal visits,

dinners, dances followed one another in dazzling succession; behind her chair, at dinners or receptions, stood two gigantic negroes, crowned with ostrich plumes. She was now "Sister of the Emperor," one of the greatest ladies in Europe; and all the world should know it. And yet she was not happy. If only she could escape from her detested husband, she would be the happiest woman on earth. But Napoleon, on this point, was adamant—he pointblank refused permission to leave Turin. In her rage and rebellion, she rolled on the floor, she tore her hair, took drugs to make her ill; and at last so succeeded in alarming her imperial brother that he summoned her back to France, where her army of admirers gave her a warm welcome, and where she could indulge every folly and vanity unchecked.

Then followed a few more years of splendour and extravagance. Strange tales are told of these last years. Among the legion of gallants who now fluttered around her were Jules de Canouville, Montrond, Brack, General Drouot, Dachaud and many another, each in turn dismissed to give place to his successor; each her abject slave while her

favour lasted.

It was at this period that Pauline sat for Canova's, famous nude statue; and that the story is told of her negro servent, Paul, whose function it was to put her into her bath. When she was remonstrated with on this, she answered with her infantile air, "You surely don't call that thing a man?" However, to

ensure to perfect propriety, she arranged that Paul should marry her head housemaid, continuing his duties to herself.

Matters were now hastening to a tragic climax for Napoleon and the family he had raised from slumdom in Marseilles to crowns and coronets. Josephine had been divorced, to Pauline's undisguised joy; and her place had been taken by Marie Louise, the proud Austrian, whom she liked at least as little.

When Napoleon fell from his throne, Pauline alone of his sisters helped to cheer his exile; for the brother she loved and feared was the only man to whom her fickle heart was ever true. She went to Elba to comfort and cheer him in his captivity; she even stripped herself of all her jewels to make the way back to his Crown smooth. And when at last news came to her of his death at St. Helena, she "wept bitterly on hearing all the particulars of that long agony."

Two years later her own end came at Florence. When she felt the cold hand of death on her, she called feebly for a mirror, that she might look for the last time on her beauty; and, after gazing with fast-clouding eyes at her reflected face, she heaved a sigh of happiness and gasped, "Thank God, I am still lovely. I am ready to die."

A few moments later, with the mirror, symbol of her faith, clasped in her hand, and her eyes still feasting on the charms which time and death itself were powerless to dim, Pauline passed peacefully "behind the veil."



THE measure of a man is not the vision of girls he has at twenty, but the memory of girls he has at forty.



The Flirt

By Louise Bryant

HEN the office closed he put on his hat, straightened his cravat, took his stick and walked to the station. He did it all leisurely because it was warm and there was no need to hurry. He knew exactly what to expect when he got home. His wife would be waiting for him with as good a dinner as a genius could manage on the meagre allowance he gave her. And she would be cool and neatly dressed. He was entirely satisfied with his wife. He was even faithful to her.

But there was one thing that worried him. He thought about it constantly. He was getting old.

He was just past forty and perhaps was losing his charm. He would like to

be able to attract women. He did not like to think that he was really an old man. He took good care of himself and he felt that he looked much younger than he actually was.

The train stopped at a station. A young woman got on. She was slim and pretty. He began to stare at her. She felt his gaze and glanced up uneasily. A change came into his face. He could feel his heart beating. Would he be able to interest her? If he got up now and sat beside her, would she be offended? He continued to stare. Suddenly she answered him. She smiled. Immediately he grew cold. He looked at her with distinct hauteur. He was satisfied. Now he could go home in peace.



Episode Alcoholique

By T. F. Mitchell

A S I walked up the street I saw him leaning against a telegraph pole, with a melancholy air. I inquired his trouble and he informed me that he couldn't get anywhere: the whole street was spinning around rapidly like a top.

l laughed.

These drunkards get such queer hallucinations.

Anyone with half an eye could see that it was merely rocking gently from side to side.



Spooks

By Winthrop Parkhurst

I

R. SMITH did not believe in ghosts, either his own or anybody else's. True enough, he conscientiously recited the Apostle's Creed every Sunday morning, thereby proclaiming to the world his unshakable belief in the resurrection of the dead.

Nevertheless, he cherished the secret conviction that the dead did not rise according to ecclesiastical schedule. He doubted whether the dead arose at all. He entertained the sneaking suspicion that when you were dead you were just plain dead and there, except as far as the florist and undertaker were concerned, was a complete end of the matter.

It was a blasphemous notion; he knew that.

Indeed, it was so obviously heretical that he never dared to give oral expression to his belief, less from fear of shocking his friends than from fear of shocking himself. But the idea lay curled up cunningly in one of the lobes of his brain, nevertheless, and obsti-

nately refused to be disloged.

He tried to dislodge it. He repeated over and over again the indisputable fact that not only all his friends believed in a miraculous resuscitation, but that practically the entire world believed in it. He sedulously attended divine services on Sunday morning and listened eagerly to his minister prove with irresistible logic that Ife beyond the grave was an established scientific fact. He bought numerous expensive books, edited by the most brilliant psy-

chic experts in the country, wherein the alleged spirits of the departed conversed glibly with their dear friends they had left behind them on earth.

Yet—he remained unconvinced. His scepticism clung to him like a barnacle

and he could not shake it off.

He digested the sermons he heard, he read the books he bought—and he realized that he was prodigally wasting his time and his money. Tug and pull as he might (and he used the muscles adapted for such purposes with very commendable vigor) he simply was unable to weed out the poisonous plant of heresy that was daily sending through his entire system a noxious perfume which told him, almost in so many words, that the immortality of the soul was a colossal piece of humbug.

Occasionally he was almost on the

brink of belief.

On a fine Spring morning, when his digestion was especially good and he had on a new cravat, it seemed to him that perhaps, after all, there was something immortal moving mysteriously around inside his body, waiting to fly straight up into heaven. But such moments of easy optimism were so rare as to be negligible.

His conception of souls was faulty, and he miserably knew it. The best he could possibly do in the way of souls was to picture a small, nebulous body, about two inches in diameter, located somewhere behind his left ribs, rather

like a floating kidney.

To dignify such a grotesque object with the name Soul was preposterous.

To assert further that it was destined

to live forever and ever, perhaps even play a harp and sing hymns, was sim-

ply unthinkable.

He himself could not play "Yankee Doodle" with one finger on the upright piano which he had given his wife Clarice for a birthday present. And in his high-school days he had valiantly tried out for the glee club and had been as vaingloriously turned down. Was it conceivable that merely by dying he would become a first-rate musician and develop a beautiful baritone voice? It was not conceivable. The idea was so patiently ridiculous that he rejected it at once.

He did his best not to be dogmatic on the subject. According to report, souls were strange things capable of uncanny deeds, amazing transmogrifications. It was quite possible, he realized, that the small nebulous object situated tentatively behind his left ribs would, upon his death, suddenly swell up and assume magnificent proportions, sprouting wings and other celestial appendages before you could say Jack Robinson. He could picture in his mind's eye such an uncanny little object hovering lightly over his dead body for an instant, and then swelling up and up and up until it was as large and impressive as a balloon.

His imagination went further. He could picture this balloon-like object rapidly sending forth arms and legs and hands and feet until, in spite of its terrifying magnificence, it bore a certain comfortable resemblance to his own earthly anatomy (only, being an angel, it would, of course, appear much more beautiful). By straining his imagination still further he could even conceive this object's ascending into heaven and residing there in a state of beatific contentment forever and ever —that is, for ten thousand years, which was as near as his imagination could get to the dazzling conception of eternitv.

But it was a terrific strain on his imagination. That was the incorrigible point. All his efforts were a deliberate exertion of the mind, a perspiring at-

tempt to lift himself by his mental boot-

straps straight into heaven.

And because faith is as much a matter of the emotions as of the mind he naturally failed to accomplish this business of proselyting himself-failed regularly and dismally. Curled up in one of the lobes of his brain was a seed of heresy, and curled up there it apparently intended to stay. He sought to convert himself to orthodoxy and only succeeded in disgusting himself with the weakness of his own oratory; he tried conscientiously to keep his mind open on the subject of souls, and as a result of his open mind every belief he had on that subject flew straight out of it.

It was discouraging.

On Sunday morning, standing beside Clarice in church, he said aloud so that every one could hear him.

"I believe in the resurrection of the body and the life of the world to

come."

But he knew he was a hypocrite and a liar for saying so. He believed in neither of these events; and no matter how many times he affirmed them he knew that he would continue to disbelieve them.

Moreover, to make matters worse, he realized through his perusal of the Sunday newspapers, which he always read methodically on Sunday afternoons after dinner, that his scepticism was flying not only in the face of theology but of modern science. Formerly science had questioned the existence of souls: now science tended rather to confirm it. The test-tube and the camera were backing up the Apostle's Creed in a most startling manner; and the laboratory and the Bible, after an altercation lasting several hundred years, were shaking hands enthusiastically with each other.

Souls—or ghosts, whichever you preferred calling them—existed. There could be no reasonable doubt about that any longer. Ghosts had been seen. And seeing was believing. And ghosts had not only been seen, but weighed, measured, photographed. Did you

know that after you died you tipped the scales at two ounces less than you tipped them beforehand? What did you suppose the loss of those two ounces indicated? Simply that your soul weighed two ounces and left your body at the moment of mortal dissolution. It was a supremely simple problem in physics. The wonder was that no one had thought of proving so weighty a matter so easily and conclusively before. . . .

And if you mistrusted the scales, there were other methods of verifying

the matter.

For example, there was photography. A ghost had been trapped by a camera in a wild part of New Jersey only a few days before. So far as the editors of the Sunday paper were aware it was the only authentic ghost in photographic captivity. Its picture was to be published, with a remarkable symposium on the whole subject of psychical research, in the Magazine Section of the next Sunday's edition. . . You were discreetly advised to order your copy early, as the demand promised to be enormous.

In the face of such overwhelming evidence as this, scepticism was clearly madness. Yet if he was crazy to doubt, Drew Smith felt that to chronic insanity he was foredoomed for the rest of his life. He did not utter the scathing words:

"This business of souls is all hocuspocus. There's a trick in the bag somewhere. I'm damned if I'll be taken in

by it."

But he failed to utter such words only because he lacked the necessary

moral courage.

He believed that souls were a hocuspocus; he was convinced that there was a trick in the bag somewhere; he felt quite certain that when you were dead you were dead, and there was an end of you; and yet, because he was a coward, he could not bring himself to say such things openly. He could not say them even to himself. Whenever the immortality of the soul was mentioned in his presence his face imme-

diately took on a lofty expression of faith which was as much as to say:

"Ah! Other men, shallow men, may question a future life. As for me, I am glad to confess that I was brought up in the good old-fashioned faith, and am firmly convinced of the immortality of souls."

And yet he did not really believe in a future life, and doubtless never would have been convinced of the existence, much less the immortality, of souls had not the high gods, in their infinite wisdom, chosen to save him from his perilous ways by sending him a guardian angel in the human guise of Harvey Stockbridge, oil-promoter, Christian gentleman, and psychic expert extraordinary.

II

For once in his life, Mr. Stockbridge had to admit that he was stumped.

He had carefully applied some tempting bait to a hook, and the fish for which it was intended had obstinately refused to bite it. For nearly six months he had been patiently twitching at the line, but his exertions so far had been unrewarded by even a nibble, and it looked to him as though they were not going to be rewarded at all.

He was a crafty fisher of men. He knew the bait they liked. He knew which ones could be lured with a large, fat, wriggling worm in the shape of enormous, juicy dividends; and he knew which ones could be tempted only by a bright-coloured fly drawn elusively across the surface of the financial waters.

For ten years, under the incognito of the Miracle Oil-Well Company, he had selected his bait and played his game accordingly. For ten years, with the aid of numerous circulars and prospectuses which were models of knavery, tact and charm, he had persuaded hundreds of unsuspecting people to invest their money in more-or-less imaginary oil-wells situated in more-or-less imaginary portions of the United States.

And always, without exception, the

prey had gobbled up his bait hungrily, ravenously, like a school of starving codfish

Yet for once in his life he had to admit that he was stumped. His faith in his piscatorial prowess was shaken. For six months he had been dangling a variety of tempting financial viands in front of Drew Smith's mouth, and for six months that gentleman had stub-

bornly refused to open it.

Whether Mr. Smith were uncommonly wary or merely not interested in making money Harvey Stockbridge could not tell. That he was uncommonly wary did not, to judge by the man's face, seem likely; but that he was uninterested in making money did not, to judge by those same standards, seem likely either.

Therefore, concluded Mr. Stockbridge after much deep thought, there was only one explanation of the difficulty: Mr. Smith was a very unusual kind of fish and a very unusual kind of bait was needed to catch him.

To a man of Harvey Stockbridge's experience and cunning this seemed like a simple enough plan to put into operation. And as soon as it had occurred to him he almost felt as though some of Mr. Smith's hard-earned cash were jingling merrily in his own pocket.

However, when he actually came to work out the tangible details of his scheme, the attendant difficulties began to loom up, distinctly formidable. One after another various bold campaigns suggested themselves to his mind, and one after another he rejected them and shook his head gloomily.

"No, no," he muttered impatiently. "I've got to get hold of something really new, something absolutely original.

This old stuff won't do at all."

Whereupon he frantically proceeded to rack his brains for some novel and thoroughly original method of persuading Mr. Smith to part with his money. And whereupon he again found himself balked; for it seemed certain that a man who could resist the fascination of his prospectuses would be able to resist the fascination of anything.

Indeed, he was well-nigh on the verge of despair (as most men are, immediately prior to a burst of genius), and had practically given up all hope of ever selling Mr. Smith any stock in the Miracle Oil-Well Company, when the high gods unexpectedly relented and whispered a tale of diabolical cunning in his ear. If the high gods are thereby accused of treason against heaven it must be remembered that high gods move in a mysterious way, and that their silence in this case would have been the price of Mr. Smith's miraculous conversion.

It was on a Monday afternoon, late in July, and Drew Smith sat in an uptown subway express train, thinking.

Emotionally it had been a trying day for him. He was hot. He was tired. He was nervous. He had suffered two catastrophes within the space of twenty-four hours; and the resultant shock, added to the heat, was visibly telling on him. The day previous the minister of his church had preached an unusually violent sermon on the tortures awaiting unbelievers in the next world. While the sermon had not frightened him in the least, it had stirred up certain vague doubts regarding the firm security of his present agnostic position. In fact, he had thought about the sermon, off and on, nearly all day. . .

Then, on top of that distraction, he had involved himself in a stupid business deal and lost some money. It was not a great deal of money—only about one hundred dollars. But it was enough to make him realize that he had not been concentrating exclusively on earthly matters, and this realization subtly

annoyed him.

To have lost the money through sheer lack of business acumen would have been bad enough. To lose it (as he had lost it) simply because a man had stood up grandly in a pulpit the day before and warned him that if he continued to disbelieve in souls he would go straight to hell when he died was unforgivable. . . .

Finally, as sour cream on some very

bitter porridge, the Sunday paper, true to its promise, had published its article on psychic phenomena, photograph and all.

Scarcely knowing why he did so at the time, he had cut out this article, after reading it aloud to Clarice over the Sunday dinner table, and tucked it carefuly in his breast pocket. Since that moment he had had no opportunity of re-examining it. But now, sitting disconsolately in the subway with nothing to do but wait for steel and electricity to transport him uptown to his apartment, he inserted two perspiring fingers into the depths of his waistcoat pocket and drew forth a folded sheet of newspaper.

In the center of the page, which he painstakingly spread out on his knees,

was the picture of a ghost.

At the head of the page, extending straight across the entire width of the paper, was a gigantic headline which asked the eerie question: HAVE YOU EVER SEEN A GHOST?

And below, in smaller type, surrounding the picture, like an army of mourners surrounding a bier, were a host of similar questions regarding the spirit world, with answers by all the leading psychic experts and amateurs

of the country.

It was an array of testimony to dazzle and stun. If you thought that death ended all here was your intellectual finish! From California to Cape Cod the editors had sent out their request for the spiritualistic beliefs of their And from the Atlantic to the Pacific had come back such a cordon of testimony, tales of personal encounters with ghosts, affidavits affirming the existence of ghosts, sworn statements proving that ghosts not only existed but talked, laughed, danced, sang, and even cracked jokes and upset the furniture, that unless you were blind and deaf to reason you no more could question the existence of a phantom world than you could question the existence of the universe.

Drew Smith had read the article aloud to Clarice the day before, and

had done his best to believe it. He had fought with his brain to believe it. He had put so much passionate conviction into his voice that belief seemed absolutely inevitable. But he had doubted.

In spite of the photograph he doubted. In spite of testimony that at times almost staggered his intelligence he doubted. And now, therefore, he decided to go through the article once more in the wan hope that faith would be given to him and that, like the rest of mankind, he would silently and comfortably be able to embrace a creed which, if true, would at least save him from the most horrible tortures when he died.

He still held firmly on to his heretical notions about florists and undertakers. Or, rather, these notions held firmly onto him. And because he did not seem likely to suffer a change of faith he resented the facile convictions of the world which damned him without a hearing.

"But at least I can try to believe some of the stuff," he told himself. "I really think the whole thing is probably bosh. But—just suppose it wasn't!"

It was at this juncture of emotional events that Mr. Stockbridge, entering the car via the Times Square station, optically annexed the only vacant seat in sight and completed his ownership by sitting down therein. Since the high gods are very efficient in everything they do, the seat, needless to say, was directly contiguous to Mr. Smith's.

Though the two men knew each other slightly—they attended the same Methodist Episcopal church in upper Broadway—they did not speak immediately: Mr. Smith, because he was engrossed in reading his article and Mr. Stockbridge because he was engrossed in discreetly watching him. The tale of diabolical cunning had not yet been whispered in his ear. But as he espied Mr. Smith he felt subconsciously that he was on the trail of some exceedingly valuable information.

Therefore, he merely sat down beside him and, out of the corner of one eye, silently observed the drooping mous-

tache, the slightly receding chin, the under-sized nose that hinted at frustrated ambitions, the wide-apart feet that told their story of purpose without decision, and marveled that so gullible a face should mask so sly a fish.

For a few moments he thus quietly appraised the man, observant but un-

observed.

Finally, however, growing curious in regard to the cause of Mr. Smith's continued concentration, he let his eye slide down to the paper which was spread out on his knees, and noted with amazement that in the center of the page was a large photograph of—a ghost!

At least that was what the title proclaimed the picture to be. To Harvey Stockbridge it was obviously a hoax, a hoax of the most palpable sort. It was clearly nothing but a trick, doubleexposure photograph, the like of which he had made dozens in his youth before he had gone in for oil speculation.

That any man should believe in ghosts was, to his mind, certain proof of that man's congenital imbecility.

That any man should actually swallow such terrific nonsense as a photograph of a ghost printed in the magazine section of a Sunday newspaperwell, there were no words for his mental condition, absolutely no words at all.

Yet here was Mr. Smith sitting by his side, solemnly swallowing the trash with a face as serious as an under-

taker's.

It was colossally ludicrous. For an instant Mr. Stockbridge wanted to laugh. He felt that if he did not laugh he would explode. However, his success as a promoter depended on his daily ability to modify and control his Therefore, he coughed. He emotions. coughed a tremendous, cannon-like cough that suggested the discharge of forty-two centimeter guns. Part of the explosive vigor of the cough was due to his repressed humour. But most of it was due to the birth of a monstrously daring idea whose unexpected parturition at that moment had nearly ruptured him.

pered their tale of daring in his ear, and he was all but bursting with excitement.

TIT

He tapped Mr. Smith lightly on the

"Why, how do you do!" he said genially.

"Oh!" replied Mr. Smith, looking up

with a start, "How do you do!"

He controlled himself instantly as befitted a mature man of business affairs riding uptown in the subway; but for a moment he was disconcerted. His hurried return from the phantom world (though he still believed it to be bosh) was bewildering.

"Pretty hot weather we're having,

isn't it?"

"It certainly is," agreed Mr. Smith. Mr. Stockbridge thereupon removed a straw hat from his head, and passed a perfumed handkerchief with a mopping motion across his brow.

"I see you're reading that article on psychical research that came out in the

paper yesterday."

He ventured the topic in an easy conversational tone that was a skilful amalgam of interest and indifference.

"Yes," replied Mr. Smith. "Have

you read it?"

Mr. Stockbridge replaced his hat on his head and looked at Mr. Smith with an expression of surprise and pain.

"Have I read it!" he exclaimed, almost in indignation. "Well, I should say I had read it. Wonderful stuff, too-absolutely wonderful!"

He regarded Mr. Smith's face search-

ingly and then added,

"Don't you think so?"

Mr. Smith did not think so. He had carefully gone through the article a second time, and he still was sadly unconvinced of the existence of a future life. He wanted to impart this information to Mr. Stockbridge. He felt that if he were not a miserable coward he would stand up in the subway and announce in a loud voice that he never had been able to believe in souls, that The high gods had suddenly whis- he never was going to be able to be-

lieve in them, and that if sceptics went to hell when they died that was the place he undoubtedly was headed for. But—he couldn't do it. He was muzzled, gagged, manacled. He indulged in a cowardly, contemptible evasion.
"Well, yes," he admitted, "it is a

rather remarkable article, I suppose—

in a way."

This reluctant confession of enthusiasm immediately put Mr. Stockbridge on his guard. The man was not quite such a fool as he had thought him. It would be well to proceed with his plan

very cautiously.

"Oh!" he said, correcting his slip with virtuosity, "I didn't mean that particular article, of course. I meant this whole business of psychical research. Nowadays, of course, you never can believe the newspapers, can you? Especially the Sunday ones. In fact"-here he dropped into a more confidential tone-"I wouldn't be at all surprised, Mr. Smith, if that photograph was deliberately faked up!"

"No!" said Drew, feeling that he had suddenly found a friend. "You don't

mean it!"

"Oh, shouldn't be surprised at all," repeated the oil promoter, nodding his head wisely in a manner to indicate long familiarity with the dark ways of the public press. "They'll do anything to increase their circulation nowadays -anything. Mind you, I don't say that photograph was faked. But the point is, it might have been. That is what makes it so difficult—don't you think? —for the people who are really sincere in the matter. People like Oliver Lodge for instance. I suppose you've read his book?

"Oh, yes," replied Mr. Smith. "Yes,

indeed!'

He tried to work up a decent amount of enthusiasm on the subject of Sir Oliver Lodge. But again he failed. He had spent three dollars on a book of his several months before and he considered the money wasted.

Mr. Stockbridge, with his brain crouching for a spring, suddenly sensed a crafty incredulity in the prey he was stalking. He was no fool, this Drew Smith. He needed patient handling. He might go to church on Sunday morning and read ghost articles out of the Sunday newspapers. But did not he, Harvey Stockbridge, also go to church and subscribe publicly to thousands of idiocies which he never thought of believing? Whoever guessed, for example, that church to him was merely a fishing-ground for suckers, as well as a moral ambuscade behind which to hide his numerous financial irregularities? No one guessed it; no one in the world! He played safe because he was not a fool, that was all.

Then might not Mr. Smith be credited with more intelligence than appeared on the surface of things? Perhaps Mr. Smith was, at heart, a profound sceptic. Who could tell? At any rate, the wise course was to proceed slowly.

"Now there's a book for you that is sincere," he resumed after a slight pause while he decided to attack his foe from another angle. "Sincere from top to bottom. Straight work right off the pen of a profound scientist. Honest every word of it, too. But"—he tapped Mr. Smith's arm to give emphasis to this pregnant word—"does it convince you? That is the point. Does it convince you?"

He leaned back with an air of triumph, as though to imply: "You and I, Mr. Smith, are much too clever to be taken in even by such expert testimony as this. We are hard-headed men of the world. We want to see our pie be-

fore we eat it."

"Well," answered Mr. Smith, voicing an ingenuously wistful regret, "I can't say that it did convince mequite."

"Of course not," replied Mr. Stock-

bridge, vigorously.

He felt that at last he was on the

right track.

"Of course it didn't convince you or me, either. And why? Simply because there are some things in this world that men have got to find out for themselves. Always had to, always

will. That is the reason—if you will pardon the personality—why until a few years ago I was a sceptic."

"A sceptic?" said Mr. Smith, inquiringly, raising his voice in competition with the roar and rattle of the subway.

"Sceptic's mild! Didn't believe in anything at all. Tried to, and couldn't. If I hadn't decided to prove things for myself—well, I hate to think of the state I'd be in now, that's all. Never would have gone to church again in my life. Never! Sure of it! By the way," he added, "that was a fine sermon we had yesterday, wasn't it?"

"Yes," agreed Mr. Smith, going limp,

"very fine."

Mr. Stockbridge's unexpected allusion to the sermon disconcerted him.

Nevertheless he felt that the bonds of friendship were gradually tightening between them.

There was a strange and pleasing mental affinity between himself and this brisk, jovial-hearted man who sat at his right and discoursed learnedly on the perplexing matter of souls. He said that once he had been a sceptic. Now he was no longer a sceptic. And he clearly was a creature of more than ordinary intelligence. How had his very remarkable change of faith been effected?

"What do you mean," he asked, "by

proving things for yourself?"

The train was approaching the Ninety-Sixth Street station. Mr. Stockbridge observed this fact and realized that his dialectic skill was entered in a stiff race with electricity. Mr. Smith would get off the car at One Hundred and Thirty-Seventh Street. Before he got off it was necessary to hook him.

Other men might bide their time; Mr. Stockbridge believed in action. To strike when the iron was hot was his psychological motto. Mr. Smith's brain was hot. If it was struck hard enough, therefore, and the blow was aimed correctly, the matter would be clinched and Mr. Stockbridge's plans for the future riveted firmly.

Through a piece of uncanny good-

luck everything so far had gone smoothly. He had adopted precisely the right tone and Mr. Smith had fallen for the music . . . Therefore, when Drew Smith said, "What do you mean by proving things for yourself?" the oil promoter flattened back his ears and prepared for his mental spring.

"Well," he said, every muscle taut, "it's every man to his own muttons. Some people would have adopted a different method, I suppose. As it was, I

happened to use a Ouija board."

"A Ouija board?" inquired Mr. Smith.

"Yes, sir. Just that! A Ouija board! I daresay it sounds silly to you. But that's how it happened, just the same. I didn't believe in spirits at all. I imagined that when you were dead you were dead, and that was the end of you. But one evening a friend of mine asked me to work a Ouija board with him and—"

"Yes?" encouraged Mr. Smith, unreasonably stirred by the quiet intensity of Mr. Stockbridge's tale, and unconsciously giving him the cue to continue, which was precisely the oil-promoter's dramatic reason for lapsing into silence.

The oil promoter dropped his voice.
"My great-great-grandfather talked to me!"

Mr. Smith instinctively glanced over

his left shoulder in alarm.

"No!" he exclaimed. "Not really!"
"Fact!" replied Mr. Stockbridge, noting the gesture with inward triumph.

He had struck and the blow had

He had struck, and the blow had

landed correctly!

"What did he tell you?" asked Mr. Smith.

"Ah!" Mr. Stockbridge murmured, as mysteriously as the noise of the train would permit, "there comes the interesting part of the story. He told me to buy some stock in a certain gold mine, the name of which he gave me. It seemed like a silly thing to do. Everybody said the mine was worthless. But —well, Mr. Smith, I decided to make the venture. I bought that stock on the strength of what the Ouija board told me—"

He paused again.

"And you made money on it?"

"Thousands!"

The way Mr. Stockbridge pronounced the word gave it an indescribable glitter.

"Naturally," he continued, "that set me thinking."

"Naturally," breathed Mr. Smith

sympathetically.

"Oh, I wasn't at all convinced yet, mind you! I thought the whole thing might have been a hoax, a coincidence. So I tried again. I worked that Ouija board day and night. I put it to every test imaginable. But little by little I began to see that there was some mysterious, intelligent force behind that little machine. I began to respect it. I began to respect myself. I saw that I had been dead wrong in all my beliefs about the spirit world. Say what you please, Mr. Smith, man is something more than an animal. Yes, sir, he has a soul. By God, he's immortal! . . ."

He cleared his throat apologetically. "I don't know why I've been telling you all this," he concluded. "I never told it to any one before. But you seemed to be interested in the subject of

spirits and I just thought-"

"Very glad to hear about it, I am sure," affirmed Mr. Smith. "Very glad indeed!"

And he was sincere.

He had been profoundly moved by

Mr. Stockbridge's story.

He was so genuinely moved, in fact, that even though their train was at that instant slowing down for the One Hundred and Thirty-Seventh Street station, he risked being carried beyond his destination by waiting to in-

"By the way, where's a good place to ouy one of those Ouija boards you were talking about? I thought some time I might like to try one-with my wife

you know."

It was the very question which Mr. Stockbridge had been hungrily waiting to hear. It was the first delicate nibble at his hook. He gave the line a sharp ierk.

"Why, most any stationer keeps 'em," he replied.

Then he added, apparently as an

after-thought:

"I tell you what, though. Why don't you let me come around and show you the ropes sometime? I'd be glad to,

"Would you?" asked Mr. Smith in-

genuously, getting to his feet.

"Delighted," responded the oil promoter. And he meant it with all his "I'll bring my own board. That'll save you the trouble of buying one."

"When?"

"Why, any time you say. Tonight?"

"Fine. Tonight it is!"

And imparting his address hurriedly to Mr. Stockbridge, Drew Smith seized , the newspaper article on ghosts that had fallen to the floor, and departed with it fluttering bravely from one hand. He was just in time to hear the door slam efficiently behind his back.

"Bitten, by God!" thought Mr.

Stockbridge, triumphantly.

And he indulged in a most terrific cough.

IV

"I THINK it's beginning to move!" said Mr. Smith, with awe.

It was an exaggeration of fact, and he knew that it was an exaggeration.

For nearly fifteen minutes he and Mr. Stockbridge had been sitting opposite one another, their finger-tips reposing in solemn patience on a small triangle-shaped piece of wood whose surface was inscribed with the single cabalistic word Ouija. As yet the triangle-shaped piece of wood had not budged an inch. From the appearance of things it never intended to budge. After five minutes of unearthly quiet Mr. Smith had begun to grow doubtful of the experiment. After ten minutes had passed, his doubts became frank pessimism. In three minutes more he was guite ready to throw up the whole business and propose a game of cards, instead. And then, miraculously, an

almost imperceptible shudder had passed through the triangular board, and in a moment of enthusiastic amateurishness he said, excitedly:

"I think it's beginning to move."
"Don't talk!" admonished Mr. Stock-

bridge, frowning.

And Drew Smith, properly rebuked, went back into his unearthly silence.

Mr. Stockbridge had warned him beforehand not to talk. Talking, he said, was fatal. It usually scared the spirits away. And yet he had gone and burst right out at the psychological moment and probably scotched the whole thing. He was deeply ashamed of his garrulity, and swore a secret oath that no matter what happened he would not

talk again.

For a full minute it did indeed look as though Drew Smith's noisy optimism had proved fatal to the fragile temperament of the unseen world. Then, a second tremor passed across the board, and his hopes revived instantly. He thought: "By heavens, it really is going to move after all!" In fact, almost before he had time to phrase this thought, the Ouija board had leaped boldly a good foot to the right, and landed between two outlying letters of the alphabet.

"Very strong control," remarked Mr.

Stockbridge, matter-of-factly.

The man who had proscribed speech had spoken. Yet somehow his words seemed perfectly proper to Mr. Smith. He felt subconsciously that his guest was en rapport, and that it was therefore entirely just and right for Mr. Stockbridge to talk whenever he pleased whereas it was ridiculous and treasonable for him so much as to open his mouth.

After a moment of static repose the board again trembled violently. This time, however, after a very slight hesitation, it described a vast, beautiful parabolic curve, and came at length to rest directly over a letter.

"B" murmured Mr. Stockbridge.

And Mrs. Smith, who sat beside them, pencil in hand, scratched importantly on a small pad of paper the letter B.

"Q," murmured Mr. Stockbridge again, announcing the completion of another mystic circuit.

As Clarice inscribed Q on her pad,

Mr. Stockbridge said:

"Will you talk tonight?"

He directed this question apparently into the air. To Drew Smith it seemed ridiculous to suppose that anybody beside himself and Clarice could hear it.

Yet, marvelously enough, as soon as Mr. Stockbridge said: "Will you talk tonight?" Ouija trembled violently under their hands and danced straight across the table to the word Yes.

Mr. Stockbridge said, "Hm!" and

cleared his throat.

"Well, go ahead then," he command-

ed," and don't talk nonsense!"

And Mr. Smith felt that if the tone were unduly peremptory it issued from a man who unquestionably knew when to be peremptory and when not.

At any rate, in response to his order not to talk nonsense, *Ouija* moved again, and moved instantly. There was no dodging the fact that Mr. Stockbridge was decidedly *en rapport*. The Ouija board took its orders with a most obedient and humble air.

"D," announced Mr. Stockbridge, as the board again circuited the table.

"R," he said. Then he added: E W

The letters had come in such rapid succession that Clarice was scarcely able to get them down on paper.

"Somebody speaking to you," said Mr. Stockbridge, directing his remark

at Mr. Smith.

And immediately, before Drew had time to catch his breath, the board

leaped forward again.

"B," it indicated. Then, like a machine gun, it picked out the letters, one after another, A R O N R O T H S C H I L D.

"Baron Rothschild!" whispered Mr. Stockbridge under his breath. His manner indicated the deference due a man who had been addressed by so superior and lofty an intelligence.

Mr. Smith was thrilled by the announcement. He could not quite be-

lieve that what was happening was happening. But there was the board moving rapidly around, straight under his very eyes! And seeing was believing! If Ouija had merely spelled out nonsense he would have been excited. But it had not spelled out nonsense. On the contrary it had addressed him personally, in clear, intelligible English. back of that board, in the very room where he sat, was an invisible force operating it, a force of power and dignity—the spirit of no less important a personage than a once world-famous financier! If he had not been thrilled he would have been a blockhead.

"B," purred Mr. Stockbridge, inter-

rupting the flow of his soliloquy.

Mr. Smith looked down and lo! the little triangular board had moved under his hand without his volition and had landed squarely on the second letter of the alphabet.

"U," continued Mr. Stockbridge; and, after a moment's pause, added

"Y."

For a brief instant Ouija rocked and swayed under their hands.

Then, with almost fiery vehemence it repeated the letters with insistent vigor, B U Y B U Y B U Y.

Drew Smith leaned forward in his

Things were growing interesting.

He tried to look casual; he tried to feel casual; but his essay into the realm of the nonchalant was each moment becoming more difficult.

He attempted to mutter:

"Bosh! there's a trick in the bag somewhere. There must be. I'm damned if I'll be taken in by it!"

But taken in he was. And the idea that there was a trick in the bag was an idea that momentarily grew less tenable.

He knew that he was not moving the board himself. And the only other alternative, that Mr. Stockbridge was moving it—though that had indeed occurred to him as a possibility, it found only temporary lodgement in his brain.

Why should Mr. Stockbridge desire to play a trick on him? There was no justification for such a monstrous sus-

picion: he felt immediately ashamed of himself for entertaining it. Mr. Stockbridge was a gentleman. Gentlemen did not play tricks on each other. Moreover, Mr. Stockbridge was a regular member of his church: he was a Christian. Moreover, again, Mr. Stockbridge had confessed to him confidentially, that very afternoon in the subway (he had confessed it to no one else!), that he had experimented very doubtfully with a Ouija board some years earlier, had been a confirmed sceptic, had in fact subscribed to the heretical notion that when you were dead you were dead, and that was the end of you .

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No, no! It was infamous, preposterous to question Mr. Stockbridge's good faith. As he had said, man was something more than an animal. And, by gad, it was beginning to look as if it were true. He felt that it was true. Say what you pleased, there was a spirit, a ghost, an immortal Something in that very room at that very minute. It was invisible to his eye, but it was making itself unmistakably felt through the medium of the little triangle-shaped board that trembled and swayed and cavorted and danced under his hands like a live animal. Say what you please there was undoubtedly—

"What do those letters spell, please?" asked Mr. Stockbridge, turning his head slightly to address Mrs. Smith.

Drew was wakened suddenly out of his reverie and saw that his wife had jotted down a series of detached letters

on her little pad.

"BUY BÛY MIRACLE OIL BUY MIRACLE MIRACLE OIL MONEY MONEY MIRACLE OIL," she said, reading slowly, as she grouped the letters into words. "BUY MIRACLE OIL MONEY BARON ROTHS-CHILD."

That was all; just half a dozen simple words repeated over and over again in a sort of blind frenzy. Yet Drew Smith was startled by them. He was more than startled: he was overwhelmed.

"Miracle Oil!" he thought, gasping

for mental breath. "Baron Rothschild is telling me to buy Miracle Oil. says I will make money on it!"

He could not adjust himself immediately to the dazzling magnitude of the message. For several months he had been receiving through the mails various prospectuses and circulars which painted with a bold brush the exclusive virtues of certain oil-wells situated in

the southern part of Texas.

He knew nothing about oil except that it was used with considerable success on lettuce and sewing machines; and he was timid about all varieties of speculation. Hence he had put the circulars aside and dismissed them from his mind. Indeed, since he had latterly failed to receive any communications from the Miracle Oil Well Company, the name of that enterprise had nearly slipped from his memory. Yet here it was! Baron Rothschild was urgently bidding him invest his savings in that identical concern.

It was flabbergasting! And not the least flabbergasting feature of the occurrence was that no one in the room but himself knew of the existence of those circulars or that Oil Company. He had failed to mention the matter to Clarice. And Mr. Stockbridge, naturally, was in a state of equally pro-

found ignorance . . .

It was this final touch of incontrovertible psychic testimony toppled Drew Smith's last doubt to the ground and erected in its stead a high temple of unshakable faith. poisonous seed of heresy that so long had lain curled up in his brain rotted and died. For the first time in his life his whole being was flooded with the exquisite perfume of spiritual happi-

"Let me see it," he demanded.

He tried to keep his voice from shaking with emotion.

Clarice handed him the pad.

He stared at the message with awe. It was like having a telegram straight from heaven.

B O YES DREW SMITH BARON ROTHSCHILD BUY BUY BUY MIRACLE OIL BUY MIRACLE MIRACLE OIL MONEY MONEY MIRACLE OIL MONEY BARON ROTHSCHILD.

"Well," said Mr. Stockbridge, after a slight pause, "what do you make of

"It looks," replied Mr. Smith, gazing stupefied at the pad, and at the same time trying to make his voice sound worldly, "it looks as if I was supposed to go in for Miracle Oil, doesn't it?"

"Well," agreed Mr. Stockbridge, "it certainly looks that way, whatever Miracle Oil may be. You've got pretty good authority back of you, anyhow. Baron Rothschild! That's what I call better than a great-great-grandfather!"

He laughed carelessly; but there was a subtle ring of jealousy in the laugh that hinted at his own disappointment in having been financially advised, on a former occasion, merely by a distant relative.

Drew Smith sensed this disappointment and waxed magnanimous.

"Suppose we try it again," he sug-gested generously, "and see if there

isn't a message for you, too."

Stockbridge, apparently Harvey cheered by the proposal, laid his hands with alacrity on the little triangle-shaped board. But the spell was broken. Ouija lay listlessly under the two men's perspiring finger-tips. ambled sluggishly over toward one corner of the table whereon was inscribed the apopemptic word good-bye. there it remained. Baron Rothschild's spirit apparently had quitted the room; and any other spirits that might have been at large were too awed by the greatness of their predecessor to venture into the impudence of speech.

At any rate, this was Mr. Stockbridge's interpretation of the difficulty, and it seemed an eminently reasonable one. The oil-promoter offered it disconsolately to Mr. and Mrs. Smith as he rose from his chair after several minutes of sterile endeavor. He was apparently suffering from severe disappointment, and seemed on the point

of leaving.

"Oh!" remonstrated Mr. Smith with genuine hospitality, "but you mustn't think of going yet, Mr. Stockbridge. At least stay and have a little glass of port."

He looked significantly at Clarice, who retreated obediently under his glance in the direction of the dining-

room.

"You know," he continued, after his wife was safely out of hearing, "there's something very interesting I want to tell you."

"Yes?" asked Mr. Stockbridge, en-

couragingly.

"Yes. It's about that Miracle Oil-Well. The fact is, I've always been something of a sceptic myself till tonight. My wife doesn't know it. I've never told anybody. Well, Mr. Stockbridge, would you believe it? For six months I've been getting prospectuses and things from that very company. Yes, sir; for six months! That very company! You can imagine, then, how doubly surprised and excited I was when a person like Baron Rothschild should actually come and tell me on the Ouija board—"

V

SIX days later Mr. Drew Smith stood up proudly in church for the purpose of reciting the Apostle's Creed. His soul was full of an overflowing ecstasy, for he knew now beyond any doubt that he had one.

Three days before he had dispatched a certified cheque for the sum of five

thousand dollars to the New York offices of the Miracle Oil-Well Company. Mr. Stockbridge, when he had received it, chuckled.

It was not the consciousness that he had made a splendid business deal, however, that was responsible for Mr. Smith's extraordinary happiness. That fact undoubtedly contributed to his delight. But it merely contributed. He was supremely happy because at last he no longer had to be a hypocrite. He could say, "I believe in the resurrection of the body and the life of the world to come," and he could say it without blushing.

Mr. Stockbridge was right; his friends and the world were right when they insisted that man was something more than an animal. By heavens, there was something immortal moving around inside him. He knew he was immortal. He could feel it right then. All this cheap cynicism about souls and an after life—what did it amount to, anyway? Nothing! Nothing at all. . . . He glanced discreetly across the aisle and observed Mr. Stockbridge deeply absorbed in the service. His heart filled with gratitude toward him, toward all the tremulous wonder and beauty that lived under the coarse vesture of each man . . .

The minister was announcing a hymn. He opened his hymn-book, found the number and, with a voice that compensated in religious fervour for what it lacked in musical skill, joined boldly in the stanza:

"My fai-th looks up to Thee-e-e!"



A MAN must be convinced before doing anything. A woman must do anything before being convincd.



Honeymoons

By June Gibson

ONCE

SHE was on her honeymoon.

She was smooth of cheek and demure of gaze.

Dainty lace-edged pantaloons peeped

from below her hooped skirt.

Beneath a wide hat drooping with pink roses her eyes fell upon John talking to a beautiful woman in shimmering green.

"Who is that lady in green?" she

asked.

"She is married," they said.

"Oh," she breathed, and taking a bit of embroidery from her bag, with a smile on her face, she waited for John.

NOW

She was on her honeymoon.

She was smooth of cheek and demure of gaze. Her gown was blue coloured to match her eyes and designed to cuddle her figure. Beneath a wide hat drooping with pink roses her eyes fell upon John talking to a beautiful woman in shimmering green.

"Who is that lady in green?" she

asked.

"She is married," they said . . . "Oh," she said, narrow-gazed, and,

darting across the lawn, she caught hold of her husband's arm.

"John, come with me," she said.



Night

By Jean Allen

TONIGHT, I think the Gods in reveling Spilled their wine,
And dyed the sunset sky
Orange to deepest crimson.
A black bird,
Dark against the blue,
Yearns towards his Love.
The low slim crescent moon.
The pine trees
Lean to their Lover wind;
A white moth lingers near the light;
Each one has his own.

But I . . .
Only the want of you
Who are so far.

The Memories

By L. M. Hussey

I

A LTHOUGH she had vaguely realized the danger of his work, she had never feared for him; he seemed infallible.

Often, as she stood at the door in the morning, her eyes following his disappearing figure, she had thrilled with an immeasurable pride and felt the strength of a profound confidence. Both of them were so strong, unconquerable in the power of their love, of their companionship, of their youth. And because of her assurance, the news of his accident came to her as a devastating surprise.

Late in the morning his assistant in the laboratory had telephoned her.

"This is Mrs. Gardner?" the voice asked.

"Yes; what is it?"

There was a hesitant pause.

"I have bad news. . ." the voice said. But in her unshaken faith she felt no immediate fear.

"What is the matter?" she asked.

The man gathered courage enough to announce a summary of the truth.

"We had an accident here this morning," he said. "Both of us were burned. I was lucky enough to practically escape. But Mr. Gardner is in the hos-

pital."

For several moments her incredulity kept her speechless. Then she questioned him further and her ears recorded snatches of the incredible details . . . a still-head had become loose . . . a sudden sheet of flaming liquid had enveloped the two men in an instant of time. Yet even when she returned the receiver to the hook she had

no adequate apprehension of the real-

ity.

She stood in the hall for several seconds in motionless surprise, one hand still resting flexed upon the telephone. In another moment she realized that precious seconds were passing; an immense wave of pity and compassion set her senses to tingling. He was hurt; he must be suffering—and he would want her!

She hurried toward the stairs, ran up, and entering their room, went at once to the closet to find her wraps.

She thought constantly of his pain and of the certain alleviation her presence would bring him. Already she was planning to remove him from the hospital, take him home with her, where she could tend him with the tireless strength of her love.

She emerged from the house quickly, but she was calmer now; her assurance had returned. Although she felt no lessening of her natural impatience to reach his side, she was not the victim of any overwhelming foreboding but

only of her pity and surprise.

Her pity seemed to grow with each step. Picturing him in pain, she herself was the object of a vicarious suffering that at the same time was not

wholly unpleasant.

Waiting impatiently for the car, a peculiar thrilling elation stirred in her consciousness. The prospect of sacrificial days—a week—a month—enchanted her. She would not sleep, she would not pause to eat, but always near him, tenderly ministering to him, she would demonstrate the reality of her affection. It was a test; the test of her abounding devotion.

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The car came; she stepped on and immediately after finding a seat, she began to wonder at her folly. Why had she failed to call a taxi? The car was incrediby slow, it crept through each square and it stopped at every corner.

She shifted about in her seat nervously, looked out of the window innumerable times and hours seemed to pass before the conveyance stopped at the street she wanted.

Stepping down from the car quickly, she saw the hospital a block above and she walked toward the buildings rapidly.

First she went to the accident ward and confirmed the fact that her hus-

band had been brought there.

The young interne, very professional in his white coat, looked at her gravely.

"I treated him," he said; "he's burned very badly."

"His face?"

"Yes, face . . . hands . . . very bad."

"I must see him at once!"

He looked dubiously at her determined face.

"You'll have to go around to the office," he said. "Maybe you can talk to the Chief Resident. I don't know. . . ."

She thanked him, crossed the court that separated the accident ward from the main building, and entered the office.

She was lucky enough to find the

Resident Physician at his desk.

He was inclined to refuse her request; he told her at first that it would be much better to come back the next day, but something in her unswerving manner led him to relent. He was a little tired and he scented the extent of her obduracy.

Another interne went up with her in the elevator and led her through a corridor on one of the upper floors. They entered a moderate sized room that contained a half a dozen beds; four of them were occupied. She looked from figure to figure, but she did not recognize Gardner.

The interne was aware of her perplexity at once.

"He won't know you," he said. "He's asleep now, I imagine. Morphine's

necessary in these cases."

He preceded her to the bed against the farther wall and she stood over the motionless figure that lay there in a

drugged sleep.

She saw nothing of his face, except a horrible area of disfigured chin, uncovered, with the bandages that concealed all his head and upper-features. A grease was laid thick over the seared flesh and the glisten of this oily dressing added a measure to the sudden shock of revealment. In this instant she had her first adequate appreciation of the situation's seriousness.

A shrinking emotion, too powerful to oppose, occasioned her to step back a pace. She felt her hands begin to tremble; her firm lips parted and grew lax. Then her tenderness and her deep pity came back to her like the flow after an ebb and she stepped up resolutely to the bed.

She knew that she must not touch him, but she leaned over, braving the closer scrutiny of him. A man in the next bed turned over and uttered a low sound of pain. Then she realized that she must get him away as soon as it could be arranged; she wanted him home with her, close to her saving devotion. Once again the prospect of sacrificial hours thrilled her.

"Tell me," she said, speaking almost in a whisper, looking up resolutely into the face of the young man beside her. "How bad is he? Don't be afraid to tell me the truth. I need to know."

The young fellow was evasive.

"It's too soon to say anything definite," he answered. "You see, it's almost impossible to predict the complications. A week or two . . . more easy to say something then . . ."

He had assisted in making the first dressing. He knew the man's condition as well as it could be known. But he did not feel it necessary to make any specific statements then. As to the patient's eyes—a certain fact—, that

could be confessed later. By somebody else. He was young enough and inexperienced enough to feel some measure of sentimental shrinking.

He looked at Mrs. Gardner admiringly. Even in his regretful condition, the injured mass was not wholly un-

enviable . . .

II

THEIR family physician arranged for the transfer. Gardner was brought home a week later, carried upstairs into a darkened room, and there he lay from

day to day in a drugged stupor.

For more than two weeks he was unaware of his surroundings, conscious of nothing but his moments of pain, oblivious to the tireless ministrations of his self-appointed nurse. He passed through a more or less protracted crisis and then his chances of living grew daily more favourable. Hourly the eventuation of an organic collapse seemed further remote. About this time the doctor took Mrs. Gardner aside and confessed the fact he had known for a fortnight.

He admired her fortitude in receiving

the news he revealed.

She exhibited only a brief instant of recoil, a single, swift second of nervous collapse.

"Blind!" she exclaimed.

And then her lips compressed themselves again and a slow flush spread up over her cheeks. Her dark eyes filmed a little and the lids drooped over them from the effect of some inscrutable inner emotion.

He saw at once that there would be no hysteria and no embarrassing lamentations, but the misted eyes and the persistent flush that spread, that continued, that mounted upward covering her white forehead as in the reflection of a crimson veil, puzzled him a little. She stood in front of him speechless and motionless and in those seconds he was acutely conscious of her beauty.

She had never imagined this calamity. But the strength of a fervour that had made her tireless at the bedside of

her beloved was now her resisting armament to the thrust of this unforeseen blow.

Her mood, that passionate urge to the actual demonstration of her devoted tenderness, her sacrificial mood, embraced the possibilities of this final revelation. A new spirit was born in her body, a new vision of life and a

fresh philosophy.

She had a second's image of herself, the self that was her not more than a month ago. How foolish she had been, how filled with an unfounded confidence! The prospect of her days seemed absolute then, a perfected sequence against which life could oppose no serious alarms. Now she comprehended the possibility of disaster.

But not a final nor even a deeply significant disaster. This terrible fact that had sounded ominously in her ears a moment before, was not the expression of defeat. Many times, in the arms of the man she loved, she had uttered the profoundly believed assurance of her undying affection. At this thought the flush began to mount her smooth, pale cheeks. There had always been an inadequacy in her words, the inadequacy of any words that arise from an essentially inexpressible emo-It seemed to her now that life was to give her the opportunity for their complete fulfilment and their entire, unstinted expression.

That evening, for the first time, Gardner recognized her presence and

spoke to her directly.

She was sitting at his bedside when his voice came thickly between his lips, yet her eager ears comprehended each difficult syllable.

"Where am I?" he asked.

"At home, dear," she murmured. "Everything is safe. I am with you."

He was silent for a moment. "Edith?" he questioned later.

"Yes," she assured him.

It was a torture not to be able to press his hand and reassure him by the warmth of her touch. She let her fingers rest lightly on his arm.

But his mind was not yet entirely

normal. He began to talk again; he seemed to forget the fact of her presence and his words concerned themselves with a querulous review of the accident. It was by no means clear to him.

"I don't understand. I don't under-

stand," he repeated.

Her pity seemed immeasurable. But a very essential quality of her old emotions, the former, thrilling viewpoint,

was forever gone.

In the days before his accident, during the entire year of their marriage, her love had gone out to him mingled with an invariable assurance of strength of their two selves together. Once, shortly after their marriage, they had spent a week at the seashore. She recalled how they had risen early in the morning and gone down to the sands, and stood there with their arms linked, watching the breakers roll in cease-lessly.

A sidelong glance at his face had revealed him with his head thrown back eagerly, his nostrils faintly dilated and almost an aura of eager life surrounding him as a vital emanation. For months that had stood in her mind as a clear symbol of their joined strength, and the essence of its significance entered into all the intimate moments of their affection. Without clearly knowing the truth of it, that symbol was dead. Hereafter he would stand beside her weakly, the dependent of her faithfulness.

From now on his recovery was more rapid. In a week the bandages were gone from his hands and some of them were removed from his face. The scars grew daily less dreadful. Still, it was difficult for her to look at him. She forced that act upon herself but she was powerless to overcome the frequent waves of shrinking and revulsion that swept up unwanted into her senses.

She felt this shrinking as a deep reproach and the fact of it troubled her excessively. In a measure, it was breaking her faith with him; it held the

quality of a betrayal.

Sometimes in the night, awaking

from sleep, she thought of his face, she shuddered; and then, wholly regretful of this reflex tremour, her eyes filled with tears, the tips of her fingers buried themselves painfully in her palms and she steeled her vision to see him clearly, constantly, as he was and as he would be—and never as he had been.

She more or less dreaded the hour when it would be necessary to tell Gardner, in whatever soothing words she could bring to her lips, the extent of his

calamity.

As it happened, the fufilment of this difficult task was not required. When he was able to sit up, and finally to walk about, she led him from room to room by the hand and he accepted her guidance with complete understanding.

Although at this period the bandages were not yet removed from his eyes, he

knew that he would never see.

Now she spent as many hours with him as she could—nearly the whole day. She read to him for long stretches of time, until her throat became dry and her clear voice veiled with the strain of forming so many words. He sat very quietly, close to her chair, smiling occasionally, now and then touching her hand in appreciation.

Once, as she closed the book, glancing at his face, the vision of his patience and resignation nearly overwhelmed her with a complex and curious emotion, and then another feeling that startled her at first, made her draw in a quick gasp of breath, widened her

dark eyes.

What she felt in that instant was a vaguely defined apprehension of his strangeness, of his utter difference.

This patient man, with his pathetic smiles, with his sightless eyes, with his hours of motionless silence, was not the lover that had come to her with his gift of gorgeous dreams and the promise of unmeasured fulfillment. Only an insufficient externality remained; he had the same name, he spoke with the same voice, there were old, familiar gestures, but what was essential was gone; the alluring prospect of the coming years had vanished.

After the passage of another month he was fully recovered and their life together settled down into a routine. They arose later in the morning now, for he no longer left the house after their breakfast together, leaving her alone with an increasing eagerness for his return as the hours passed.

He gradually learned to dress himself with little help from her; he could find his way about the house alone. As she prepared breakfast she would hear his slow step on the stairs, and then his groping hands against the wall as he came into the dining-room to find her. Their meal was far more silent than the

old one had been.

They had none of their former plans to discuss. There were no expectations,

no hopes, no alluring chances.

After they had finished, he usually wanted to have the news from the morning paper; she read the headlines over to him and any details he re-

quested.

Afterward he returnd to the upper floor, sat in the living-room until she joined him later. Here she sometimes read to him again; on other occasions they talked, or were silent. In these silent periods she sat idly in a chair, staring out of the window and her spirits became gradually the victim of

a brooding melancholy.

She endeavored to maintain her first thrill in the prospect of devoted sacrifice. There were moments when she was successful. Often some words of his, some little movement of his hands recalled the past, bringing back the memories of her dreams. She recollected then the measure of their accomplishment and forgot for a second the promises that were gone. A rush of intense tenderness would warm her then like a lighted flame. She would seize his hands and kiss them; she would press his face against her own. But the achievement of this loving mood became daily more difficult.

She was subject to sudden and startling revealments. One of the most acute of these happened one afternoon as she and Gardner were walking out together.

She was holding his arm, walking

slowly at his side.

"It's warm today," he said. "The sun is shining. I can feel it on my face."

"Yes," she answered, listlessly.

An automobile turned the corner, drew up at the curb and a young man alighted near them. He stood in an eager attitude and his companion, a young woman, put out her hand and stepped down close to him. They remained a second at the side of the car, and then, with entwined arms, crossed the sidewalk and ran up the steps of one of the houses.

The young fellow was leaning close to her, whispering something into her ear. She laughed. He responded and laughed with her.

Following them with her eyes, Gardner's wife looked up at them as they stood on the doorstep, waiting for some response to their ring.

She witnessed their obvious gladness in each other and their obliviousness to all else but themselves. As she watched it came to her swiftly that a few months before she and Gardner must have presented the same picture. They too had been an oblivious pair, the symbols of assurance and hope.

Her husband was pulling at her arm. "What is the matter?" he asked.

For a second she did not notice; she did not hear his question.

"What is the matter?" he repeated.

"What do you see, dear?"

His voice came into her ears remotely.

"Nothing," she murmured.

She took a step forward; they walked on again. The significance of what she had just seen had profoundly moved her. The girl's face was before her eyes and a sudden, intense jealousy stirred her senses.

She looked swiftly at Gardner; his face, drooping downward a trifle, was pointed straight ahead and her glance met the outlines of his ineffectual profile. Her jealousy became mixed

with anger and for a moment-she almost hated the man at her side. seemed to her then the agent of some monstrous theft, the stealing of her expectations. After a few moments these thoughts passed from her mind.

Yet for the first time she felt no remorse, no sense of having been untrue to him. They walked on together, in silence. Her consciousness was filled

with a vague resentment.

III

AFTER the passage of six months a difficulty that she had never considered in the early weeks of his affliction loomed up now in proportions that assumed a daily increase. An intolerable fact presented itself; they were running out of money.

For this problem she had no solution. As its acuteness increased she underwent moments of bitter wonder; why had she never thought of it before? Something had kept her blind, some foolish emotion, some thrill full of

She began to consider what she could do, but nothing occurred to her and she was the victim now of a new and abhorrent appreciation of her helplessness. Before this material necessity her courage seemed to fail her and she understood her inadequacy. This embittered her against Gardner, who assumed now the proportions of an intolerable weight, dragging her down to unguessed depths. She began to avoid him; he sat alone for hours at a stretch; she seldom read to him now.

Quite unexpectedly a partial salvation from her perplexity came in the shape of a letter from his brother.

The brother was a remote person to her; she had never seen him. He lived in Utah, somewhere near Salt Lake City, and he was the only one of Gardner's family who had ever made any money. Several months before, Gardner's request, she had written him, telling of the calamity. Several letters were exchanged.

By some sudden clairvoyance per-

haps, it occurred to this brother now that they might be in difficulties. He. suggested that they make him a visit and he also enclosed a cheque for the

expenses of the trip.

'You'd better come out here and live," he said, "for a time anyway-until you can get some other plans. Perhaps while you're here we can figure out something that Edward can do. I think I can help you. There's no use remaining in the East."

This opportunity did not particularly gladden her, but it relieved her perplexity and worry to a very great degree. She disliked the idea of the trip and she hated the sense of charity that underlay her acceptance. Yet there was nothing else to do.

The necessary arrangements for departure consumed another month and

then they left the East.

Edith had never been farther west than Ohio, and she left the East with a deep regret and a very pronounced resentfulness. It seemed impossible for her to acquire any adequate resignation to the facts that life had brought her. But Gardner was wholly resigned and she found his acquiescence small and hateful.

They made a stop at Chicago, and then continued the tiresome journey. Although Edith approached their destination with no happy expectancy, she was greatly relieved as the journey grew near its close; the days in the train had been nearly unbearable. She could not talk to her husband; they had nothing to say to each other; all the communion that had bound them so closely before had vanished like an evaporated liquid.

The brother met them at the station —a middle-aged man who bore some resemblance to her husband. He exhibited no sentimentality at the sight of the younger man, which pleased the woman who would have found an emotional greeting difficult to play up to. But he was kind enough, cordial enough and thoroughly efficient in his activities,

They were driven out to his home, some miles from the city, and quite close to the foothills of the mountains.

Here the elder Gardner had a ranch, his plaything for the past half-dozen years. The house was large, devoid of any artistic merit, but nevertheless agreeable. All arrangements had been completed for their arrival. Three rooms were at their exclusive disposal, and Gardner's wife found that she was not sorry for her coming.

The second evening of their stay the brother talked to her in a straightfor-

ward and sensible way.

"Do you feel at home here?" he asked.

"Well . . ." she began.

"A foolish question for me to ask," "Of course you miss a hundred things now. You'll like it better later on. I want you to be free of all anxiety."

"That's good of you," she murmured. "No; the only decent thing I can do," he affirmed. "I've seen nothing of Edward since he grew up—left him in the East when he was a boy. It's a bad thing that's happened to him; a rotten trade he took up. I tried to get him out here; he wouldn't come."

He paused and looked searchingly at the face of the woman before him.

"Both of you are young," he said finally. "Life played you a bad turn, very bad. Nobody can help that now, of course. Try to feel as comfortable as you can here; don't worry."

His words gave her a certain relief and she was sure that she liked him.

For several weeks she felt easier, less embittered—even, to a certain measure, resigned. She spent more time with Gardner and they took long walks together. Later, a car was put at their disposal, and after she had learned to drive it they took trips into the mountains, following the steep roads and often alighting for walks along ways that were inaccessible to a car.

Gardner greatly enjoyed the trips into the mountains, but after a time the woman found them somehow depressing; on their return she would grow silent and a brooding melancholy captured her spirits. The austere summits of the mountains, lifted up in remote peaks above her, oppressed her, belittled her and thrust upon her consciousness the futile prospect of the coming years. She found that her former bitterness was re-

turning.

On her occasional trips to the city the sight of a young man and a young woman together, the witnessing of joyous pairs such as the two that had first aroused her in the East, never failed to affect her profoundly. Her resentment grew steadily. She had been cheated, and Gardner, no matter what his condition, was the cause. Returning from such trips, she could scarcely bear to look at him, she hated the sound of his voice and she found his uncertain gestures, the gropings of his hesitating hands, the resignation of his sightless face, intolerable to her eyes.

It was after a hurried visit alone to the city that the crisis of her emotions

came to her.

She had returned shortly after lunch and Gardner urged upon her a drive for the afternoon. She found it easier to consent than to argue and they start-

ed off together in the car.

She drove faster than usual; she pressed down the accelerator button with an almost brutal thrust of her small foot. They ascended a winding road and presently the panorama of the plains lay spread out before them, an infinite peace in the sunlight. Close to the car sheer cliffs loomed up abruptly casting purple shadows over the hardpacked road. In the distance the peaks of the long, austere ranges were white with snow.

Gardner touched her arm.

Suppose we stop, dear," he suggest-

"Let's walk a little."

She slipped out the clutch and shifted the gear with a metallic rasp, acquiescing without a word. She helped him descend from the car and walking forward a few yards turned with him into a path that hugged the edge of the cliffs.

She had never chosen such a narrow way before, but this afternoon she craved the exhilaration from a sense of danger. She scarcely thought of Gardner

"Keep in close to the rocks," she told him. "It's pretty narrow here."

His step grew more slow; he seemed timorous.

Finally he stopped.

"Don't you think this is a little too much for me?" he asked.

His words aroused her curiously; all his helplessness seemed revealed to her in its abominable entirety—and all his endless dependency. He was weak; he was afraid; he was useless.

"Don't be silly," she muttered.

She hastened her step and through necessity he held to her arm and followed her.

In this way they went on for several minutes.

The path turned and ahead of her she saw a sharp bend, almost a right-angled turn. If a sightless man should walk straight ahead, he would go over the cliff at that bend, and drop down two thousand feet. . . .

Her head seemed to swim; she became giddy with a sudden purpose. Almost instantly she spoke. Her voice came to her ears remotely, like a strained echo.

"It's getting wider here," she murmured. "Keep your hand along the edge of the cliff and walk straight ahead; I'm right behind you."

She withdrew her arm swiftly and

stepped behind him.

For an instant he hesitated, somewhat

surprised, and then with his customary docility he stumbled ahead.

Her eyes were larger, her breath came fast, she stared at the wavering figure in front of her, approaching near to the bend.

Now he had only a few paces to go; the blood throbbed in her ears like the

sound of a beating drum.

And then, an instant before that moment that would have meant her freedom and deliverance, her memories returned to her.

The blind man was metamorphosed into her lover again and all the allure of their other days passed in a chain of visions before her eyes.

She remembered his arms about her, she felt his kisses, she recalled their voices speaking the vows of their love.

With a cry that mingled memories with despair, she rushed toward him, seized him about the body, and pulled

him backward on the path.

For a moment she held him thus, immobile and exhausted. Following upon her recollections came a crushing revelation. She knew then that she could never go from him, that she could never be rid of him. The dreadful power of her memories would restrain her always, would hold her in an endless bondage, would keep her for all his life in this prison of unwanted sacrifice.

She felt his body trembling under her

hands. He turned his head.

"What is the matter?" he whispered. There was no answer; no sound but the gasps of her rapid breathing.



THERE are two kinds of women who are uninteresting to a man—those who love him, and those who love their husbands.



A WOMAN changes her mind often, but seldom her viewpoint.

Les Debuts D'Un Chasseur De Tigres

By Louis Carpeaux

Depuis plusieurs jours on vivait dans l'inquiétude dans mon poste de Ya-Ho. Chaque nuit, un tigre, qu'on disait énorme, venait rôder aux alentours. Les indigènes, terrorisés, me suppliaient de les

délivrer de ce péril quotidien.

Bientôt, les agressions de la bête devinrent plus audacieuses. Elle affolait jusque dans l'écurie mes deux poneys, qui brisaient leur licol, couraient dans le poste. Sans la haute et solide palissade qui nous protégeait tous, un malheur serait arrivé, comme à Yen-Bay, petite ville du haut fleuve Rouge, où le pauvre légionnaire Serrier, en faction la nuit, avait été tué raide d'un coup de patte sur la colonne vertébrale, enlevé et dévoré.

Le tigre m'assommait; je résolus de le tuer.

On ne peut le chasser en plein jour, car il a soin de ne s'y jamais montrer. Il faut des nuits noires comme de l'encre, des nuits à tigre.

C'est par une de ces nuits que je l'attendis, perché dans un arbre, à cinq mètres de haut, sur un rustique mirador, formé de quelques bambous accolés entre les deux bras d'une fourche.

Pour attirer le terrible fauve, je m'étais muni d'un jeune cochon, attaché au pied de l'arbre et relié à moi par une ficelle attenante à sa queue. Quand je voulais le faire crier, je n'avais qu'à tirer la ficelle; et il faisait une vie infernale!

J'étais sûr que le tigre, allèché, saute rait dessus, et que je n'aurais qu'à bien viser au moment où il l'emporterait....

. . . Je me suis attaché sur mon mirador, pour ne pas tomber.

Il fait si noir que je ne puic distinguer le blanc de la culasse de mon fusil. Comment ferai-je pour tirer? . . .

La première heure se passe sans trop d'émotion. Cependant, je me trouve un peu seul, perdu au milieu de cette nature exotique, où je me sens un intrus, étranger aux choses comme aux gens. tressaille vaguement aux bruits sourds, comme voilés de mystère, de l'immense forêt endormie, du sein de laquelle s'échappe le bouillonnement régulier de l'arroyo aux innombrables lacets. Puis je suis d'un œil distrait les mouches à feu, grosses étincelles volantes, ça et là, sur les herbes, sur les arbres. L'engourdissement me gagne peu à peu. Je sommeille, la ficelle tenant la queue du cochon attaché à ma main droit, mon fusil chargé dans le bras gauche.

"Ao-ao-ao! . . . "

—Le tigre!

Je sors de ma torpeur, en même temps qu'une violente secousse à la main me rappelle mon cochon toujours attaché. Le tigre a crié. Mais où est-il? Peut-être à un éilomètre, peut-être à trois. La voix de ce fauve est si aiguë, si percante!

N'empêche, j'en ai froid dans le dos. Je trouve que mon mirador est bien près du sol. D'un bond, le tigre peut m'attraper une jambe; et puis qui donc a dit qu'il ne grimpait pas? M. Buffon, je crois. Est-ce qu'il y est allé voir, lui? Après tout, le tigre est un chat. Pourvu

que je n'en fasse pas la trite expérience?

Je suis démoralisé, complètement démoralisé, et mon cochon l'est encore plus que moi, car il pousse des petits grognements de frayeur étouffés. Aussi, ne me sentant pas en sûreté, je grimpe d'un étage, presque au sommet de l'arbre, risquant à chaque instant de laisser tomber mon fusil. Je regrette ne n'avoir pas pris ma baïonnette, car j'aurais pu piquer le mufle et les pattes du fauve, s'il grimpe à l'arbre, tandis que maintenant. . . .

Sur le haut de mon arbre, je relève les pieds le plus possible; je les tâte, pour voir s'ils sont toujours là. Oh! j'ai une frousse! Pour un peu, j'appel-

lerais, je crierais.

Mais je songe à un petit flacon d'alcool à 90° que j'ai emporté pour me remonter le moral. Je le vide d'un seul

coup.

Âh! ça va mieux. J'ai retrouvé mon assiette, et je redescends sur mon mirador, bien résolu à tirer sur le tigre, s'il

approche.

Heurcusement, je n'ai pas lâché la longue ficelle qui tient la queue du cochon. Je tire furieusement dessus. Mais le pauvre eporc, terrifié par le cri du fauve, ne bronche pas: à peine fait-il entendre un léger grognement.

Le tigre ramperait-il aux environs? Je tends l'oreille anxieusement, cherchant à percevoir son souffle, semblable à celui du chat. . . . Je n'entends toujours que le grondement de l'arroyo
dans le lointain. Soudain, un bruit
d'herbe, une feuille remuée, quelque
chose de vague me fait frémier de nouveau. J'écoute battre mon cœur à tout
rompre; j'écarquille les yeux dans l'obscurité profonde. Pour apercevoir mon
guidon, je frotte une allumette dessus,
sans grand résultat. Mais un léger
souffle fait tressaillir la brousse, tandis
que deux points brillants sortent des
hautes herbes, me regardant fixement.

Les yeux du tigre! . . . "Poum!"
Un éclair jaillit. Tout l'horizon retentit de la détonation répétée à l'infini.
Les yeux se sont envolés! C'étaient
deux mouches à feu, posées sur la
même brindille, que le vent balançait.

Le tigre ne viendra pas; je n'ai plus

qu'à descendre.

Or, une pensée subite me traverse l'esprit. Il est peut-être là, tapi dans quelque coin, attendant que je descende. Il voit clair la nuit, lui!

Et je remonte prudemment ma jambe

déjà allongée.

Vraiment, quand l'on est seul, cette brou se noire et impénétrable est trop émotionnante. Je préfère attendre l'aurore, malgré les fourmis rouges qui me dévorent.

Et je passe amsi toute la nuit, juché dans mon arbre.



Two Men

By Paul Tanaquil

YOU gave your joy to him; he gazed into your smiling eyes and kissed the half-hushed gasp of wonder on your lips; he savoured all the happy beauties of you.

But I—I knew your tears!



The Late Shenanigan

By George Jean Nathan

S I write this, the strike of the semi-Salvinis and demi-Duses against the Times Square Stanislawskis and half-fare Reinhardts is at its height. The sidewalk in front of the Hotel Astor is thick with magnificently haberdashered mimes—Solomon on a Saturday was not like one of these —who swear that they will rather play in an actors' revival of Charles Rann Kennedy's "The Army With Banners" and starve to death than surrender their rights to the managers. And the inside of the Hotel Astor is thick with the latter who, between mouthsful of tagesuppe and kartoffelpurée, swear in turn that they will rather shut up their show houses for good and all than surrender their rights to the actors. the Lexington Avenue Opera House thousands of the pantaloons, resplendent in venerable "Second Mrs. Tanqueray" dress suits and erstwhile "Lady Windermere" décolletés, are nightly cheering themselves hoarse over Brandon Tynan's declamation of a paraphrase of Mark Antony's oration in which Abe Erlanger serves as Brutus and Jake Shubert as Cassius. "For Brutus is an honourable man; so are they all, all honourable men!" booms Tynan atop a table, his betalcumed bosom protruding passionately from a white croquet shirt, his arms lifted in the air after the fashion of a Starving Roumania poster; whereat the house gives Abe and Jake the vociferous boo.

Downtown, while this is going on, the managers are busily receiving bevies of newspaper reporters in a room in the Fitzgerald Building well stocked with Pinch Bottle and free

passes to the next play that Thomas Dixon writes, and are issuing pro-nunciamentos in which Francis Wilson, president of the actors' union, is thrice daily compared with the Kaiser and Frank Gillmore, executive secretary, with Von Tirpitz. Several times every forenoon the actors are sending out from their headquarters in Fortyfifth Street West broadsides alleging in behalf of their cause that several years ago a certain theatrical manager took a trip to Atlantic City with a chorus girl and, on the fifth day of their joint sojourn at the St. Trayborough, sardoued the poor girl without her permission; that another manager last season cruelly discharged without reimbursement an actor who, after he had magnanimously rehearsed four long weeks for nothing, didn't know his part; and that still another manager was in the habit of making chorus girls pay for the silk stockings which they wore in his productions, and on Sundays. Each of these broadsides is met promptly by a broadside from the managers' headquarters in Forty-second Street West alleging in behalf of their cause that the actors are trying to throttle Art by bumptiously demanding that if a contract to play the role of Count de Roquefort calls for seventy-five dollars a week the weekly pay envelope has to contain more than seventy-four dollars and a quarter; and that the actors, in striking. are selfishly sucking the very life blood out of the theater as an institution by closing such of the managers' dramatic masterpieces as "Who Killed Waldo Piffle?" and "One Bed For Two," and such works of operatic art as "GooGoo Gertie" and "The Platitudes of 1919."

Ethel Barrymore (who is engaged prospectively to appear in Zoë Akins' "Déclassé" and who, if the lay-off lasts, can meanwhile have at a motion picture offer for a fat sum) and Lionel Barrymore (who is not scheduled to reopen in "The Test" for another month and who is meanwhile grabbing some easy money on the side by doing "The Copperhead" for the movies) are altruistically and with princely ado sacrificing the large theatrical salaries they are not yet due to draw by appearing for nothing at actors' benefit performances. Barney Bernard, whose new play by the Messrs. Glass and Goodman (in all probability destined to be a financial success) is not yet quite ready, and other of his colleagues in similarly soft situations are strutting martyr-like before the mob of poor fool actors who can't get jobs strike or no strike, who bravely and pitiably live out their days year on year in cheap lodging-houses hoping against hope and who presently are led goatlike to dream of a Utopia whereof, even if it is realized, they will be nonresident members. But if there is hypocrisy on the side of the actors, there is hypocrisy no less on the side of the managers. Belasco, indefatigable producer of such boodle-nibblers as "Dark Rosaleen," "Daddies," "Polly With A Past," etc., eloquently addresses the actors "as one artist to another." Erlanger, who in the past has made a practice of cutting from his theater lists any critic whose honestly expressed opinions he has not at the moment happened to find sufficiently charged with admiration of Erlanger, addresses the public with such pretty words as "fairness," "openmindedness" and "justice" . . .

By the time these pages get into print the whole shenanigan will have long been settled; the Lambs' Club barroom will again be the great joint intellectual forum of manager and actor; all the fifth-rate plays will again be playing with all the fifth-rate actors; the room in the St. Trayborough will again be amicably occupied by the manager and the chorus girl; and these words will seem hoary indeed. But as I write them, the wry absurdity of the strike from both the side of the actor and the side of the manager noses itself out of the hash so lucidly that I cannot refrain from transcribing it to paper. This absurdity wears

several gaudy masks. In the first place, the actors' claims and demands against the managers, as I observed last month, seem to be sound. But, also in the first place, so do the claims and demands of the managers against the actors. The fault lies, in the former instance, not with the claims and demands, but with the actors who advance them. The fault lies, in the latter instance, not with the answers to these claims and demands, but with the managers who make those answers. What are just claims and demands on the part of an actor like Arnold Daly or an actress like Miss Barrymore, say, become unjust claims and demands on the part of an actor like Frank Gillmore, say, or an actress like Katherine Kaelred. The notion that a bad actor deserves the same consideration from a manager as a good actor-a typical specimen of the current actor logic-is akin to the notion that Buddie, the Castles' coon drummer, and Giacomo Puccini ought to share the same toothbrush. But, on the other hand, the notion that a bad actor does not deserve the same consideration from a manager as a good actor—when the notion is vouchsafed by the managers-falls to pieces because of the incapability of half the managers to tell a good actor from a bad actor.

The trouble, plainly enough, is not with the actor side alone—but with both sides. And this trouble lies, as always it lies, in the union theory. The actors' union, or Actors' Equity Association as it is named, becomes a ridiculous union the moment one reads that its purpose is to seek equity alike for a talented actress like Miss Barry-

more and a proportionately inexpert actress like Miss Hazel Dawn. the managers' union, or Producing Managers' Association, becomes not much less ridiculous a union the moment one reads that an artistic producing member like Arthur Hopkins is brought to an equal level in dialectic and commercial council with a certain fellow member or so whom history makes it unnecessary to name. Fights are often won by unions, but true and equal justice rarely. "The object of a trades-union," to quote from our Répétition Générale, "is, according to the young college professors who write for the uplift weeklies, to protect its members against the inordinate demands and tyrannies of organized capital. This is bosh. The sole object of a trades-union is to protect its members against the righteous wrath of a swindled and outraged public. A union workman is simply one who is entitled to his pay no matter how badly he does his work. He may botch it, he may skimp it, he may neglect it altogether-but still he must be paid in full. If he is penalized for his incompetence and dishonesty, if the money that he has not earned is withheld from him, then all the other incompetents in his union join him in a strike, and drag the few competents with them. This is the only genuine purpose of unionism—to protect the bad workman, to make him as secure as the good workman, to rob the employer of his just dues. No union in history has ever expelled a single workman on the ground that he was a shirker and a fraud. But every union, at one time or another, has called a strike to protect the shirker and the fraud-to make his job secure, to prevent whoever has to pay him from forcing honest work out of him. . . . What have the unions ever done to keep the raisins in their vast pound-cakes of incompetence, backsliding and tyranny? When will they step penalizing honest and competent workmen and begin penalizing loafers and fakers?"

Any union of persons engaged in the

arts, however lowly the art in which they are engaged, provides an especial trouser for the slapstick. An actors' union, a producers' union, a writers' union-each is meat for the seltzer squirter. Take my own case, for instance. For many years I have paid dues to a writers' union—The Authors' League of America, as it is called. I have never attended a meeting; I have never cast a vote nor sat in at a conference; yet I have remained a member and sent in my annual cheque out of sheer curiosity to see just what an Authors' Union meant or didn't mean, did do or didn't do. What it is going to mean and what it is going to do, I don't know. But what it has meant and has done thus far I in a measure do know. I do not follow this writers' union's activities very closely—I am too busy writing—but, from what I have observed, its leading gestures during the years that I have belonged to it would seem to have consisted chiefly in giving a one dollar banquet at Sherry's for six dollars, in warning its members not to have any dealings with some book agent in Maryland about whom no one had even so much as heard, in trying to make the theatrical managers assign to the playwrights all moving picture rights (plainly an unfair demand and one that no equable writer would ask of his producer), in trying to get a few reluctant dollars out of Pearson's Magazine for one of its members, in arguing that plot is more important than style, and in attempting to draw up a uniform contract with publishers that would make a member like myself, for instance, get just as much out of the publisher as a member like George Ade who deserves five times as much.

I have been writing and publishing for almost sixteen years. No magazine editor, no publisher, no moving picture company, no theatrical manager (I wrote a one-act play once), has ever swindled me. I have always been treated politely; I have always been paid what was due me; sometimes I have been paid considerably more

than was soundly due me. On one occasion a publisher delayed paying me my royalties, but even before I thought of the matter, he wrote me a letter telling me that he was temporarily hard up and would pay me immediately he got on his feet again. He did, in full, and with an accompanying letter so thoroughly decent that it is one of the very few I have ever saved. I am the co-editor of a monthly magazine. In the five years I have occupied the position, out of more than three thousand writers with whom the magazine has had dealings only one has alleged that I treated him unfairly. He spoke the truth. He was a shirker, a botcher, a nuisance-and I could get rid of him in no other way. The man who can do his work, I have found, is always treated fairly, always well. The man who can't, joins unions. And this is why I side with the managers, for all their current idiotic protective association, or union, against the actors. For the managers' union would never have been had the actors' union not made it necessary. It is less a union than a union against a union. The manufacturers of rope have merely banded themselves together against the lynch-

II

A decade and one half ago I entered upon my professional attendance upon the American theater. I began, of course, like all young men fresh from the university, with an eye suspiciously narrowed at the managers. Had I not read countless articles attesting to the dire ruin wrought by the Syndicate? Had I not read with sophomoric ire how poor Mrs. Fiske had been compelled to play Ibsen in a mule stable in Peoria, and how poor Mr. Belasco had been driven to produce one of his famous art works in a converted privy in Berea, Ohio? And had I not seen in Life countless pictures of long-nosed Jews, bristling with diamonds, choking fair virgins labelled Drama and Art? But as the years slowly rolled along, and as poor abused Mrs. Fiske began again

with obvious relish to break spaghetti with the Frohmans and as poor abused Mr. Belasco began again with no less patent zest and appetite to share Klaw and Erlanger's lavish chow, I began to experience doubts and look around a bit. Something must be wrong somewhere. Mrs. Fiske was no fool; Mr. Belasco was no fool. And, looking around a bit, I came to the reluctant conclusion that, for all the cruel episode of the Peoria mule villa and the even more cruel episode of the converted Berea unmentionable, these men who were managing the affairs of the American theater—though their faces were none too lovely nor their noses too Grecian—must be doing the job at least better than anyone else at the time could do it. Though their tactics were Prussian, they were yet getting the theater somewhere, somewhere off the jerkwater line of impracticable sentimentality on which it had until then, freight-car like, been shunted-somewhere nearer the destination where in the days to come other managers than they, and other producers than they, might take it over, and make it finer, and bring it to a more beautiful flower. These men, though some of them were uncouth and some not gracious of manner, were yet the pioneers of the American theater of today, the theater that was nursed and spanked, financed and browbeaten, loved and hated maybe, by parents who, however like stepparents, were its parents still. And it was they who made it ready—a healthy and eager adolescent-for the finer love, the finer understanding, and the finer ideals of the newer and younger American producers of today.

Erlanger, for all the brazen way in which he did it, and for all the brazen manner in which he went about it, has done more for the American theater as a sound institution than any five Augustin Dalys or any five thousand members of the Actors' Equity Association. (The Moliéres must have their Louis, the Alexeieffs their Nyemirovitch-Dantchenkos, even the Washington Square Players their Otto

Kahns.) And the Shuberts, by fighting Erlanger, beating him and rectifying his blunders, have done still more. All the actors in America since 1850 have done not one-tenth for the American theater that Charles Frohman did. and not one-fiftieth what young Hopkins has done. With a few exceptions like Faversham, Ditrichstein, Daly, et al., who are themselves partly managers, the average actor who makes demands of a manager (also with a few exceptions) occupies a position analogous to the monkey who makes demands of the organ grinder. The demands may be just, but they are

not particularly intelligible.

In the same decade and one half that I have been giving the Chinese eye to the work of the managers, I have also been giving the eye to the actors. For every actor who has given evidence of competence and resolve, for every actor who has given evidence that the honour of his profession and of his craft was close to his heart and to his conscience, I have seen a hundreds actors who gave no evidence of knowing even the essentials of their trade, a hundred the goal of whose art was a big salary, a full-page photograph in the Sunday supplement of the Morning Telegraph and a good notice from the late Acton Davies or the later The average actor, as I Alan Dale. have observed him over slightly more than fifteen years of professional theatergoing, is, my friends, a joke. To demand commercial justice for such a serio-comic—the demand of the Actors' Equity Association-is to demand an eternal commercial justice alike for the man who is worth his pay and the man who isn't. In these pages last month I made the mistake of quoting the actors' union's claim to be for a maximum of two weeks of free rehearsal. I am given to understand that the maximum is set at double that number of weeks. This, on the actors' part, is more than fair, i. e., if they who advance the maximum are actors. A competent actor, I believe, should be paid not after two weeks of rehearsals, nor after four weeks of rehearsals, but from the very first day that a play is put into rehearsal. An incompetent actor, I also believe, should not receive a cent until the play opens, whether he has had to rehearse two weeks, or four weeks, or four years. If the Actors' Equity Association will thus separate the thoroughbreds from the plugs, I shall transfer to it a large measure of my sympathy for the managers and, if called upon, will volunteer to appear at its benefit performances and, assisted by Mencken do gratis, with Huneker at the piano, our celebrated and very trig clog. But so long as the Actors' Equity Association, a union of unsuccessful business men, seeks under cover of high-sounding but perfectly empty art whiffle to get the better of the Producing Managers' Association, a union of successful business men who in the mass make no pretence to art but confine themselves strictly to business, my sympathy will remain with the The leaders and chief managers. spokesmen of the Actors' Equity Association are (1) a third-rate music show clown, (2) a third-rate actor of second-rate straight roles, and (3) a performer the bulk of whose more recent professional activity has been devoted to playing minor roles in Rialtomade greenhorn-grabbers. The leaders and chief spokesmen of the Producing Managers' Association, on the other hand, are (1) David Belasco who, for all his droll Broadway Athenianism, has yet done some fine things splendidly and beautifully; (2) Arthur Hopkins, who has done more for a newer and better American stage than any one else in America; and (3) George M. Cohan, who has not only on occasion given Hopkins the money to carry on his work; who, whatever the altitude of his own artistic aims, has always worked unfailingly for artistic aims of others; and who himself, by making the theater popular, has given it an added vitality and an added good

As between such camps I stand with the latter. And this is where every

critic of the theater should stand. The question is not one of dramatic art. but of dramatic finance. And fair finance and incompetent labor should not go together. That they do in the United States, all too commonly, doesn't mean that it is right that they should. The just cause of one good actor does not make just the unjust cause of two bad actors. If the actors get together, good and bad alike, and strike for good plays, I'll be with them. If they get together and strike for competent direction, I'll be with them. If they get together and strike for any single thing that will better the American theater, I'll be with them. But when, as now, they get together, good and bad alike, and strike for money that they do not, in nine cases out of ten, deserve; when, as now, they shoddily enlist on their side cause also to strike a union of stagehands who regard the setting of the scenes of a production like "Chu Chin Chow" a herculean feat and have to be given bonuses by the producer if they contrive to get through the première without botching things; when, as now, they further cheapen themselves by dragging after them the union of fifthrate fiddlers and flute tooters who pass for musicians—when they do these things I have the same contempt for them that I should have for the managers were they to strike against the actors and ally on their side the same forces.

The actor, lifted by these very managers from the clerk salaries of Stetson's and Daly's day to the railroad president salaries of this day, has been ruined by money. Instead of giving him more money, the manager with the best interests of the theater at heart should see that he gets less. In other days the actor, paid a fair wage, devoted himself to his art and made something of himself. Today, paid out of all proportion to his worth, he joins clubs, buys himself a purple automobile, gets up dances at the Ritz, lives on Long Island and looks on his acting as a mere means of keeping rich without working. The time that an actor of yesterday devoted to study, the overpaid actor of today devotes to spending his surplus funds. The only first-rate acting in the American theater of the present day is the acting that has come down to it, over the bridge of the years, from the underpaid stock companies.

As I have said before, the whole matter will certainly long have been settled by the time this gets into print. Even as I write, there are harbingers of peace. But whichever side wins, the actors will have been in the wrong. An artist never strikes. He leaves such things to plumbers and street-

sweeps.

III

More and more there becomes impressed upon the professional observer of the American theater the glum fact that feminine beauty, once its proudest challenge, seems presently almost completely to have departed its stage. In the last five or six years the American dramatic stage, quondam purchase of Ethel Barrymores not yet grown fat and of Marie Doros not yet fingered by Time, has revealed but one or two young women upon whose faces the connoisseur might look without fear of æsthetic razzle-dazzle. And in the same period the American music show stage, erstwhile roost of sundry bijoux, has vouchsafed at the very most not more than two young women of a comeliness above the shop-girl average. The balance, on both stages, has with small exception offered up a parade of pie-faces unparalleled this side of Madrid.

What has become of the stage pretty woman? Where are the modern Gladys Wallises and Sandol Millikens, the present 'day Edna Wallaces and Mabel Carriers? Where the new Julia Marlowes of twenty-one, and the new Madeline Besleys and Vashti Earles and, as I say, the Ethel Barrymores before they become Gothic? In the moving pictures? I doubt it.

There are one or two young women in that outhouse of the arts who merit a second look, but the vast majority therein, as upon the stage, are either granted hatchet-mugs or sedulously curl-papered and thumb-sucking lassies of forty.

The Ziegfeld "Follies," once rich in passable women, has lately disclosed nothing greatly superior to the girls in the Hofbräuhaus hat-check room. The dramatic stage, once adorned by young Pauline Fredericks and Elsie Fergusons, has lately, with the minor exceptions noted, revealed nothing more beautiful than may be found behind Macy counters. There is visible on both stages a certain amount of brash, common beauty-the sort of beauty that one gets in modistes' models—but scarcely a trace of the beauty that appeals to the species of man who does not drink his whiskey straight.

IV

The stark poverty of American comedy is emphasized no more clearly -and pitiably-than in the continued veneration at this late day of what is commonly described as "probably the finest of native comedies," to wit, "The Truth" of Clyde Fitch. Truth" is an amusing little play; it has a half dozen fairly witty lines; it touches off a character now and again with a flash of mild penetration; but it is at best a third-rate performance third-rate, that is, if one employs upon it any standard of criticism that approaches, however remotely, to punctilio. And yet, mediocre though it is, the fact remains that this play of Fitch's is actually—by the terms of a sorry comparison—one of the best of American comedies.

One reason for this comic poverty is to be found in the circumstance that, in fourteen instances out of every fifteen, a comedy written by an American playwright reflects less the latter's observation of American life, modes and manners than his observation of some previous American playwright's observation of American life, modes and manners. The result is a sequence of comedies that are merely so many showshop cut-outs, things of the stage stagey with little more relation to life than an equal number of horsehair bustles. It is not uncommon for an American to hoist his first act curtain upon a first-rate comic theme; it is more than merely uncommon for an American to drop his first act curtain with that first-rate comic theme not already gone the way of the stage rubber-stamp.

The writing of high comedy calls for sophistication, breeding, education, polish. Without these qualities the writer who valianty essays high comedy is on a plane with the toreador who swaggers into the bull-ring with a penknife. A bounder may write good melodrama, sometimes even good drama, but he may no more hope to write good high comedy than he may hope to kiss the Queen of England.

V

In the welter of the schoolboy bibblebabble on the theater that passes current in the New York newspapers for dramatic criticism, it is pleasant to notice the Tribune's employment of a man who shows certain signs of poise and-what is more-the Tribune's evident decision to allow this man to write fairly and honestly without interfer-Mr. Heywood Broun has a style that is still crude-his words do not always obey the whip of his willand his ideas are not yet thoroughly disciplined, but he has in the main a sound point of view, a more or less sound judicial sense, and an obvious desire to set down his findings without equivocation. Surely when such a journalistic writer on the emerges, it is the duty of other writers on the theater to pause a moment in their labours and say a good word for

Novels for Indian Summer

By H. L. Mencken

Ι

HE best of them, and by long odds, is "The Moon and Sixpence," by W. Somerset Maugham (Doran), an absurdly vague and vapid title for an extremely sound piece of work. This Maugham, half a dozen years ago, was well-known as a writer of bad comedies of the lighter, smarter variety, by Oscar Wilde out of the Tom Robertson tradition—the sort of thing that John Drew used to dolabored epigrams strung upon a thread of drawing-room adultery. In the intervals between them he wrote thirdrate novels: "The Explorers," "The Magician," and others, all now for-One day, entirely without warning, he gave London a surprise by publishing a story of a quite different kind, to wit, "Human Bondage," an interminably long, solemn and inchoate but nevertheless curiously sagacious and fascinating composition-very un-English in its general structure, almost Russian in some of its details. This book came to me for review, but when I observed its count of pages I quietly dropped it behind the piano. Two or three years later a woman of sound taste in fiction advised me to unearth it and read it, and I made a futile search for it. Another year passed and a second woman began talking it up. Having been long convinced that women are much better judges of novels than men-who ever heard of a woman who read detective stories?—I now got hold of the book and read it, an enterprise absorbing the leisure of a whole week. I left it very much impressed. The story was too garrulous;

it often threatened to get beyond the author; it was, in more than one place, distressingly young; but all the same there was a fine earnestness in it, and a great deal of careful observation, and some passages of capital writing. The Maugham of the shallow comedies for West End theaters was nowhere visible. This Maugham of "Human Bondage" was a man who was trying very hard to present his characters honestly, and to get beneath their skins, and to put behind them a living and recognizable background, and what is more, he was, in chapter after chapter, coming pleasantly close to success. In brief, a very unusual book—something worthy of being mentioned in the same breath with such things as Walpole's "The Gods and Mr. Perrin," George's "The Making of an Englishman," Bennett's "Whom God Hath Joined," and Wells' "Ann Veronica."

Now, in "The Moon and Sixpence," Maugham takes another leap forward. That leap is from the uncertainty of the neophyte to the sureness of the accomplished craftsman, from unsteady experimentation to fluent and easy technic. It is, indeed, an astonishing progress; I know of no other case that quite parallels it. The book, if it were hollow as a jug otherwise, would still be remarkable as a sheer piece of writing. It has good design; it moves and breathes; it has a fine manner; it is packed with artful and effective phrases. But better than all this, it is a book which tackles head-on one of the hardest problems that the practical novelist ever has to deal with, and which solves it in a way that is both

sure-handed and brilliant. This is the problem of putting a man of genius into a story in such fashion that he will seem real-in such fashion that the miracle of him will not blow up the plausibility of him. Scores of novelists have tried to solve it, and failed. Every publishing season sees half a dozen new tales with Nietzsche, or Chopin, or Bonaparte, or Wagner for hero-and half a dozen creaking marionettes, no more real than your aunt's false teeth. But Maugham, with his painting genius, his Kensington Gauguin, somehow achieves the impossible. One gets the unmistakable feeling that the fellow is extraordinary not merely odd, but of genuinely superior quality—and yet there is nothing operatic and fabulous about him; he remains an authentic man in the midst of all his gaudiest doings. It is a novelistic feat of a high order, and, as Woodrow says, I should be lacking in perfect frankness if I did not admit that I have been a good deal surprised by Maugham's performance of it. It is as if John Philip Sousa should suddenly spit on his hands and write a first-rate symphony. It is almost as if a Congressman should suddenly become honest, self-respecting, courageous and intelligent.

Naturally, the thing is done very simply. Maugham's success, in fact, lies a good deal less in what he positively does than in what he discreetly leaves undone. He gets the colors of life into his Charles Strickland, not by playing a powerful beam of light upon him, but by leaving him a bit out of focus—by constantly insisting, in the midst of every discussion of him, upon his pervasive mystery-in brief, by craftily making him appear, not as a commonplace, simple and completely understandable man, but as the half comprehended enigma that every genuine man of genius seems to all of us when we meet him in real life. average novelist, grappling with such a hero, always makes the fatal error of trying to account for him wholly-- of reducing him to a composite of

fictional rubber-stamps. Thus he inevitably takes on commonness, and in proportion as he is clearly drawn he loses plausibility as a man of genius. Maugham falls into no such blunder. Of Strickland, the unit of human society—the Strickland who eats, sleeps, travels about, reads the newspapers, changes his shirt, has his shoes polished, dodges automobiles and goes to business every morning like the rest of us—we get a portrait that is careful, logical and meticulous-in brief, that is brilliantly life-like. But of the vaster, darker Strickland who is a man of genius—the Strickland who deserts his family to go to Paris to paint, and there plods his way to extraordinary achievement, and then throws away his life in the South Seas-of this Strickland we see only an image made up of sudden and brief points of light, like flashes of Summer lightning below the horizon. He is, in one aspect, made convincingly vivid; he is, in the other, left in the shadow of mystery. That is precisely how we all see a man of genius in real life; he is half plain John Smith and half inscrutable mon-It remained for Maugham to get the thing into a novel. If there were no other merit in his book, it would stand out from the general for that unusually deft and effective character sketch.

As for the machinery of the effect, part of it is borrowed from Joseph Conrad, to wit, the device of presenting the story through the medium of an onlooker, himself fascinated and daunted by the enigma of it. This device, of course, was not invented by Conrad, but it seems to me that he has employed it to better purpose than any other novelist writing in English. Consider, for example, how magnificently it is used in "Typhoon," in "Lord Jim" and in "Heart of Darkness." These stories, straightforwardly told, would still be stories of very high quality, but I believe that a good deal of their present strange flavor would be gone; they would cease to suggest the sinister and inexplicable. There appears

to be a theory among novelists that the precisely contrary method is the more convincing-that the way to write a tale that will carry the air of reality is to do it in the autobiographical form. But that is surely not true. When he adopts the autobiographical form the novelist is compelled to account for his protagonist completely; he must attain to realism by pretending to omniscience. That pretension has brought many an otherwise sound novel to disaster. I am almost convinced that it would have brought even "Lord Jim" into difficulties. What holds our interest in Jim to the last, and leaves us with a memory of him that glows for long days, is the dark wonder of him. We learn enough about him to see him clearly, but we never quite penetrate his soul—we are never quite certain about the interplay of motives that brings him to his romantic catastrophe. Take away the droning Marlow, and he would come too close to the camera. Thus there lies, beyond the crude realism of white light, the finer, softer realism of delicately managed shadows. More than half the charm of Conrad, I daresay, is due to his superb capacity for managing At the end of every one of his incomparable tales there is a questionmark. He leaves us to answer as we will, each according to the light within. . . . I think that Maugham, borrowing that device, has employed it with noteworthy success. He is, God knows, no Conrad, but he has written a very excellent novel, and in it there is plenty of evidence that its quality is no mere accident, but the product of very deliberate and intelligent effort.

II

ANOTHER English novelist who leans upon the great Pole is V. Sackville West, possibly a woman. His (or her) story is called "Heritage" (Doran), and is, in essence, a study in atavism. The Pennistans, sober Kent farmers, had a grandsire who, on a visit to Spain as a roving captain of dragoons, far back in the 30's, married

a Spanish dancing girl. The old man is long dead, but as the story opens his widow survives as an incredibly ancient and silent crone. What we have before us is the flaring up of this centenarian's Latin blood in her greatgrandchildren, and particularly in Ruth Pennistan. It is a tale adroitly managed and well worth the reading. Ruth is a sort of ambulent race war. On the one side range her countless generations of Kentish peasant forebears -stupid, unimaginative, contented. On the other side is that ghostly dancing girl, and beyond her an unknown procession of Spanish, and perhaps also of Byzantine and Moorish adventurers. In the end, the South overthrows the North, and Ruth plunges into melodrama that startles sober Kent like a sudden apparition of camels. say, the author leans upon Conrad. Nay, it is more than leaning; it is the sort of discipleship that craves iden-Whole passages suggest the actual Conrad books, particularly "Amy Foster" and "The Inn of the Two Witches." There is much philosophizing, generally agnostic. Marlow has his counterpart in one Malory, a palpable shadow, even in the name. Well, why not? A novelist who starts off by imitating Joseph Conrad is at least one whose instinct leads him away from the usual banalities. Most of them, in England, seem to be imitating H. G. Wells, and, in America, Robert W. Chambers. Conrad is, at all events, a nobler model than these. He shines there in the dark like some remote and desolate beacon, singular, mysterious and perhaps essential unapproachable. But it is something to make the attempt upon him; it is something to aspire to such a goal. This V. Sackville West, whether man or woman, does not aspire wholly in vain. His (or her) book is no masterpiece, but the ideas that enter into it are plausibly maintained, and its people are alive, and the writing is done with a good deal of skill, and somehow or other the breath of true romance gets into it. . . .

The other English novels of are less interesting. the moment "The Querrils," by Stacy Aumonier (Century), starts off capitally, soon runs aground on theories. chief of these theories seems to be this: that the institution of the family, like that of the state, tends to impede the self-expression of the individual and is thus fatal to the development of resourcefulness and originality. But what the actual story has to do with it I can't quite make out. Young Peter Querril comes to grief with the slumbred Emma Troom, not because the Querrils all defer to one another, but simply and solely because he is a normal young man of twenty, and Emma is a designing minx who makes up her mind to betray him. I incline to the notion that the most bellicose of individualists, exposed to the same black arts, would have succumbed in precisely the same way. But the author's theories, after all, do not spoil the first half of his story. That half shows the best work that he has done so far; he is not yet a journeyman novelist, but he is beginning to learn the craft. "Mary Olivier," by May Sinclair (Macmillan), I have been unable to read to the end. When one first meets the heroine she is an infant at the breast; thereafter she moves, through chapters grandly labelled "Childhood," "Adolescence" and "Maturity," to the safe waters of middle age. A book probably full of sly, feminine sagacity, but to me, at least, very dull-as all of Miss Sinclair's books have been of late years. The doctrine that she is a novelist of high gifts is one that I have never been able to subscribe to. The American, Willa Sibert Cather, is enormously more competent.

Nor can I discern any reason why such an obvious second-rater as Frank Swinnerton should be dignified with a Collected American Edition (*Doran*). This Swinnerton, in "Nocturne," wrote an excellent story, but the rest of his novels seldom rise above a respectable mediocrity, and some of them, for example, "Shops and

Houses," are downright bad. For the Collected Edition of Leonard Merrick (Dutton) there is some excuse, for Merrick is an original fellow, and though most of his books are fragile are nevertheless thoroughly But Swinnerton, in the charming. main, lacks even charm; he is simply commonplace. There are, in fact, at least a dozen American novelists who better deserve the dignity of uniform bindings and the crying up that goes therewith. . . . "The Lion's Mouse," by C. N. and A. M. Williamson (Doubleday), is a labored piece of trade goods. "Mummery," by Gilbert Cannan (Doran), is a readable but essentially hollow tale of the stage, with a hero plainly suggested by the late Hubert Bierbaum, alias Sir Herbert Beerbohm-Tree. "The Street of Adventure," by Philip Gibbs (Dutton), is a tale of journalism in London in the days before the war. "Deep Waters," by W. W. Jacobs (Scribner), is a new collection of the author's farces of the high seas and docks, with a few miscellaneous pieces interspersed. "Mr. Standfast," by John Buchan (Doran), is a preposterous spy story. "A London Lot," by A. Neil Lyons (Lane), is a war story with comedy—a novelization of a play lately done in London. Finally, there is "My Little Bit," by Marie Corelli (Doran), not a novel but a collection of essays in the author's best marshmallow manner. is a tall and stately book. I advise you to buy it for your pastor.

TIT

But I forget: one far better volume out of England remains. It is "The Old Card," by Roland Pertwee (Boni-Liveright), a loose and garrulous tale in the sentimental manner, all about the gradual decay of an old-time ham actor. His name is Eliphalet Cardomay and for years he has been a favorite in the English provinces, but now the cold hand of change is upon him. On the one hand, his audiences tire of his ancient melodramas and his archaic ranting, and on the other hand they

begin to be intrigued by the movies. As I say, Mr. Pertwee tells the story sentimentally; old Cardomay, toward the end, takes on an almost Dickensian mushiness. Nevertheless, I confess that I have got through the book without pain. Perhaps its charm is the eternal charm of the mime-the last, lorn survivor, in a world of merciless regimentation, of the picturesque medieval vagabond. Men of all other trades contemplate the actor with lifted eye-brow and superior snort; I myself, casting about for chances to prove my own lofty quality, have had at him many a time, hissing at him and mocking him. But on blue days it often occurs to me that nine-tenths of this unanimous masculine scorn is buncombe-that other men dislike actors, not because they are intrinsically disgusting, but because women like them-in brief, because of jealousy. For women do like them; it would be silly to deny it; not even aviators are such heroes at tea-parties; a women's club favored with a lecture on Shakespeare by Lionel Balderdash turns out to the last flapper and grandma.

Well, what is the attraction? An actor is empty of ideas; he is bombastic; he is ignorant; he is lazy; he is got up absurdly; he has the manners of a floor-walker, a head-waiter or a fashionable gynecologist. And yet the gals indubitably incline toward him. No doubt the answer, like most answers to human riddles, is very complex; one cannot hope to put it into a sentence. Part of it, I fancy, is to be found in this fact: that the actor is free from the smell of commerce and vet shows none of the social detachment that goes with the authentic professions. The average American woman is tired of business men and their ways. Her husband is typically a business man; his friends are business men; most of the men she meets are business men. She knows, by long experience, what oafs they are; she knows that they are as hollow as so many jugs; she revolts against their

naive stupidity and sentimentality. But when she turns to superior classes of men she immediately misses something. These men are quite as intelligent as she is, and hence do not take her seriously; her whole technique thus goes to pieces. Here the actor, like the clergyman, comes to the bat. Putatively a professional manthe cabotins, during their late strike, announced grandly that they were "brain-workers"—and showing the outward signs of a professional man, he is yet as simple-minded at bottom as a cheese-monger. Thus, when he turns his blather upon a woman, he gives her the illusion that she is beset by a man who is at once intellectual and idiotic, her full equal and her abject slave-in brief, by the ideal of her dreams. And to help out this benign hallucination there is the actor's elaborately urgent, creamy, unctuous and flattering manner—a thing as much a part of his stock in trade as his shaven upper lip, his broad a or the perfect

hang of his pantaloons.

I was once well acquainted with an eminent American statesman, a man constantly in the newspapers, who had under his fatherly protection a young woman of the stage. One day, through the medium of reliable agents, he took her in flagrante delicto with a stock company actor—an obscure and preposterous mummer of the eighth class. The average man, in such a situation, would have given way to wrath, but my friend was beyond all the puerile indignations of life, and so he sent for the girl and tried to get at the reasons for her aberration. What he said to her was about as follows: "Your conduct frankly puzzles me. Here am I, a first-rate man, and there is that actor, a poor ham. Even my worst enemy would admit that I am a better man than he is. I have more money, I am handsomer, I know more, what I say is better worth hearing; moreover, I am a public character, and my notice should flatter you. throw me over for that humble and almost anonymous mountebank.

me why." Falling into his judicial mood, she replied: "Senator, it's very simple. I admire you awfully and I don't love this Montague at all. But the trouble is, you are busy and ain't often around. Say it's raining some afternoon and I feel like dying. Well, here comes Monty with a couple of dahlias for me, and he says: 'Dear, I never saw you looking better.' Or maybe I come off the stage after a hard scene. Well, there he is in the wings, and he says: 'Dear, you were splendid tonight. I never saw you do better. I hear that Frohman's bookkeeper is out front. You made him cry.' And so it goes. An actor knows how to talk to a girl. Put beside you he may be a bum—but he is there with

the blarney." This speech, here crudely summarized, made such an impression on my friend that he forgave the lady instantly, promised to bear her in mind and actually did so to good purpose; she is now, in fact, a popular star. When he told me the story we were both in the company of a theatrical manager. The manager said: "The girl forgot something. Before I tell you what it is, let me ask you a question. what time of the day do men and women begin to meet socially? Is it in the morning? No; nearly all men are too busy. Is it in the early afternoon? No, for the same reason. Social relaxation begins, in Christendom, at about five o'clock. Well, now consider an actor's day. Say there is no matinée. He gets up at 2 P.M., eats breakfast, reads the Morning Telegraph for an hour, bathes, shaves, spends a half hour selecting his cravat and walking-stick, and then goes out. Consider, now, his advantage when he encounters women. He has just shaved. All other men have been shaved eight or nine hours before. They are beginning to look scrubby and dirty. But the actor is as spick and span as a hard-boiled egg. that is one of the things that fetch women. They like a man who has got brains. They like a man who is cour-

ageous. They like to be noticed by a man who is prominent. But most of all they like a man who has just come out of a barber-shop. There is your

whole story." . . .

But all this, of course, belongs to psychology rather than to belles lettres. What I started out to say is that Mr. Pertwee's story, despite its almost maudlin sentiment, is somehow amusing and charming. The sort of actor he depicts is genuinely disappearing and is hence genuinely pathetic. In a few more years, I daresay, the breed will be played out, at all events in America. The mime of tomorrow will have no contact whatever with the Anglo-Saxon tradition; he will be no more the heir of Burbage, Condell and Heming than Lord Reading, say, is the heir of Sir Edward Coke. Already, indeed, the American stage is invaded by swarms of Bœotians, and each year sees a larger proportion of Russian, Italian, German, Czecho-Slovak, Esthonian, Lettish and Ashkenazim names on the theater-fronts of Broadway. The number would be still larger if it were not for the use of mellifluous stage names. Pass an act requiring every trouper to use his or her actual patronymic, and the sky between the Casino and the Circle would blaze with such fantastic appellations as Schlachtfeld, Gaspari, Rabinovitch, Gorgonzola, Eisfeldt, Pfannenbecker and Bierbauer. Our stage rapidly sloughs off the Booth tradition and takes on the Continental. In a few years, perhaps, the actors will be forming soviets.

IV

THE American novels that Tave reached me are quite as bad as the worst English. "Cake Upon the Waters," by Zoë Akins (Century), is a sort of Ladies' Home Journal novelette by the author of "Papa." It is as Mrs. Wharton should abandon novel-writing and take to composing editorials for the Evening Telegram. "Burned Bridges," by Bertrand, W. Sinclair (Little-Brown), "The Owner

of the Lazy D," by William P. White (Little-Brown), and "The Lady of the Crossing," by Frederick Niven (Doran) are tales of the wild, wild West. "Singing Mountains," by A. B. Cunningham (Doran), deals with the peasants of the West Virginia hinter-"The Betrayer," by Hamilton Drummond (Dutton), is a competent but archaic historical tale; time: the "Their Mutual thirteenth century. Child," by Pelham Grenville Wodehouse (Boni-Liveright), pokes belated fun at the extinct quackery of eugenics. "Yellow Men Sleep," by Jeremy Lane (Century) is a thriller that needs but a few changes to become a burlesque. "Mist of Morning," by Isabel Ecclestone Mackay (Doran), and "The Man With the Lamp," by Janet Laing (Dutton), I have been unable to read further than the first few chapters, and so I can't tell you what is in them.

This brings me to "Peter Middleton," by Henry K. Marks (Badger), a novel lately plastered with lavish praise: certain enthusiastic reviewers, indeed, even compare it to the best work of Dreiser. In this judgment I find nothing save a lamentable scattering of the faculties. As a matter of fact, the story is commonplace in theme, wooden in characterization and extremely amateurish in style. attracted attention to it, I daresay, is the fact that it is by a medical man and has a hero who suffers from what the newspapers, in their delicate way, usually speak of as "a social disease." In plain medical dog Latin, he is luetic. Thus he falls in with the current movement, for the heroic efforts of the Public Health Service, the smutsnouting vice societies and other such moral agencies have focused a morbid and shuddering interest upon his malady, and one hears far more talk of Wassermann reactions at dinner-parties, even from flappers, than of Aristotle, cookery, or pure and aseptic love. This idiot acquires the infection from a Broadway houri, transmits it to a minor actress, marries later on and

contaminates his wife (she is his second: he engaged the houri in order to give the first one grounds for a divorce), becomes the father of a child that dies almost immediately, and finally throws himself under a motortruck in order to escape his spirochaetae and his conscience. I might go into even more sickening details. It is the present custom. All the women's magazines devote themselves to the fascinating subject. One is assaulted with it by placards in the pocket-flask rooms of Pullman cars. Even the newspapers, in their sly and filthy way, toy with it. But I content myself with a few broad hints.

So far, so good. The man is syphilitic, and hence, by the prevailing standards, interesting. But Dr. Marks falls into the grievous fault of also making him an imbecile. What follows is that, at the times he should be most loftily tragic, he is merely disgusting. For a first-rate man to be preyed upon by such spirillae, or even a second-rate or a third-rate man-this would be genuinely pathetic. One would see him first in the flush of his high-and-mightiness, and then in the touching helplessness of his fall; it would be dramatic; it would be a catastrophe. But such an ass as Peter Middleton, with his puling incompetence and incredible stupidity, is never far enough up the scale of brute creation to fall effectively. It rather surprises one to discover that his affliction is not congenital, but acquired. it gives one no pain to observe his decay and collapse. It seems, in fact, right and proper that such diseases should exist for the extermination of abominable ninnies. If they were not already flourishing, publicspirited pathologists would address themselves to inventing them. . . . Thus the book leaves me with an evil It is infinitely serious and infinitely tedious. The author cannot imagine plausible characters, he cannot manage convincing situations, and he doesn't know how to write. . . .



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